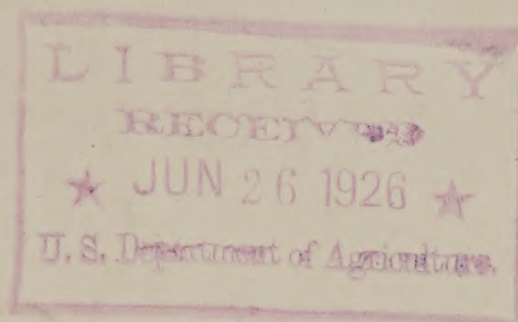


63.9
Australia
1926

1926

Established 1893

PLANT CATALOG



DELPHINIUM HYBRIDS

Illustrating the wonderful varieties contained in our celebrated strain of these hardy plants

See Page 30

Phone F 5270

R. W. HODGINS & SON
Victoria Nursery
ESSENDON, VICTORIA

Victoria Nursery, Moreland Road,

Essendon, Victoria (Near Melbourne)

Also at Greensborough

INTRODUCTORY REMARKS

WE again have pleasure in presenting to our Customers our New Catalog, and venture to hope that the enlarged and more up-to-date form in which it appears will meet with their approval and support.

OUR STOCKS are large and, we are glad to say, in fine condition, being clean and healthy. The Government Inspector has, as in the past, inspected our stocks and found them free from disease.

We have not included a special list of Novelties in this Catalog; every list contains its quota of New and Rare Plants, quite a number of which have not previously been offered to Australian Gardeners.

We tender our grateful thanks to all our former patrons, and shall hope to again have the pleasure of executing their orders, as always to the best of our ability.

We need hardly say the recommendations of customers to their friends are greatly appreciated, and it shall be our earnest endeavour to fully merit this honour.

THE NURSERY is open for inspection daily (Sunday's excepted) from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Saturdays Noon. Lovers of flowers are cordially invited to pay a visit.

We would advise Customers unacquainted with the named varieties of our various specialties, to leave the selection to us. This can be done with every confidence. Very liberal treatment is given in such cases.

We shall at all times be pleased to obtain for Customers plants which we do not ourselves grow. These shall be charged at current rates.

We have established a Branch Nursery at Greensborough for the growing of our large stocks of Roses, Gladioli, Fruit Trees, &c. The soil and conditions are ideal for the production of the best quality stock.

All Orders and Correspondence to Essendon.

R. W. HODGINS & SON

Telephone F. 5270.

This Price List Cancels all Previous Lists

HINTS TO THOSE ORDERING



Every Order should have distinctly written thereon the full name and address of the sender, together with advice as to the route by which goods should be sent.

Unknown correspondents are kindly requested to remit with their Orders or else name a Melbourne reference. We trust that correspondents with whom we have had no previous dealings will not consider that we are asking too much. We are anxious to do business, and when a satisfactory reference can be given, we do not ask for cash before the goods are delivered.

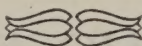
Payments may be made by Money Order (payable at Essendon) or by Crossed Cheque (exchange must be added to Country and Interstate Cheques). Small accounts may be paid by Postal Notes or Stamps. All Accounts are due nett within three months of date of Invoice.

All Orders are despatched as soon as possible, on receipt, and should any delay necessarily occur, Clients are advised at once. Promptness in the despatch of Orders is always observed.

Packing is carefully done, having regard to the distance sent, and is charged at cost price. An allowance of two-thirds is made for returned cases and packing if returned to Essendon Station sound and prepaid. Returned empties must be advised.

All goods are delivered free to Wharves, Railway Stations, or Carriers' Offices, after which our responsibility ceases, and goods travel at risk and expense of purchaser. We deliver free by motor weekly to all inner suburbs, and shall be pleased to make special arrangements for delivering large orders anywhere.

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Trees and Shrubs

A select list of the most suitable subjects for use as permanent Trees and Shrubs, both flowering and ornamental, for Victorian Gardens. The remarks, it must be understood, apply to local conditions, and can be varied to suit the climatic conditions of any particular district.

We have endeavoured to give, as far as possible, the correct season for the pruning of each genus. However, it must be understood that we do not advise the ruthless cutting of every plant at the time. In fact, we advise the exact opposite, for in our opinion the less this class of plant is cut the better.

All plants are grown in pots for planting at any time, with the exception of a few items mentioned as available only during the Winter months.

ABELIA.— China. Caprifoliaceae.
Hardy evergreen Shrub, of 3 to 4 feet, with attractive Bouvardia-like flowers in Summer. Thrives anywhere. Prune in early Spring.
uniflora—Pale pink 2/-

ABUTILON (Chinese Lantern).— Malvaceae.
Hardy rapid growing evergreen shrubs, of 4 to 6 feet, with large bell-shaped pendulous flowers. Some varieties have very attractive foliage. Cut back in early Spring.
Boule de Neige—Pure white 1/6
aureum, variegatum—Foliage spotted and splashed with golden yellow 1/6
Golden Fleece—Rich golden yellow 1/6
Sawitzii—Foliage variegated green and white; very effective . . 1/6
Thompsonii plenus—Double orange 1/6
vexillarium—Dwarf trailing variety. Flowers yellow and red . . 1/6

ACACIA (Native Wattle).— Leguminosae.
Attractive well-known evergreen shrubs and small trees of 4 to 20 feet, with handsome foliage and flowers. All Wattles should be pruned when necessary, soon after flowering.
Baileyana—"Cootamundra Wattle." Foliage glaucous, flowering in June, one of the first to open 1/6
dealbata—"Silver Wattle." Large growing variety, with silvery foliage and yellow flowers 1/6
decurrens—"Black Wattle." Large growing variety, with pale flowers. The bark of this variety is used largely for tanning . . 1/6
diffusa—"Pin Wattle." Dwarf spreading shrub of 3 to 4 feet, with primrose flowers 1/6
elata—"Pepper-tree Wattle." Large growing tree, with handsome foliage and pale flowers 1/6
elongata—"Long-podded Wattle." Tall growing shrub, with bright, attractive flowers 1/6
florabunda—"Many-flowered Wattle." A fine large growing shrub, with attractive foliage and flowers 1/6
Howittii—"Howitt's Wattle." Shrubby variety, with pale yellow flowers 1/6
Leprosa—"Hickory Wattle." A large growing shrub, of graceful weeping habit. Free flowering 1/6
longifolia—"Coast Wattle." A spreading shrub, very suitable for coastal planting 1/6
malanoxylon—"Blackwood Tree." Fine tree of 40 to 60 feet. Flowers pale yellow 1/6
myrtifolia—"Myrtle-leaved Wattle." A handsome small shrub, of 2 to 4 feet. Free flowering 1/6
normalis—"Queen Wattle." The most attractive of all, opening its rich golden blossom as the "Cootamundra" finishes. A tree of 15 to 20 feet 1/6
prominens—"Golden-rain Wattle." A large attractive shrub of 10 to 15 feet 1/6
pruinosa—"Mottle-stemmed Wattle." A large growing variety, of very rapid growth 1/6
pravissima—"Alpine Wattle." A large growing shrub of 10 to 12 feet 1/6
spectabilis—"Mudgee Wattle." A shrub of 8 to 10 feet; very bright golden flowers 1/6
podalyriaefolia—"Mount Morgan Wattle." A beautiful variety, with silvery foliage and bright golden flowers. Early flowering 1/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

cultriformis —"Knive-leaved Wattle." Dwarf shrubby variety, with bright orange yellow flowers	1/6
retinodes —"Ever-blooming Wattle." A shrub of 10 to 12 feet; produces its pale yellow flowers throughout the whole year .	1/6
pycnantha —"Golden Wattle." The well known variety, with large golden yellow flowers and leathery foliage. Grows best in poor, hungry soil	1/6
saligna —"Golden Wreath Wattle." Small tree, of 15 to 20 feet, with rich flowers, and attractive weeping habit	1/6
verniciflua —"Varnish Wattle." A large shrub, of about 10 feet, with attractive flowers	1/6

ACER (The Maple).—

Sapindaceae.

Vigorous, deciduous, large-growing shrubs and trees, all very suitable for cool mountainous districts, where the foliage assumes a brilliant color before falling in Autumn. The variegated varieties of *Negunda* are quite suitable for planting anywhere, the foliage standing the heat of Summer even in the most exposed positions.

campestre —The English Maple	3/6
saccharinum —Sugar Maple of America	3/6
Japonica (syn. polymorphum)—"Common Japanese Maple." Foliage green in Summer, turning in Autumn to rich crimson and bronze shades. Very hardy	1/6 & 2/6
rubrum —"Scarlet Maple." A beautiful Canadian species, reaching 20 feet. Flowers scarlet, produced in great profusion before the leaves appear. Foliage turns rich blood red in Autumn	3/6
pseudo-platanus —"Sycamore." Handsome tree of 30 feet or more; suitable for cool districts only	2/6
negundo —A fine tree of 20 feet or more, with large three-lobed leaves, turning yellow in Autumn	2/6
negundo argentea variegata —Clear white and green foliage. Large plants	5/-
platanoides —"Norway Maple." Large handsome foliage; one of the strongest growing varieties	3/6
platanoides Drummondii —A rare vigorous sort, with leaves largely bordered with white. Very effective	7/6
platanoides Schwedlerii —A fine Maple, foliage rich claret in Spring, changing to orange red in Autumn	7/6
palmatum atropurpureum —A fine shrubby variety, with deep maroon palmate foliage	3/6

ACMENA (see *Eugenia*).—

AGATHEA (Blue Marguerite).— South Africa. Compositae.

A neat, compact, evergreen shrub of 2 feet, producing throughout the year masses of small Marguerite-like flowers.

coelestus —Pale blue, with yellow disc	1/6
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AESCULUS (Chestnut).— Asia. Sapindaceae.

Deciduous tree of 30 feet or more, of great beauty, with large luxuriant foliage.

hippocastanum —"Horse Chestnut." Flowers white, produced in Spring in large panicles	2/6
---	-----

AGONIS (Willow or Peppermint Myrtle).— Myrtaceae.

Evergreen tree, of 30 feet or more, from Western Australia. Very suitable for hot dry districts. Its fine weeping habit is much admired, as also are the young leaves, which at first are tinged with crimson.

flexuosa —Flowers white; very hardy	2/-
--	-----

ALOYSIA, syn. *Lippia*, Lemon-scented Verbena. Chili. Verbenaceae.

Deciduous shrub, of 6 feet, with lemon-scented foliage. Should be pruned hard back in Winter.

citridora —Flowers pale purple	1/6
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MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

AMYGDALUS, Flowering Peaches and Almonds.

Rosaceae.

These deciduous flowering trees are amongst the most handsome in cultivation, and form quite a feature of some gardens in early Spring, when they are covered with masses of their various colored flowers. Should be pruned as soon as the flowers fall. If required as shrubs, they can be cut right back to the hard wood from which they will break freely. Plant during Winter months, or available for Summer planting in pots.

Davidiana—The red flowering Almond. A distinct variety, with narrow foliage; flowers rich red, opening earlier than any other variety 3/6

purpurea—An attractive peach, with deep purple foliage. Very effective, and quite equal to the purple Plums for coloring 2/6

persica, crimson—Rich double crimson 2/-

persica, pink—Bright double pink 2/-

persica, white—Pure double white 2/-

persica, white and pink—White flowers, splashed with pink. Double 2/-

persica, versicolor—Deep pink. This variety is immune from curled leaf in Spring 2/-

Pollardii, Flowering Almond—Large single rose pink flowers, opening early in August. Very attractive 2/-

Lady Lyle—Pale flesh pink, opening before Pollardii 2/-

ANDROMEDA, Syn. Pieris.— Japan.

Ericaceae.

A select dwarf evergreen, of 2 to 3 feet, thriving in cool moist spots, and under similar conditions as Azaleas and Rhododendrons. Flowers in pendulous sprays in early Spring.

japonica—Pure white 5/-

japonica variegata—Foliage variegated green and white. Flowers white 5/-

ANGOPHORA (Native Apple Myrtle).—

Myrtaceae.

Hardy evergreen tree, of 40 to 50 feet, of similar habit to a Eucalyptus, to which it is closely allied. Vigorous in all climates.

lanceolata—Flowers white 1/6

ARALIA (syn. Fatsia).—

Japan.

Araliaceae.

Large-leaved evergreen shrubs, of from 4 to 6 feet. Hardy in all situations. "Sieboldii" makes a fine pot plant when young.

papyrifera—Chinese rice-paper plant. Flowers white 1/6

Sieboldii, syn Japonica—Large glossy foliage. Flowers white, succeeded by black berries 1/6

ARBUTUS (Irish Tree Strawberry).—

Ericaceae.

A very hardy evergreen shrub, growing to 10 feet. Flowers in Spring, similar to Lily of Valley, which are followed by scarlet strawberry-like berries. Very handsome.

uneda—Flowers creamy white 2/-

AUCUBA, Japanese Laurel.—

Cornaceae.

Fine evergreen laurel-like shrubs, of 4 feet, suitable for cool, shady positions; also used as pot plants for ferneries.

japonica aurea variegata—Leaves spotted and blotched gold 2/6

japonica aurea marginata—Leaves broadly margined with gold, Very effective in Spring 2/6

AZARA.—

Chili.

Bixineae.

Evergreen hardy shrub, of 10 to 12 feet, with glossy fernlike foliage.

microphylla—Flowers greenish 2/-

BARLERIA.—

East Indies.

Acanthaceae.

Small evergreen shrub, of 3 feet, forming symmetrical bushes, covered with flowers throughout the Summer.

cristata—Rich blue 1/6

BENTHAMIA, syn. Cornus.—

Nepal.

Cornaceae.

A handsome flowering evergreen tree, reaching 20 feet, covered in Summer with a profusion of large flowers. In Autumn it is laden with scarlet fruit the size of, and resembling, large strawberries, which remain till Winter. Both for its flowers and fruit this is one of the most beautiful evergreens we have. A free grower and soon forms a fine tree.

fragifera—Flowers creamy-pink, 2 inches across 2/-

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

BECKIA.—

plicata (See *Micromyrtus microphylla*).

BERBERIS (The Barberry).—

Berberideae.

Very hardy, evergreen and deciduous shrubs, of 3 to 6 feet, with attractive flowers, and ornamental foliage. Some varieties are conspicuous on account of their fine Autumn tints and berries.

- aggregata*—Dwarf bushy habit; flowers yellow; coral-red berries in Autumn 2/-
- aquifolia*—Foliage holly-like, large and glossy green. Flowers golden yellow in Winter and early Spring 1/6
- brachypoda*—Vigorous variety, colouring well in Autumn. Yellow flowers followed by attractive berries 2/-
- Darwinii*—One of the best known evergreen shrubs, dark shining foliage, clustered with rich orange flowers in Spring . . . 1/6
- dulsiana*—Very vigorous in growth; yellow flowers, followed by bright berries 2/-
- Gilgiana*—Attractive foliage, turning crimson in Autumn. Yellow flowers 2/-
- stenophylla*—Long graceful shoots, densely clothed with tiny evergreen leaves, smothered in Spring with yellow flowers . . 2/-
- subcaulineata*—A variety similar to *Wilsonae*, but of larger growth. Very attractive in Autumn 1/6
- Thunbergii*—A handsome deciduous Japanese shrub, flowers yellow followed by red berries. The foliage turns glowing red in
- vernae*—Distinct foliage, turning crimson in Autumn; yellow flowers. Very effective 2/-
- Autumn. One of the best Autumn colouring shrubs 1/6
- vulgaris*—A large growing deciduous variety. Flowers yellow in Spring, followed by brilliant orange-red berries 1/6

vulgaris purpurea—A conspicuous variety, with deep purple foliage, turning crimson in Autumn. We recommend this as one of the most distinct foliage shrubs we have 2/-

- Wilsonae*—A new Chinese low growing evergreen shrub, with small leaves and long spikes. Flowers golden yellow, succeeded by red berries. Most attractive in Autumn 1/6

BETULA (The Birch).—

Britain.

Betulaceae.

An ornamental and graceful hardy deciduous tree, of 30 feet, with small Poplar-like foliage, which turns golden yellow in Autumn.

- alba*—Smooth white bark 2/-

BOUVARDIA.—

Rubiaceae.

Hardy evergreen small shrubby plants, producing masses of rich flowers in Summer. The large white *Humboldtii* is sweetly perfumed. Cut hard back in Spring.

- A Collection of 15 named varieties 12/- per dozen; 1/3

BORONIA, Native Boronia.—

Rutaceae.

Small evergreen shrubs, of very compact habit. Well-known and much sought after on account of their sweet perfume. Flowering in early Spring. Should be pruned soon after flowers fall.

- elatio*—Flowers rich carmine; very hardy 2/-
- megastigma*—The well known sweet-scented variety. Flowers brown and yellow 2/-

BRACHYSEMA, Swan River Pea Bush.—

Leguminosae.

Hardy evergreen shrub, of 4 feet, with silvery grey foliage, and attractive pea-shaped flowers in early spring.

- lanceolatum*—Bright red 2/-

BRACHYCHITON (See *Sterculia*).

BROWALLIA (See *Streptosolon*).

BRUGMANSIA, syn. *Datura*, Trumpet Flower.—

Solanaceae.

Handsome evergreen flowering shrubs, of soft tropical growth, with large pendulous trumpet flowers. Prune in Spring.

- Knightii*—Pure white flowers a foot or more in length. Sweetly scented 2/-
- sanguinea*—Dwarf and bushy. Flowers orange scarlet 2/-

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

BUDDLEIA.—

Loganiaceae.

Free-growing evergreen shrubs or semi-climbers; not particular as to soil or situation. Large panicles of attractive, perfumed flowers in Spring. Cut back in Summer.

- globosa**—Bright orange bell-shaped flowers 1/6
paniculata—Creamy white, strong growing 1/6
variabilis—Clear lilac flowers 1/6
variabilis Veitchiana—Bright violet, in long spikes. A very handsome variety 1/6

BURCHELLIA.—

South Africa.

Rubiaceae.

Hardy evergreen shrub, of similar habit to Gardenia, to which it is closely allied.

- capensis**—Bright scarlet 2/6

BUXUS, The Box.—

Euphorbiaceae.

A dwarf small-leaved evergreen shrub. Largely used for bordering. (See Edging and Bordering Plants.)

- sempervirens variegata**—A distinct variegated form of neat compact habit 1/6

CALCEOLARIA, Slipper Wort.—

Peru.

Scrophulariaceae.

Hardy shrubby plants, with attractive flowers, produced in bunches in Spring. Cut back after flowering.

- rugosa**—Yellow; free flowering 1/6
violacea—Clear mauve, with violet and yellow spots 1/6

CALLISTEMON, Native Bottle Brush.—

Myrtaceae.

Hardy evergreen shrubs, 6 to 8 feet, thriving in the most exposed positions. In Spring their attractive bottle-brush like flowers of rich coloring are much admired.

- coccineus**—Dazzling scarlet 1/6
lanceolatum—Crimson 1/6
salignus—Scarlet 1/6

- pallidus**—A new variety, with rich yellow flowers. Very attractive 1/6

CALODENDRON, Cape Chestnut.—

Rutaceae.

One of the most attractive and useful evergreen flowering trees, of 20 to 30 feet. Can be recommended where a distinct specimen is required. Throughout the year its luxuriant foliage is much admired, and in Spring the large panicles of flowers add to its beauty.

- capensis**—White, with pink markings. Flowering in panicles . . 2/-

CALYCANTHUS, Allspice.—

N. America.

Calycanthaceae.

Hardy deciduous shrub, of 5 to 6 feet, flowering in the middle of Winter, when its richly perfumed flowers are very acceptable.

- praecox**—Pale yellow, with brown markings 2/-

CAMPHOR, Camphor of Commerce.—

Lauraceae.

A beautiful evergreen tree of 20 to 30 feet, which furnishes the Camphor of Commerce. A fine subject for hot districts.

- offocinalis** 15/- per doz., 1/6

CANTUA.—

Peru.

Polemoniaceae.

A neat evergreen shrub, of 4 feet, with pretty Fuchsia-like flowers in pendulous clusters. Shorten back in Spring.

- dependens**—Deep rose pink 2/-

CARYOPTERIS, Blue Spirea.—

China.

Verbenaceae.

A dwarf deciduous shrub, of 2 to 3 feet, with silvery green foliage. Covered throughout the Summer and Autumn with neat spikes of Spirea-like flowers. Prune hard back in Winter.

- mastacanthus**—Bright blue 1/6

CASSIA, Senna Bush.—

Leguminosae.

Evergreen shrubs, of 5 to 6 feet, with attractive flowers, which open in Winter. Should be shortened back after flowering.

- Candolliana**—Bright golden yellow. Without doubt one of the finest of all winter flowering shrubs 1/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

CASTANEA, Spanish or Sweet Chestnut.—

Capuliferae.

A large growing deciduous tree, of 40 to 50 feet, requiring deep soil, and thriving in cool climates. Foliage deep rich green.

vulgaris, syn. *vesca*—Flowers green, followed by attractive burrs, which contain the nuts 2/6

CASUARINA, Native She Oak.—

Casuarineae.

Hardy tree, of 20 feet, with pendulous pine-like foliage. Very suitable for hot, dry districts, or for coastal planting.

stricta—Insignificant reddish flowers 1/6

CATALPA, Tree Bignonia.—

N. America.

Bignoniaceae.

A hardy deciduous tree, of 15 to 20 feet, with large foliage and panicles of attractive flowers in Summer.

syringaefolia—Creamy white 1/6

CEANOTHUS.—

California.

Rhamnaceae.

Hardy evergreen quick-growing shrubs, of 8 to 10 feet, with deep green box-like foliage and attractive spikes of flowers in Summer. Amongst flowering shrubs they have few equals.

Divaricatus—Bright blue 2/-

Veitchiana—Dark blue, of dwarf habit 2/6

CERATONIA, Carob Tree.—

Levant Leguminosae.

An evergreen tree, of 15 feet, with deep green foliage, and small flowers followed by large beans. This is believed to be the Locust-tree of Scripture.

siliqua—Flowers yellow 2/-

CERASUS JAPONICA, Flowering Cherries.—

Rosaceae.

Hardy deciduous Spring-flowering trees of great beauty.

Mount Fuji—Semi-double white; very sweetly scented 3/6

Sieboldii rosea superba—Double deep rosy pink 3/6

CERATOPETALUM, N.S.W. Christmas Bush.—

Saxifrageae.

Hardy evergreen shrub, of 6 feet, covered in Summer with attractive flowers, which retain their beauty for a remarkable time. Should be pruned after flowering.

gummiferum—Flowers yellowish, turning red as they age 2/6

CERCIS, Judas Tree.—

Europe.

Leguminosae.

Hardy deciduous small tree, of 10 feet, with handsome, round bluish green leaves, and attractive pea-shaped flowers clustering on the branches before the foliage appears in early Spring. Cut back when in flower.

silaquestrum—Bright rosy purple 2/-

CERASUS, The Laurel.—

Europe.

Rosaceae.

Hardy evergreen shrubs, of 12 feet, with dark green attractive foliage; very suitable for cold climates, where they make fine hedges. Trim in early Spring or Autumn.

laurocerasus—Common English Laurel 15/-per doz.; 1/6

lusitanica—Portugal Laurel; flowers white 15/- per doz.; 1/6

CESTRUM.—

Central America.

Solanaceae.

Hardy evergreen shrub, about 5 feet, of quick growth. In flower almost throughout the year. The flowers are similar to those of *Habrothamnus*, but are borne erect in bunches. Prune in early Spring.

aurantiacum—Deep orange, in large terminal bunches 1/6

Diurnum—Straw-white, sweetly scented at night 1/6

CHAMAELAUCIUM, The Geraldton Wax Flower.—

Myrtaceae.

A distinct evergreen Winter-flowering shrub, of 4 to 6 feet. Attractive waxy-Myrtle-like flowers, which last when cut for weeks. The plant continues to flower throughout the Winter months and well into Spring. Cut back after flowering.

uncinatum—Pale blush pink 3/6

CHRYSANthemUMS, frutescens.—

See Marguerite.

CHOISYA, Mexican Orange Blossom.—

Rutaceae.

Hardy evergreen shrub, of 4 feet, with glossy foliage and handsome, sweetly-scented flowers, produced in profusion in early Spring.

ternata—Pure white 1/6

CHORIZEMA, Flame Pea Bush.—

W. Australia.

Leguminosae.

Dwarf evergreen shrub, of 2 to 3 feet, with attractive pea-shaped flowers in early Spring. They thrive best in poor, well-drained soil or on banks. Cut back after the flowers fall.

cordatum—Flowers orange and yellow, heart-shaped leaves 1/6

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

- CISTUS, Rock Rose.**— Southern Europe. Cistineae.
Beautiful dwarf evergreen shrubs, of 3 feet, thriving in sunny exposed positions. They are ideal subjects for dry corners, where most shrubs will fail.
ladaniferus—Large white flowers, with chocolate blotch at the base of each petal; very effective 1/6
montspeliensis—Creamy white 1/6
- CITRUS, Wild Orange.**— Japan. Rutaceae.
Hardy thorny shrub, attractive in Winter, on account of the small orange-like fruits which hang on the leafless branches.
trifoliata—Flowers creamy white 2/-
- CHIMONANTHUS FRAGRANS.**— See Calycanthus Praecox.
- CLETHRA, Lily of Valley Tree.**— Madeira. Ericaceae.
One of the finest of hardy evergreen shrubs, growing 6 to 8 feet, or in the cooler districts even more. Its beautiful Lily-of-Valley-like flowers, in pendulous racemes, produced in Summer, are very attractive, as also is its glossy laurel-like foliage at all times.
arborea—Pure white 2/-
- CLERODENDRON.**— China. Verbenaceae.
Hardy deciduous shrubs, of 4 to 6 feet, with large foliage and attractive flowers in Summer.
fragrans—White, with red calyx. Very fragrant 2/-
trichotomum—White, with purplish calyx, dull green foliage . . 2/-
- CLIANTHUS, New Zealand Glory Pea.**— Leguminosae.
Hardy evergreen shrubs, of 3 to 4 feet, with large curious "Parrot-beak" like flowers in pendulous clusters. Can be trained as a climber, in which position its flowers show to advantage. Requires shortening back after flowering to keep shapely.
puniceus—Red 1/6
puniceus alba—White 1/6
- COLUTEA, Bladder Senna.**— France. Leguminosae.
An ornamental free-growing deciduous shrub, of 6 to 8 feet, producing large clusters of pea-shaped flowers in Spring, succeeded by bladder-like seed pods, which give the plant a curious and striking appearance. Any pruning after flowering.
arborescens—Racemes of yellow and bronze flowers 1/6
- CORONILLA (Scorpion Senna).**— Leguminosae.
Hardy semi-deciduous shrub, of 4 to 5 feet. Thriving in any soil or situation. Prune after flowering in Spring.
emerus—Rich yellow pea-like flowers 1/6
- CONVOLVULUS, Shrubby Convolvulus.**— Levant. Convolvulaceae.
An attractive small evergreen shrub, of 2 feet, with handsome silvery foliage, and large Convolvulus-like flowers. Will thrive anywhere.
cneorum—Pale rose 1/6
- COPROSMA, New Zealand Looking Glass Plant.**— Rubiaceae.
Evergreen shrubs, of 4 to 5 feet, with handsome bright glossy leaves. They thrive anywhere, and are particularly valuable for planting near the sea coast. Trim in early Spring.
baueriana picturata—Foliage blotched with yellow in the centre 1/6
baueriana variegata—Foliage margined with creamy white. . . 1/6
lucida—Deep glossy green foliage. A fine plant for the sea front 9/- per doz.; 1/-
- CORCHORUS (See Kerria).**—
- CORYLUS, Ornamental Filbert.**— Cupuliferae.
A dwarf deciduous ornamental shrub, with deep purple foliage. A fine subject for cool districts.
avellana purpurea 3/6
- CORYNOCARPUS, New Zealand Laurel.**— Anacardiaceae.
Hardy evergreen small tree, of 12 feet, with large glossy foliage. Flowers green, followed by large red berries.
laevigata—Bright green foliage 1/6
laevigata variegata—Foliage heavily margined with yellow . . 2/6
- COTONEASTER.**— India. Rosaceae.
Dwarf evergreen shrubs, of 3 to 4 feet, with small box-like foliage. Inconspicuous flowers followed by red berries, which remain attractive through the Winter. Fine for the cool mountainous districts.
Simondsii—Upright growth; makes a fine small hedge 1/6
microphylla—Dwarf and spreading 1/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

CRATAEGUS, The Hawthorn.—

Rosaceae.

Hardy deciduous and evergreen shrubs, growing from 8 to 12 feet. In early Spring they are completely covered with their various colored flowers, which are succeeded by bright berries, which hold till Winter. They succeed in almost any soil or situation. Any cutting necessary is best done when in flower.

EVERGREEN VARIETIES.

- crenulata**—White flowers, followed by small scarlet berries, which completely cover the plant. Very effective. Make a fine hedge 1/6
- pyracantha**—Flowers white, followed by yellow berries 1/6

DECIDUOUS VARIETIES.

- carrierii**—Similar to Mexicana, but with large brilliant red berries 2/6
- cordata**—Flowers white, followed by small scarlet berries in bunches. In Autumn the foliage turns brilliant scarlet. Quite equal to the best Japanese Maples 2/6
- tanacetifolia orientalis**—Silvery foliage, white flowers and yellow berries. Distinct 2/6
- Mexicana**—Glossy green foliage, large white flowers, succeeded by large yellow berries, as large as cherries 2/6
- oxycantha multiplex**—The common double white Hawthorn 2/-
- oxycantha coccinea fl. pl.**—Double crimson 2/-
- oxycantha punicea**—Single scarlet 2/-
- oxycantha rosea, fl. pl.**—Double pink 2/-

CROTALARIA, Bird Flower.— Northern Australia.

Leguminosae.

One of the most handsome and unique of evergreen shrubs, growing to 6 feet. Large silvery grey Lucerne-like foliage. Flowers large, in loose terminal spikes, resembling small birds. Blooms continuously throughout the whole year, even in the dull months of Winter.

- laburnifolia**—Yellow; very attractive 2/6

CUPHEA, Mexican Cigar Plant.—

Lythraceae.

Dwarf evergreen shrubs, of 2 feet; very suitable for the front of shrubberies. Prune hard back in early Spring.

- zorullensis**—Orange and red 1/6
- platycentra**—Red and black 1/6

CYDONIA, Japanese Flowering Quince.—

Rosaceae.

Attractive deciduous dwarf Spring-flowering shrubs, of 5 feet. Large flowers clustering on the branches, followed by quince-like fruits. Shorten back after flowering.

- japonica salmonea**—Clear salmon rose; large flowers 2/6
- japonica columbia**—Bright orange-red; very strong grower 2/6
- japonica**—Rich scarlet 1/6
- japonica nivalis**—Pure white 2/-
- japonica umbilicata**—Rich red; fine variety 1/6
- japonica Moerloosii**—Rosy white and carmine 1/6
- japonica Gaujardi**—Deep rosy red 1/6
- japonica aurora**—Large salmon red 2/6
- japonica Maulei**—Rich brick red, dwarf, free-flowering variety 2/6
- japonica pygmea**—A dwarf variety, with rich salmon flowers, Very free fruiting 2/6

CYPHOMANDRA, Tree Tomato.— Brazil.

Solanaceae.

A quick-growing tender shrub, of 10 feet, with large soft foliage. This plant bears edible egg-like yellow fruit with peculiar aromatic flavor.

- betacea** 1/6

CYTISUS, Common Laburnum.— Switzerland.

Leguminosae.

Hardy deciduous shrubs, of 12 feet, with handsome foliage and pendulous racemes of Wistaria-like flowers in early Spring. Very handsome.

- laburnum**—Yellow 1/6

DEERINGIA.—

Hardy evergreen shrub, of 5 feet, with attractive green and white foliage. Can be trimmed to any shape.

- amhersti variegata** 1/6

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

DESMODIUM.—

Japan.

Leguminosae.

Hardy semi-deciduous shrub, of 4 feet, with decided pendulous habit of growth, and long spikes of pea-shaped flowers in Spring. Very attractive in Winter, when the large three-lobed leaves turn golden yellow. Shorten back the long branches in Winter.

penduliflorum—Deep red purple 1/6

DEUTZIA.—

Saxifrageae.

Very ornamental hardy deciduous shrubs, of 3 to 4 feet, covered in early Spring with small attractive bell-shaped flowers. The cutting of the flowers will be all the pruning that is necessary.

crenata variegata—Double white, with variegated foliage . . . 1/6

gracilis—Single white, flowering very early 1/6

gracilis rosea—Pearly rose, shading to clear rose 1/6

Lemoinei—Large white; an improvement on Gracilis 1/6

Pride of Rochester—Double white; tall growing 1/6

DIOSMA.—

South Africa.

Rutaceae.

A neat growing evergreen Erica-like plant, with scented foliage, and small flowers. Can be trimmed to any shape.

alba—Pure white 1/6

DOMBEYA, Natal Wedding Flower.—

Sterculiaceae.

Hardy evergreen, large growing shrubs, with attractive foliage and handsome buttercup-like flowers in Summer. Prune in early Spring.

Natalensis—Pure white, turning yellow as the flowers fade . . . 2/-

calantha, syn. spectabilis—Bright rose pink 2/6

DORYANTHES, Queensland Lily.—

Amaryllideae.

These gigantic half-Lily and half-Palm looking plants add quite a tropical effect to any planting. They require to become well established before flowering, when they throw up spikes 10 to 12 feet high.

excelsa—Flowers crimson 2/-

Palmeri—Rich crimson and white 2/-

DRACAENA, Dragon Tree.—

Liliaceae.

Large growing palm-like plants, with long narrow green leaves, hanging in graceful curves from the top of the trunk.

australis, syn. Stricta—Flowers white, in large panicles 1/6

terminalis—Small growing variety, forming clumps like a bamboo 1/6

DURANTA.—

Tropical America.

Verbenaceae.

Handsome evergreen shrubs, of 6 feet, flowering during the greater part of the year. Flowers succeeded by bright yellow berries. Thriving anywhere. Cut back in early Spring.

Ellisii—Deep lavender; very fine. Foliage turns coppery in Winter 2/-

Plumieri—Deep blue 1/6

Plumieri alba—Pure white 1/6

ECHIUM, Viper's Bugloss.—

Madeira.

Boraginaceae.

A dwarf evergreen shrub, of 3 feet, with large silvery foliage and long upright spikes of small flowers.

candicans—Deep rich blue 1/6

EDWARDSIA, New Zealand Laburnum.—

Leguminosae.

A valuable and distinct free-flowering evergreen tree, of 12 feet or more, bearing in Spring large racemes of pea-shaped flowers, followed by peculiar chain-like seed pods.

microphylla—Pale yellow flowers, 2 inches in length 1/6

ELAEAGNUS, Japanese Wild Olive.—

Elaeagnaceae.

Ornamental evergreen shrubs, of 5 feet, with glossy foliage. Can be trimmed to any shape.

japonica—Deep green foliage, with silvery reverse 1/6

japonica argentea variegata—Foliage margined with silver . . . 2/-

ERICA, The Heath.—

Ericaceae.

Dwarf evergreen-flowering shrubs, of great beauty. They require a soil free from manure or lime, and to be cut back after flowering.

baccans—Deep rose pink; Spring flowering 1/6

bowiana—Pure white; constant bloomer 1/6

cruenta—Orange scarlet; very hardy 1/6

intermedia—Pure white, long spikes 1/6

jubilee—Deep rose pink; very fine 1/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

melanthera —Lavender purple, with black eyes; small bells	1/6
vulgaris —The purple Scotch Heather	1/6
vulgaris alba —White Scotch Heather	1/6
Webbleyana —Pink. Always in bloom	1/6

ERIOBOTRYA, Japanese Loquat.—

Rosaceae.

Hardy evergreen small tree, of 15 feet, with large ornamental foliage, bearing useful edible fruits.

japonica—Flowers downy white, and sweetly scented . . 15/- doz., 1/6

ERIOSTEMON, Native Waxflower.—

Rutaceae.

Dwarf evergreen shrubs, of 3 to 4 feet, covered in early Spring with star-shaped flowers. Foliage scented. One of the best of hardy shrubs. Cut back while in flower.

neriifolius, syn. **myoporoides**—Palest pink 2/-
obovalis, "Bendigo Wax Flower"—White, flushed pink. Dwarf . . 3/6

ERIOCEPHALUS.—

S. Africa.

Compositae.

Dwarf trailing evergreen shrub, of 2 feet, with handsome silvery foliage, which is always attractive. In Winter covered with white flowers, in a wool-like calyx. Will thrive in the driest situations.

africanus, syn. **umbellatus** 2/-

ERYTHRINA, The Coral Tree.—

Leguminosae.

Beautiful deciduous shrubs, of 4 to 8 feet, with attractive spikes of brilliant pea-shaped flowers in Summer. They require the warmest situations, exposed to all the sunshine possible. Cut hard back in August.

acanthocarpa—Scarlet and yellow; gorgeous flower. Of straggling habit. Makes a fine subject to grow against an exposed North wall 3/6
compacta—Crimson, immense spikes up to a yard long 1/6
Humei—Scarlet, very rich. Strong growing 2/6
secundiflora—A medium growing variety. Flowers rich crimson 2/6

ESCALLONIA.—

Tropical America.

Saxifrageae.

Fine evergreen shrubs, of 4 to 6 feet, with glossy foliage, and attractive bell shaped wax-like flowers in terminal racemes. Very hardy. Cut back in Winter.

Exoniensis—Creamy pink 1/6
langleyensis—Rich red, upright flowers; growth pendulous . . . 1/6
macrantha—Coral red, large flowers 1/6
montevidensis—White, shaded with pink 1/6
organensis—Bright rose 1/6

EUCALYPTUS, Gum Tree.—

Myrtaceae.

Handsome evergreen trees, of rapid growth, with attractive foliage, and in some cases most beautiful flowers, opening in Spring and Summer.

FLOWERING VARIETIES.

calophylla—"Port Gregory Gum." Flowers pure white, in large trusses 1/6
calophylla rosea—Rose pink; one of the most beautiful flowering trees in cultivation 2/-
erythronema—"Lindsay Gum." Flowers rich crimson. A small growing variety of 6 to 8 feet, that flowers within 18 months of planting 1/6
ficifolia—"Scarlet-flowering Gum." A beautiful tree, with large trusses of flowers of various shades of crimson produced above the foliage 15/- per doz.; 1/6
leucoxylyon rosea—A rose pink flowered variety of the "Iron-bark Gum" 1/6
macrocarpa—A shrub of 6 to 8 feet, with silvery white foliage, and immense flowers rich crimson in color 2/6
pyriformis—A shrub of 6 to 8 feet, with large flowers; rich crimson and yellow 2/6
torquata—"Coolgardie Gum." Dwarf variety of 6 to 8 feet, flowers rich orange scarlet. Very attractive. Flowering when quite young 2/6

SHELTER TREES.

alpina—"Alpine Gum." Small tree, of 10 to 15 feet, with leathery foliage and white flowers 1/6
amygdalina—"Peppermint Gum." Flowers white 1/-
botryoides—"Mahogany Gum." One of the quickest growing trees in existence 60/- per 100; 9/- per doz.; 1/-

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

corymbosa —"Blood Wood."	Flowers yellowish white	1/-
citridora —"Lemon-scented Gum."	A distinct tree, with smooth white stem. Flowers white. Very suitable for hot districts	1/-
corynocalyx —"Sugar Gum."	A well known rapid growing tree for shelter. Flowers white 60/- per 100; 9/- per doz.;	1/-
globulus —"Blue Gum."	Very large growing tree, with attractive blue foliage when young. Flowers white, suitable for damp, low-lying situations	9/- doz.; 1/-
Lehmanni —Dense shrubby variety, with large pointed buds. Flowers yellowish		1/-
Macarthuri —"Macarthur's Gum."	Large growing variety, with white flowers	1/-
maculata —"Mottle-bark Gum."	Tall tree, with distinct smooth mottle stem and white flowers. Suitable for hot districts	1/-
melliodora —"Yellow Box" or "Honey-scented Gum."	Flowers white	1/-
microcorys —"Tallow-wood Gum."	Large-growing tree. White flower	1/-
obliqua —"Messmate."	A giant tree. Flowers white	1/-
pilularis —"Black Butt."	Flowers white. A large tree	1/-
robusta —"Brown Mahogany."	Very large attractive foliage, in young state, quite crimson. Tall tree	1/-
rubida —"Candle-bark Gum."	Flowers white; a large spreading tree	1/-
saligna —"Willow Gum."	Large growing tree, with white flowers	1/-
Sieberiana —"Mountain Ash."	A lofty tree, of rapid growth	1/-
Stuartiana —"Apple-scented Gum."	A large growing tree	1/-
Smithii —"Gully Ash."	Large growing tree, thriving in rocky situations	1/-
viminalis —"Manna Gum."	Fine foliage, silvery-grey, of weeping habit	1/-

EUGENIA, Native Myrtle.—

Myrtaceae.

Small evergreens that should be more largely planted. Their dense Myrtle-like foliage is always pleasing, and in Winter they are covered with attractive berries, which hang for months. Trim in early Spring, if necessary.

cyanocarpa —A fine tree of 12 to 15 feet. Flowers white, followed by conspicuous deep blue berries	1/6
Kingiana , syn. Smithii —A tree from 12 to 15 feet, but can be kept as a shrub at 6 feet if desired and trimmed. Flowers white, followed by deep rose berries. This variety makes a fine hedge, from 6 to 8 feet	15/- per doz.; 1/6
oleosa —A neat compact bush, of 10 to 12 feet, with deep purplish-blue berries	1/6
ugni —A miniature variety from New Zealand, growing 2 to 3 feet only. White Fuchsia-like flowers, followed by edible rose-colored berries	1/6
ventenatii , syn. pendula —A particularly fine tree for a specimen growing from 20 to 30 feet; its distinct slight weeping habit is always admired. White berries	1/6

EUONYMUS, Japanese Spindle Tree.—

Celastrineae.

Hardy evergreen shrubs, of 4 to 6 feet, with ornamental variegated foliage. Can be trimmed to any shape.

albus latifolius elegans —Dwarf variety, foliage heavily margined creamy white	1/6
aureus variegatus —Tall upright variety, heavily variegated with gold	1/6
europaeus —Hardy deciduous variety, producing attractive scarlet fruit. In Autumn the foliage assumes most beautiful tints before falling	2/-
japonica argentea —Silver variegated foliage	1/6
japonica aurea —Golden variegated foliage	1/6
radicans variegata —A semi-trailing variety, with silver variegated foliage	1/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

- EUPATORIUM.**— S. America. Compositae.
 Dwarf evergreen shrub, of 2 feet, with attractive Ageratum-like flowers in Winter. Cut hard back after flowering.
ruparium—Pure white 1/6
- EUPHORBIA, Sacred Thorn.**— Isle of France. Euphorbiaceae.
 Distinct cactus-like plant, with thorny branches, and bright scarlet flowers, opening in Summer. Suitable for dry sunny positions only.
splendens 2/-
- EXOCHORDA, Pearl Bush.**— China. Rosaceae.
 Hardy deciduous shrub, of 5 to 6 feet, with snow-white flowers. A charming shrub for the garden.
grandiflora, syn. *spirea grandiflora* 1/6
- FABIANA.**— Chili. Solanaceae.
 Hardy evergreen heath-like shrub, of 5 to 6 feet, with waxy tubular flowers clustered thickly around every shoot.
imbricata—Pure white 2/-
- FAGUS, The Beech.**— Cupuliferae.
 Handsome evergreen and deciduous trees, with attractive foliage. Suitable for cold climates only.
Cunninghamii—"Native Beech." Evergreen tree of 30 feet, with small Myrtle-like foliage. Very fine for a cool, damp position 2/6
sylvatica purpurea—The purple-leaved deciduous beech. Very handsome 5/-
sylvatica tricolor—A beautiful variety, with large purple foliage, veined and margined rose color 5/-
- FELICIA.**— South Africa. Compositae.
 Hardy evergreen shrub, of 2 feet, smothered in early Spring with countless small daisy flowers. Likes a warm, sunny position, and will thrive on dry banks or borders.
augustifolia—Deep lilac 1/6
- FEIJOA.**— South America.
 Hardy evergreen fruiting shrub, of 8 to 10 feet, with dark green foliage, with silvery reverse. Flowers crimson, with silvery white calyx, followed by large Guava-like fruit.
Sellowiana 3/6
- FICUS, Ornamental Fig Tree.**— Australia. Urticaceae.
 Hardy evergreen trees, of 30 to 40 feet, with luxuriant foliage; they delight in warm climates, but are quite hardy around Melbourne.
australis—Small green-leaved variety 1/6
australis variegata—A small-growing shrub, of 8 feet; attractive variegated foliage 2/6
macrophylla—"Moreton Bay Fig." Large-leaved variety, of rapid growth 1/6
- FORSYTHIA.**— China and Japan. Oleineae.
 Hardy deciduous shrub, of 4 to 5 feet, with attractive bell-shaped flowers, opening early in Spring. Prune after flowering.
- Fortunei aurea*—Rich golden flowers in early Spring. Foliage very attractive; each leaf margined golden yellow 2/6
- intermedia vitellina*—Large flowers, rich golden yellow. Very fine 2/-
suspensa—Long trailing branches, covered with golden bell-like blossoms. The true variety 2/6
viridissima—Erect shrubby growth, with profusion of pendulous golden flowers 1/6
- FRAXINUS, The Ash.**— Britain. Oleineae.
 Hardy deciduous trees, with green flowers. Very ornamental as specimens. Suitable for cold climates, where they thrive and grow into high trees.
excelsior—English Ash 2/-
- FUGOSA (see Lagunaria).**

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

GARDENIA, Cape Jasmine.—

Rubiaceae.

Hardy evergreen shrubs, of 4 to 6 feet, with glossy foliage and large waxy flowers, which are most sweetly perfumed. A warm position suits them best.

intermedia—Large double white; very handsome 2/6

Thunbergia—Single white, large tuberous flowers 2/-

GARRYA, The Catkin Shrub.— California.

Cornaceae.

Conspicuous evergreen shrub, of 6 to 8 feet. Forming a dense bush, producing in Mid-Winter graceful drooping tufts of pale green catkins, which remain for some considerable time. Prune after flowering.

elleptica 2/-

GENISTA, The Broom.—

Europe.

Leguminosae.

Hardy evergreen shrubs, of 4 to 6 feet, with rush-like growth. Most of the varieties are almost covered in Spring and Summer with countless small pea-shaped flowers. Cut back after flowering.

Andreana—Deep golden yellow, blotched with velvety crimson; very distinct 1/6

aetensis—"Mt. Etna Broom." A strong growing variety, with pendulous branches clustered with bright yellow flowers 2/-

Andreana Smithii—A richly colored variety of this popular broom. Flowers bronze and crimson; very striking . . . 3/6

epheroides—Very fine weeping variety, with yellow flowers 1/6

florida—Golden yellow sweetly scented flowers. A dense growing variety 1/6

GOODIA (Salisbury Pea).—

Australia.

Leguminosae.

A rapid-growing native evergreen, of 4 to 6 feet, with clover-like foliage, and handsome pea-shaped flowers in early Spring. Prune immediately after flowering.

lotifolia—Flowers yellow and brown 1/6

GORDONIA.—

Tropical Asia.

Ternstromiceae.

Hardy Camellia-like shrub, of 6 to 8 feet, with attractive single flowers, opening during the dull Winter months. Requires very little pruning.

anomala—Creamy white, with yellow anthers 3/6

GREVILLEA.—

Australia.

Proteaceae.

Handsome evergreen shrubs and trees, with attractive flowers opening in early Spring. The dwarf varieties deserve to be better known, as few shrubs can surpass them for foliage and flowers. They thrive in the poorest of soil. Prune after flowering.

Hilliana—"White Silky Oak." A small tree of 20 feet, with handsome foliage and white flowers, produced almost throughout the year 2/6

linearis—A shrub of 5 feet, with narrow foliage and handsome pale lilac flowers, produced almost throughout the year 2/6

robusta—"Silky Oak." A tree of 40 to 50 feet, that stands heat and drought well; flowers orange 15/- per doz.; 1/6

rosmarinifolia—A dense shrub of 4 to 6 feet, with attractive red flowers 2/-

HABROTHAMNUS.—

Mexico.

Solanaceae.

Hardy evergreen shrubs, of 4 feet, with attractive Fuchsia-like flowers in terminal clusters, opening in the Summer. Prune in early Spring.

elegans—Bright red 1/6

Newelli—Rich crimson 1/6

HAKEA.—

Australia.

Proteaceae.

Handsome evergreen small tree, 10 to 12 feet, with attractive flowers during Winter. It resents cultivation, and thrives in the driest and poorest situations.

eucalyptoides, syn. **laurina**—Flowers rich crimson, with white anthers, formed like a Scabiosa 1/6

HARPEPHYLLUM, Kaffir Plum.—

Small evergreen tree, of 12 to 15 feet, with large Ash-like foliage. Bearing ornamental Plum-like fruit. Requires a warm situation.

Cafforum 2/-

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

HEBECLINUM, syn. Eupatorium.— Mexico. Compositae.

Hardy evergreen soft-wooded shrub, of 3 feet, with attractive metallic foliage and large heads of Ageratum-like flowers opening in Winter and early Spring. Cut back in Summer.

atrorubens—Flowers reddish lilac 2/6

HEERIA.— Mexico. Melastromaceae.

Dwarf evergreen shrubs, of 3 feet, with miniature Lasiandra-like flowers in bunches during Summer. Requires a warm situation. Cut back after frosts.

rosea—Rose pink 1/6

album—Pure white 1/6

HIBISCUS.— Malvaceae.

Evergreen and deciduous shrubs, of 4 to 6 feet, with attractive single and double flowers in the Summer. The Rose-sinensis varieties, which includes some of the most beautiful of flowering shrubs, are suitable for warm climates only, but can be grown with success in cold districts if planted against a North fence or wall. They well repay a little extra care, as when once established, they present no difficulty. The Syriacus, or deciduous varieties, are hardy in all climates, and flower in mid-Summer, when flowering shrubs are scarce. Prune deciduous varieties in Winter. Evergreen when necessary in Spring. (See also Herbaceous plants for Moscheutos varieties.)

pedunculatus—A hardy shrub of 6 feet. Flowers rose pink . . . 1/6

splendens—"Native Hollyhock Tree." Large shrub of 8 to 10 feet, with huge wide open rose pink flowers 2/-

ROSA-SINENSIS SECTION.

rosa sinensis—Bright scarlet 2/

Gen. Courtiges—Flowers large and deep crimson color 2/6

Conqueror—Single buff yellow, crimson eye 2/6

Island Queen—Single, rich pink 2/6

indica—Rich apricot. Single 2/6

Island Empress—Double rich pink 2/6

Java—Rich crimson. Petals lacinated and reflexing 2/6

Lamberti—Double rich crimson 2/6

Peachblow—Semi-double, deep salmon pink 2/6

SYRIACUS or DECIDUOUS SECTION.

Ardens—Double pale violet rose 1/6

alba luteus plenus—Double creamy white, dark centre 1/6

alba plena—Double white, dark centre 1/6

Boule de Feu—Double fiery red 1/6

Coelestis—Single azure blue. This we consider one of the finest flowering shrubs in our Collection 1/6

De La Veuve—Single heliotrope, with darker lines 1/6

Leopoldi—Semi-double, deep red carmine 1/6

Monstrosus—Single flesh, dark red centre 1/6

paeonaeiflorus—Double deep vinous rose 1/6

pompon rouge—Double deep crimson 1/6

puniceus plenus—Semi double, dark rose 1/6

rubis fl. pl.—Double rich carmine 1/6

speciosus—Double violet red 1/6

totus albus—Single pure white; very fine 1/6

HYDRANGEA.— China & Japan. Saxifrageae.

Hardy shrubs that thrive almost anywhere, but in moist, sheltered positions the flowers are much finer. All should be pruned hard back soon after the flowers fade. To prevent disappointment we wish to state that the blue flowers are uncertain, all depends on the soil. It is generally supposed that the presence of iron will produce the blue shades, otherwise the blue varieties come deep rose pink, also an attractive color. This list includes the best of the new French Hybrids, which are greatly improved varieties, with larger flowers and more attractive colors, with a much prolonged flowering season. These sorts are quite worth growing for pot plants.

Ajisai—Rosy blue, distinct ruffled cup-shaped leaves 1/6

Aigaki—A Japanese single-flowered variety; deep rose pink and blue 1/6

Bouquet—Very fine flowering; small heads, useful for cutting; dark blue 1/6

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

- E. G. Hill**—Deep pink, at times coming clear blue 1/6
hortensis—The well-known pink variety 1/6
hortensis cyanoclada—The black-stemmed variety, with deep rich blue flowers 1/6
japonica, argenta variegata—A dwarf variety, with attractive variegated foliage 1/6
Madam Fouchard—Bright ruby red. A unique and beautiful variety 2/-
Madam Mouilliere—Pure white, with rosy carmine eye; very large 1/6
Mariesii—Very large truss, centre blue, outside flowers rose pink 1/6
Radiant—Deep carmine rose, or in favourable soil clear blue 1/6
Ronsard—White ground, tinted mauve blue. Enormous flowers, which are prettily serrated 2/-
- HYMENOSPORUM.**— Australia. Pittosporaceae.
Hardy evergreen small tree, of 10 to 15 feet, with attractive Pittosporum-like flowers. Sweetly perfumed.
flavum—Rich yellow 1/6
- HYPERICUM, St. John's Wort.**— Hypericaceae.
Hardy evergreen dwarf shrubs, of 2 to 3 feet, with attractive flowers in Summer. They are excellent subjects for growing under trees, and many places where other plants could not survive.
calycinum—A dwarf trailing variety, with large golden flowers 1/6
glandulosum—Small yellow flowers, in bunches, followed by red berries, which turn black 1/6
Moserianum—A beautiful hybrid form; waxy golden flowers, with crimson stamens 1/6
Moserianum tricolor—Very striking; foliage variegated crimson and white. Flowers yellow 2/-
- ILEX, The Holly.**— Britain. Ilicaceae.
Well-known evergreen shrubs, suitable for cold districts, covered in Winter with bright berries, which remain for a considerable time.
aquifolium—Common English Holly 1/6
aquifolium argentea variegata—Silver variegated foliage 2/6
aquifolium aurea variegata—Golden variegated 2/6
- INGA, Mexican Tassel Flower.**— Leguminosae.
Hardy evergreen shrub, of 5 feet, with Acacia-like foliage, and in Summer bright attractive tassel flowers.
pulcherrima—Rich scarlet 2/6
- INDIGOFEA, Indigo.**— India. Leguminosae.
Hardy deciduous shrubs, of 4 feet, covered in Summer with small pea-shaped flowers. Prune hard back in Winter.
dosua—Rosy purple 1/6
- IOCHROMA.**— S. America. Solanaceae.
Evergreen shrubs, of 6 feet, with attractive Fuchsia-like flowers, which hang in bunches during Summer. Prune hard back after frosts.
grandiflora—Large pale blue 2/6
fuchsioides—Orange scarlet 2/-
tubulosum—Deep purple 1/6
- JACARANDA.**— Brazil. Bignoniaceae.
A semi-deciduous small tree, of 15 to 20 feet, with attractive Mimosa-like foliage. Covered in Summer with large bunches of Bignonia-like flowers. Required to be protected from frost for the first Winter.
mimosaefolia—Clear lavender blue 1/6
- JASMINUM (see Climbing Plants).**
- JUSTICIA.**— S. America. Acanthaceae.
Dwarf evergreen shrub, of 3 feet, with peculiar heads of flowers, produced during Summer. Prune hard back in early Spring.
carnea—Deep rose pink 1/6
- KERRIA, syn: Corchorus.**— Japan. Rosaceae.
Hardy deciduous shrubs, of 3 to 4 feet, with double and single flowers clustering to the branches in Spring.
japonica—Single yellow 1/6
japonica, flore-pleno—Double yellow 1/6
- KOELREUTERIA.**— China. Sapindaceae.
Hardy deciduous tree, of 10 to 15 feet, with graceful foliage, which colors before falling in Autumn. Small flowers in large trusses in Summer.
paniculata—Yellow 2/-

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

LABURNUM (see Cytisus).

LAGERSTROEMIA, Crape Myrtle.— India & China. Lythraceae.

Hardy deciduous shrubs, of 8 to 10 feet, with most attractive crape-like flowers in Summer and Autumn, produced in large terminal racemes. The foliage colors in late Autumn before falling. Prune hard back in Winter.

Eavesii—Clear mauve; very large	3/6
indica—Bright rose pink	2/6
indica alba—Pure white	2/6
indica rubra—Bright red	2/6
ovalifolium—Deep mauve, very fine	2/6

LAGUNARIA.— Norfolk Island. Malvaceae.

Evergreen tree, of 20 feet, with large Hibiscus-like flowers, very attractive. Of pyramid growth; quite hardy, and a fine subject for planting near the sea coast.

Patersoni—Pink	1/6
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LANTANA.— Verbenaceae.

Dwarf evergreen shrubs, of rapid growth, with bright flowers in Summer. Very effective when massed. Will thrive in dry spots, where most other shrubs will fail. Prune hard back after frosts are over.

Chelsea Gem—Crimson and orange. One of the best	1/6
Drap D'Or—Rich golden yellow; dwarf	1/6
Diadem—Delicate pink flowers; large	1/6
Goliath—Orange and red, tall growing	1/6
Minnie Basil—Lilac and white	1/6
Magenta Queen—Rich magenta	1/6
Sellowiana—Lilac purple; dwarf trailing variety	1/6
Snowflake—Pure white, dwarf and compact growing. Only 15 inches high	1/6

LASIANDRA, syn. Pleroma & Tibouchina.— Brazil. Melastomaceae.

Hardy evergreen shrubs, of 4 to 6 feet, with large showy flowers, which open throughout most of the year. Prune after frosts are over.

Edwardsii robusta—A hybrid variety of great beauty, producing flowers as large as grandiflora, and as freely as macrantha. Hardier and more vigorous than grandiflora, and blooming freely through the Winter months .. 2/6

Edwardsii—A hybrid between macrantha and grandiflora, intermediate in habit and flowering	2/-
grandiflora—Dwarf growing variety, requiring slight shelter. Huge flowers; deepest violet-purple	2/6
macrantha floribunda—Deep violet	1/6

LAURUS, Sweet Bay Tree.— S. Europe. Lauraceae.

Hardy evergreen shrubs, of 8 to 10 feet, with bright green aromatic foliage, which is used for flavouring. Can be trimmed to any shape or form.

nobilis—Flowers yellow	1/6
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LAVENDULA, The Lavender.— Labiatae.

Dwarf hardy evergreen shrubs, of 2 to 3 feet, producing during Spring Lilac-colored flowers, which, when dried, are distilled and used for oils and perfume. Should be cut back after flowering.

Munstead Dwarf—Bearing large spikes of bloom of a deeper shade than the common variety, and several weeks earlier	1/6
nana compacta—A dwarf variety, with deeper blue flowers, excellent for edges	1/6

dentata—Large variety, which flowers continuously	1/-
spica—The English Lavender	9/- per doz.; 1/-
staechas—French Lavender	1/-
vera—The finest of all; strongest perfume	9/- per doz.; 1/-

LEONOTIS, Lion's Ear.— Labiatae.

Rapid evergreen shrub, of 4 to 5 feet, with attractive flowers, borne in dense heads. Cut back in Winter.

leonurus—Bright orange scarlet	1/6
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MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

LEPTOSPERMUM, Native Ti-tree.— Myrtaceae.

These are amongst the hardiest of evergreen shrubs, and will thrive anywhere, even in the driest and most arid of situations. In Spring they are covered with their attractive Myrtle-like flowers, which last well. Several of the varieties make fine dwarf hedges, specially suitable for the sea coast. Cut back after flowering.

- lanigerum grandiflorum**—Large white flowers, about an inch across. A fine variety from the Grampians 2/-
- laevigatum**—The Coast Ti-Tree, with silvery grey foliage and white flowers 1/6
- scoparium Chapmanii**—Deep pink, with bronze foliage 1/6
- scoparium Nicholii**—The crimson Ti-tree with deep bronze foliage. A shrub that should be planted everywhere 1/6

LESPEDEZA.— Japan. Leguminosae.

Hardy deciduous shrub, of 4 feet, with distinct weeping habit. In Autumn the long branches are covered with small pea-shaped flowers. Very attractive.

- bicolor**—Lilac and white 2/-

LEUCODENDRON, South African Silver Leaf.— Proteaceae.

Handsome evergreen small tree, with beautiful glossy silvery foliage, which is most effective at all seasons. A conspicuous plant in any collection.

- argenteum**—Flowers yellow 2/6

LONICERA, Shrubby Honeysuckle.— Caprifoliaceae.

Hardy, vigorous, quick growing shrub of 4 to 5 feet, thriving in any soil or situation.

- tatarica**—Deciduous, flowers cream 1/6

Nitida—Small box-like foliage, borne on dense twiggy growths, Creamy fragrant flowers in Summer. One of the finest and most distinct evergreen shrubs of recent introduction. This plant will make an ideal hedge, especially in sandy soils 2/-

LEYCESTERIA.— India. Caprifoliaceae.

Hardy evergreen, strong-growing shrub, producing in Spring bunches of Honeysuckle-like flowers. Cut back in Winter.

- Formosa**—White and purple 1/6

LHOTZKYA, Native Snow Myrtle.— Myrtaceae.

Dwarf evergreen Erica-like shrub, of 3 feet, with attractive, star-shaped flowers in earliest Spring. The buds before opening are pink. Prune as soon as the flowers fade.

- genetylloides**—White 2/-

LIBONIA.— Brazil. Acanthaceae.

Dwarf evergreen shrub, of 2 feet, with attractive small tubular flowers opening in Autumn and Winter. Cut back in Spring.

- floribunda**—Scarlet and yellow 1/6

LIGUSTRUM, The Privet.— China and Japan. Oleaceae.

Hardy evergreen shrubs, of dense compact growth. Very useful for hedges, of 3 to 4 feet. All varieties have small white flowers, in some cases followed by black berries. Prune in Winter.

- japonicum**—Large-leaved variety. Tall growing 1/-
- lucidum variegata**—Large-leaved variety, with attractive variegated foliage 2/-
- sinensis argentea variegata**—Small-leaved variety, with silver and green foliage 1/6

(See Hedge Plants for other Varieties.)

LILAC (see Syringa).

LIQUIDAMBAR.— N. America. Hamamelideae.

Hardy deciduous tree, of 20 to 30 feet. The most gorgeous of all Autumn-coloring trees. With handsome palmate foliage, which in Autumn turns brilliant red. Can be kept as a shrub by pruning hard back in Winter.

- styraciflua** 2/6

LIRIODENDRON, Tulip Tree.— N. America. Magnoliaceae.

Hardy deciduous tree, of 30 to 40 feet, with attractive large foliage, which turns brilliant gold in Autumn. Large Tulip-like flowers, sweetly scented.

- Tulipifera**—Flowers yellowish green 2/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

MACKAYA.—

Natal.

Acanthaceae.

Dwarf evergreen shrub, of 3 feet, suitable for sheltered positions. Long tubular flowers in Summer. Cut back in early Spring.

bella—Pale lilac, with red lines 1/6

MAGNOLIA.—

Magnoliaceae.

The most beautiful of hardy-flowering trees and shrubs. The deciduous varieties bloom early in Spring, before the foliage appears, their large Tulip-like flowers being much admired. The evergreen varieties, *Fuscata* and *Grandiflora*, both flower in Spring and Summer, and are very sweetly scented. *Grandiflora*, with its large Laurel-like foliage, makes a handsome tree for a specimen.

fuscata—"Port Wine Magnolia." Flowers copper colored, strongly perfumed. Evergreen shrub of 5 to 6 feet 2/6

grandiflora—Immense waxy white flowers; strong lemon-scented. Evergreen tree 2/6

Kobus—Tall growing deciduous variety, covered in early Spring with small flowers, white reverse of petals pale pink. Flowers similar to *Stellata*, except that the petals do not reflex. This variety will be found far easier to establish than *Stellata* 3/6

obovata purpurea—Deep purple, richly variegated with white; fine deciduous shrub of 6 feet 5/-

Soulangeana—Large white flowers, tinted with rosy purple. A fine free-flowering deciduous variety, growing to 10 feet 7/6

Soulangeana nigra—Similar to the preceding, with dark rich wine purple flowers. A very handsome variety, which is exceedingly rare 10/6

stellata—Dwarf deciduous variety, not exceeding 3 or 4 feet, covered in early Spring with starry, pure white flowers. Rather difficult to establish, but a beautiful shrub where it does well 5/-

MALUS (see *Pyrus-Malus*).

MARGUERITE, The Marguerite.—

Compositae.

Dwarf shrubs, of 3 to 4 feet, bearing a profusion of large daisy-like flowers, which are useful for cutting. Prune hard back in Winter.

Mrs. F. Sander—Large double white 1/-

star white—Large single white, with yellow centre 1/-

yellow—Single and double 1/-

MELALEUCA, Native Tea tree Shrub.—

Myrtaceae.

Hardy evergreen, large growing shrubs, very suitable for planting in poor sandy soils, or on the sea coast. Flowers are similar to the Bottle Brush. Will stand cutting at any time.

armillaris—"Bracelet Tea Tree." Flowers creamy white 1/6

hypericifolia—"Hillock Tree." Flowers rich red 1/6

laterita—"Robin-Red Breast Bush." Flowers red vermilion 2/-

stypheleoides—"Paper-bark Tea Tree." Flowers white, large growing variety 1/6

squamea—Bright lilac; a fine shrub of 4 feet 2/-

MELIA, White Cedar.—

Asia.

Meliaceae.

Hardy semi-deciduous rapid growing tree, of 20 to 30 feet, with large Ash-like foliage. Attractive flowers in Spring, followed by yellow berries, which remain on the plant for a considerable time. Useful shade tree for hot districts.

azedarach—Flowers lilac 1/6

MENZIESIA, Irish Heath.—

Ericaceae.

Dwarf evergreen shrubs, of 2 feet, with pretty drooping bell-shaped flowers.

polifolia—Purple 1/6

polifolia alba—Pure white 1/6

METROSIDEROS, New Zealand Rata.—

Myrtaceae.

Hardy evergreen large shrub, of 10 to 12 feet, with attractive foliage and large bottle-brush flowers in Summer. Grows well on the coast. Can be cut hard back in Winter.

tomentosa—Brilliant scarlet 2/-

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

MICROMYRTUS, Grampians Rock Myrtle.—

Myrtaceae.

A dwarf evergreen Erica-like shrub, of 2 feet, covered in early Spring with a mass of tiny flowers, opening palest pink, deepening to rich crimson as they age.

microphylla, syn. *Beckia plicata* 2/-

MITRARIA.—

Central America.

Gesneraceae.

A lovely dwarf, evergreen of 2 to 3 feet, producing in Summer bright tubular flowers, 2 inches long. Flourishes in partial shade. Prune after frosts are over.

coccinea—Bright scarlet 1/6

MORUS, The Mulberry.—

Urticaceae.

Hardy deciduous trees, of 20 to 30 feet. The foliage of *Alba* is largely used for feeding Silkworms, whilst *nigra* is the popular berry bearing tree of commerce.

alba—White Mulberry of China 1/6

nigra—Black Mulberry from Italy 3/6

MYRTUS, The Myrtle.—

Europe.

Myrtaceae.

Well-known dwarf evergreen shrubs, of 3 to 5 feet, with attractive white flowers, with golden stamens opening in Summer. Prune in Winter.

communis—Common English Myrtle 1/6

communis variegata—Dwarf variety, with silver and green foliage 1/6

NERIUM, The Oleander.—

S. Europe.

Apocynaceae.

Very hardy evergreen shrubs, of 5 to 6 feet, that thrive anywhere. In Summer they are covered with double and single flowers in large trusses which stand well above the foliage and are most attractive. Cut back in Winter.

Dr. Golfin—Deep rosy red, single 1/6

luteum plenus—Semi-double, creamy yellow 1/6

Madonna Grandiflora—Semi-double, pure white 1/6

Monsieur Belaguer—Single, clear pink 1/6

Professor Durand—Semi-double light primrose 1/6

punctatum—Single pink 1/6

splendens grandiflorum—Double pink, large flowers 1/6

splendens variegatum—Foliage striped green and gold; pink flowers 2/-

Souvenir de C. Allut—Single dark crimson; very free flowering . . 1/6

Mrs. F. Roeding—Semi-double clear salmon. Quite distinct . . 2/6

OLEARIA, New Zealand Daisy Bush.—

Compositae.

Hardy evergreen shrub, of 6 feet, with pale green leaves, silvery underneath. Suitable for seaside planting. Prune in Winter.

Fosteri—Flowers white and fragrant 1/6

OTHONNA, Yellow Marguerite.—

Compositae.

Dwarf evergreen shrub, of 3 feet, covered in Winter with large Marguerite-like flowers. Prune hard back after flowering.

athanasiae—Golden yellow 1/6

PAULOWNIA.—

China & Japan.

Scrophulariaceae.

Strong growing deciduous trees, of 15 to 20 feet, with large green foliage up to 18 inches long. Distinct Foxglove-like flowers, opening in Summer. These make fine specimens for lawns, and are very handsome when in flower.

imperialis—Pale blue 2/6

Fortunei—Large Gloxinia-like flowers, 3 to 4 inches long; cream, heavily spotted with deep chocolate-purple. Deliciously perfumed, reminding one of *Lilium Auratum*. Greatly admired in the Botanic Gardens, where it flowered for the first time in Australia. Very scarce 5/-

PAVONIA.—

St. Domingo.

Malvaceae.

Hardy evergreen shrub, of 4 to 6 feet, with large foliage and attractive upright Abutilon-like flowers throughout most of the year. Cut back after frosts are over.

coccinea—Bright scarlet 1/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

PEROWSKIA.—

Afghanistan.

Labiatae.

An uncommon small shrub, with white tomentose branches, fragrant grey foliage, and producing in Summer and Autumn long branching spikes of small Salvia-like flowers. Cut hard back in Winter.

atriplicifolia—Clear blue 2/-

PHILADELPHUS, Mock Orange Blossom.—

Saxifrageae.

Hardy shrubs, of 3 to 6 feet, covered in Spring with fragrant white flowers. They thrive in any soil or situation. All deciduous except Mexicanus. Prune in Winter or after flowering.

Boule D'Argent—Double flowers, dwarf and free-flowering . . . 1/6

Candelabra—Dwarf trailing variety, with pendulous flowers . . 2/-

coronarius—The Common Mock Orange. Sweetly perfumed, 5 ft. 1/6

coronarius aureus—Bright golden foliage in Spring; dwarf . . . 1/6

fimbriata—Very small growing variety, with bell-shaped flowers, petals fimbriated 2/-

Lemoinei Albatre—Dwarf compact variety, with semi-double flowers 2/-

mexicanus—Creamy white, large flowers. A fine evergreen shrub of 3 to 4 feet. Strongly perfumed 1/6

Norma—Large single-flowered variety; very sweetly scented . . . 2/-

Rosacea—Flowers semi-double; very large and attractive . . . 2/-

speciosus—Tall growing, coming into flower after Coronarius . . 1/6

PHOTINIA, Chinese Hawthorn.—

Rosaceae.

Hardy evergreen shrub, of 10 to 15 feet, with handsome dark green serrated foliage. The young leaves in Spring are rich crimson. Flowers in panicles, similar to the Lauristinus, followed by yellow berries. Makes a fine hedge, thriving in dry districts. Cut back in Winter.

serrulata—White 15/- per doz.; 1/6

PHYTOLACCA.—

S. America.

Phytolaccaceae.

A very fast-growing tree, attaining 20 to 30 feet, suitable for shade in hot dry districts.

dioica—Greenish white flowers 1/6

PITTOSPORUM.—

Australia & New Zealand.

Pittosporaceae.

Hardy popular evergreen shrubs, of 10 to 12 feet; very suitable for hedges, except Tobira, which forms a handsome shrub of 4 to 5 feet. Cut or trim in early Spring. (See also Hedge Plants.)

crassifolium—Foliage greyish green, flowers brown-purple. A very hardy variety for dry situations 1/6

eugenoides—Known as the yellow Pittosporum. Foliage pale green 1/6

eugenoides variegatum—Leaves deeply bordered with white . . . 2/-

nigrescens—The small-leaved variety, with black flowers and stems 1/-

tobira variegata—The Japanese variety with attractive gold and green laurel-like foliage, and pale cream; sweetly-scented flowers 2/6

undulatum—Leaves dark green; flowers cream; perfumed . . . 1/-

PLATANUS, The Plane Tree.—

Levant.

Platanaceae.

Large growing deciduous tree, of 30 to 40 feet, with large broad foliage. Flowers greenish yellow in Spring succeeded by brown prickly fruits, which remain through Winter. Suitable for avenue or street planting. Plant during Winter months only.

orientalis—London or Oriental Plane 2/6

PLECTRANTHUS, Flowering Coleus.—

Labiatae.

Hardy evergreen shrubs, of 3 to 4 feet, with green coleus-like foliage, and attractive terminal spikes of flowers throughout Spring, Summer and Autumn. A shrub that will thrive in any odd corner. Cut back after frosts are over.

Ecklonii—Pale blue, lance-leaved 1/6

grandiflora—Blue, large palmate leaves 1/6

PLEROMA.—

Peru.

Melastomaceae.

Dwarf hardy evergreen shrub, of 4 feet, with small Lasiandra-like flowers in Summer. Cut back in Spring.

sarmentosa—Rich violet 1/6

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

- PLUMBAGO, Lead Wort.**— Cape of Good Hope. *Plumbaginaceae.*
One of the hardiest of dwarf shrubs, growing 4 to 5 feet, and flowering throughout the Summer. Makes a fine hedge plant, standing the heat and drought well. Cut in Spring.
capensis—Pale blue 12/- per doz.; 1/6
capensis alba—Pure white 1/6
- PODALYRIA.**— S. Africa. *Leguminosae.*
Hardy evergreen shrubs, with attractive silvery foliage and distinct pea-shaped flowers in Spring. Cut back after flowering.
styracifolia, syn. *calyptрата*—Flowers mauve-pink, produced in profusion 2/-
sericea—Flowers pale pink 1/6
- POLYGALA, Milk Wort.**— S. Africa. *Polygalaceae.*
Hardy evergreen shrubs, of 6 feet, with pale green foliage and distinct pea-shaped flowers, opening in Winter. Myrtifolia makes a good hedge for planting in sandy soils or near the coast. Prune after flowering.
myrtifolia—Purple 15/- per doz.; 1/6
grandiflora—Deep purple 2/6
- POMADERRIS, Native Hazel.**— Rhamnaceae.
Hardy evergreen shrub, of 5 to 6 feet, with pale green foliage and large heads of small flowers, opening in Spring. Cut back after flowering.
elliptica—Bright yellow 1/6
- POINSETTIA.**— Mexico. *Euphorbiaceae.*
Tender deciduous shrub, of 4 to 5 feet, producing in Winter small yellow flowers, surrounded by enormous brilliant scarlet bracts or leaves. Will only grow in warm sheltered positions. As a pot plant it is most effective. Cut hard back when dormant in Summer.
pulcherrima 2/6
- POPULUS, The Poplar.**— Salicineae.
Strong growing deciduous trees of rapid growth, attaining 40 to 50 feet. Very fine subjects for avenue planting. Plant during Winter months only.
alba—Silver or Abele Poplar. Handsome silver foliage 2/-
Bolleana—Upright silver Poplar 2/-
canadensis aurea—Bright golden foliage 2/-
dilitata—Lombardy or upright Poplar 2/-
monilifera—Spreading Poplar 2/-
- PROSTANTHERA, Native Mint Bush.**— Labiatae.
Hardy quick growing evergreen shrubs, of 4 to 5 feet, covered in early Spring with masses of attractive flowers. Cut back after flowering.
melissifolia—Violet, the largest variety 1/6
nivea—White 1/6
rotundifolia—Violet 1/6
Sieberi—Light violet. Dwarf and floriferous 1/6
- PRUNUS, Flowering Plum.**— Rosaceae.
Hardy deciduous shrubs and trees of great beauty, flowering in Winter and early Spring. Growing 12 to 15 feet, with the exception of *Sinensis* and *Triloba*, which are shrubs of 4 to 5 feet only.
The varieties of *Mume* should be included in all gardens, as their attractive sweetly-scented flowers open in June, when they are much valued.
Pissardi and its varieties—*Blireana*, *Moseri*, and *Vesuvius*—are worth growing for their handsome foliage alone. Plant during Winter months or from pots in the Summer.
Blireana flore plena—Flowers double, bright rose, opening in August. Foliage purple 2/-
Moseri flore plena—Similar to *Blireana*, but a lighter shade of pink 2/-
mume rosea—Japanese Winter-flowering Plum, semi-double pink 2/-
mume splendens—Semi-double crimson 3/6
mume alba—Semi-double white 2/-
Pissardii nigra—Foliage almost black; very effective 2/-
Pissardii nigra—Strong plants, grown in standard form; 5 to 6 feet high 3/6
Pissardii—"The Persian Plum." Flowers white, similar to the Cherry Plum. Foliage a deep purplish red 2/-
Pollardii (See *Amygdalis Pollardii*).
spinosa purpurea—A small purple-leaved variety of dwarf bushy habit. Flowers white 2/-
sinensis alba—Double white, dwarf and bushy 1/6
sinensis rosea—Double pink, dwarf 1/6
triloba—Double deep rose pink, large foliage 2/-
Vesuvius—Foliage metallic crimson, larger and better color than *Pissardii* 2/-
Vesuvius—Standard plants 3/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

PSIDIUM, Guava.—

Brazil.

Myrtaceae.

A neat evergreen compact shrub, with Laurel-like foliage and producing quantities of delicious fruit.

cattleyanum—Flowers white. Fruit purple 1/6

PUNICA, Pomegranate.—

S. Europe.

Lythrarieae.

Hardy deciduous shrubs, of 6 to 8 feet, except Nana, which grows only 3 feet. Large attractive flowers in Spring. Granatum produces the edible Pomegranate fruit. Prune in Winter.

granatum—Single scarlet; large attractive fruits 1/6

granatum alba flore plena—Double creamy white 1/6

granatum flore plena—Double scarlet 1/6

granatum nana flore plena—Double scarlet 1/6

PYRUS, Mountain Ash or Rowan Tree.—

Rosaceae.

Hardy deciduous ornamental tree, of 20 to 30 feet, with attractive foliage, which turns crimson in Autumn; flowers white, succeeded by clusters of bright red berries. A fine tree for Avenue or specimen planting. Plant in Winter, or available in pots for Summer planting.

aucuparia 15/- per doz.; 1/6

PYRUS-MALUS, Flowering Crabs or Apples.—

Rosaceae.

Hardy deciduous ornamental trees, of 12 to 15 feet, with attractive flowers in early Spring, followed by small sour Apples of Crabs. Plant in Winter, or available in pots for Summer planting. Prune in Winter.

Eva Rathe—A variety with weeping branches; flowers pink; very attractive. Worked on stems 5 to 6 feet high 7/6

floribunda—Bright carmine bud, white flowers, reverse of petals pink. Exceedingly floriferous 3/6

floribunda purpurea—A distinct variety, with purple flowers; foliage, fruit and wood, of horizontal growth. Very effective 2/-

Schiedeckeri—A beautiful variety, with rich rose pink flowers . . 2/-

spectabilis alba—Flowers white, tinted pink; very effective . . . 2/-

spectabilis—"Chinese Crab." A beautiful tree, large semi-double, rose pink flowers in early Spring. Scarlet fruits in autumn 2/-

QUERCUS, The Oak.—

Cupuliferae.

Well-known evergreen and deciduous trees, suitable for cold climates, they grow vigorously in strong deep soils.

cerris—"Turkey Oak." Deciduous 2/-

Prinus—"Chestnut Oak." Large-leaved variety from America . . 2/6

Suber—"Cork Oak." Evergreen tree. This variety furnishes the cork of commerce 2/-

Rubur—"British Oak." Strong growing deciduous tree 2/-

RAPHIOLEPSIS, Indian Hawthorn.—

Rosaceae.

Hardy evergreen shrubs, of 5 to 6 feet, with ovate leathery leaves, clusters of fragrant flowers in Spring, followed by black berries in Autumn. Cut back in Winter.

intermedia—White medium-sized leaves 1/6

ovata—White, large leaves 1/6

RHAMNUS, Buckthorn.—

S. Europe.

Rhamnaceae.

Hardy evergreen shrubs, of 6 feet, with glossy foliage, inconspicuous green flowers. Fine shrubs for planting near the sea coast. Cut back in Winter.

alaternus—Foliage green 1/6

alaternus variegata—Foliage margined with gold 2/-

RHODODENDRON.—

Ericaceae.

Well-known gorgeous flowering evergreens, thriving in cool moist positions. They like a soil full of humus, and free from lime. Any cutting should be done after flowers fade.

arboreum—We have a fine collection of named varieties of these in all shades, from pink to deep crimson. A list of names shall be forwarded on application. Strong bushy plants, 2 to 3 feet high 7/6

Hybridum—Seedlings raised in the nursery, embracing all shades 2/6

Pink Pearl—Without doubt the finest of all Rhododendrons, and one of the most showy shrubs imaginable. Producing in October huge trusses of large deep pink flowers, fading with age. Strong specimens, with 6 to 8 branches . . . 15/- & £1 ea.

RHODOTYPUS.—

Japan.

Rosaceae.

Handsome deciduous shrub, of 4 feet, with pretty foliage and Anemone-like flowers in early Spring.

kerrioides—Flowers white, followed by black berries 2/-

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

- RHUS.**— Sumach. Amacardiaceae.
Valuable deciduous shrubs, of 5 to 6 feet, with attractive foliage, which assumes brilliant tints in Autumn. Succedanea is the finest for Autumn tints, and has the advantage of being non-suckering.
- cotinus**—"Wig Tree." Glauous round leaves, turning crimson and yellow in Autumn 2/-
- succedanea**—"Japanese Wax Tree." Graceful foliage, turning rich scarlet in Autumn, and holding well into Winter 1/6
- typhina**—"Stag's-horn Sumack." Long graceful foliage, turning orange scarlet in Autumn 1/6
- typhina laciniata**—A graceful fern-leaved variety, which turns brilliant red in Autumn 2/-
- RIBES, Flowering Currants.**— N. America. Saxifrageae.
Beautiful deciduous free-flowering shrubs, of 4 to 5 feet, with attractive pendulous trusses of flowers in earliest Spring. They thrive in almost any soil or situation. Prune after flowering.
- aureum**—Flowers pale yellow. Leaves turning red in Autumn 1/6
- Gordonianum**—Hybrid between Aureum and Sanguineum, with attractive bronze flowers 1/6
- Menziesii**—Showy Gooseberry-like plant; flowers rich chocolate and white, freely produced in late Winter 1/6
- sanguineum**—"Red Flowering Currant." Very attractive in early Spring 1/6
- sanguineum albidum**—Flowers white, tinged pale pink, opening in Winter 1/6
- RICINUS, Castor Oil Tree.**— India. Euphorbiaceae.
Hardy evergreen rapid shrub, of 5 to 6 feet, with bronze-purple foliage. The oil is produced from the seeds, which are borne in profusion. Prune after frosts.
- communis**—Flowers green 1/-
- ROBINIA, Locust Tree.**— Leguminosae.
The Pseudo-acacia is a hardy deciduous tree, of 20 to 30 feet, thriving anywhere. Hispida is of more delicate nature, but when once established has few rivals in early Spring. Growing about 6 feet, it is covered with a mass of Wistaria-like racemes. A sheltered position in good deep soil suits it best.
- hispida rosea**—Deep pink; very handsome 5/-
- pseudacacia**—White 2/-
- ROMNEYA, Californian Tree Poppy.**— Papaveraceae.
Hardy evergreen shrub, of 4 feet, with distinct glauous foliage and gigantic poppy flowers, 6 inches across. This new variety flowers from early Spring till Autumn, is dwarf and compact in habit, does not sucker, and will produce flowers when only a foot high. It is so much superior to the old R. Coulterii that we have discontinued growing that variety. Cut hard back in Spring.
- trichocalyx**—Flowers pure white, with mass of golden stamens.. 2/6
- RONDELETIA.**— Guatemala. Rubiaceae.
Dwarf evergreen tender shrub, of 3 feet, with attractive Bouvardia-like flowers in Summer. Thrives in a warm sunny position.
- anomala**—Crimson 2/-
- RUSSELIA, Mexican Flowering Rush.**— Scrophilariaceae.
Hardy shrub, of 3 to 4 feet, with pendulous rush-like foliage. Producing in Summer bright tubular flowers in profusion. Does well planted against a wall and trained as a climber.
- junceae**—Bright scarlet 2/-
- SALIX, The Willow.**— Europe. Salicineae.
Well-known deciduous trees, of rapid growth, flourishing in damp situations, or at the side of streams. The pussy willow bears in August yellow catkins, which are most effective against the redwood, and when cut last in water for weeks. Prune in Winter. Plant during Winter months.
- babylonica**—Narrow-leaved weeping willow 1/6
- caprea**—"The Palm Willow." Showy, when in flower, but not as effective as Rubra 1/6
- rubra**—"Pussy Willow." Very popular on account of its attractive flowers in early Spring 1/6
- vitellina**—"Golden Willow." Rich golden yellow wood 1/6
- SALVIA, Shrubby Sage.**— Labiatae.
Dwarf evergreen shrubby plants, of 3 to 4 feet, flowering throughout the Summer. Grahmi and Purpurea are always in flower even in the depth of Winter. Cut back after frosts. (See also Herbaceous Plants.)
- Grahmi**—Crimson, always in flower 1/6
- Grahmi purpurea**—Rich purplish crimson 1/6
- rutilans**—Large foliage. Flowers magenta crimson 1/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

- SAMBUCAS, The Elderberry.**— Britain. Caprifoliaceae.
Hardy deciduous shrubs, of 8 to 10 feet, with attractive foliage and Laurestinus-like flowers in early Spring. Nigra produces the berries, from which Elderberry Wine is made. Prune hard back in Winter.
- nigra**—Bright green foliage 1/6
nigra argentea—Silver and green foliage 1/6
nigra aurea—Bright golden foliage 1/6
nigra laciniata—Deeply cut, green foliage 1/6
- SOPHORA TETRAPTERA** (see *Edwardsia Microphylla*).
- SOLANUM.**— S. America. Solanaceae.
Hardy evergreen shrubs, of 4 to 5 feet, with attractive flowers in Summer. Thriving in any situation. Cut back after frosts.
- azureum**—Bright blue 2/-
- SPARMANNIA.**— S. Africa. Tiliaceae.
Quick growing evergreen shrubs, of 10 feet, with large foliage. Flowering in Winter and early Spring. Cut back after flowering.
- africana flore plena**—Double white 1/6
- SPARTIUM, Flowering Broom.**— S. Europe. Leguminosae.
Hardy shrubs that thrive anywhere. Flowering profusely in Spring from their almost leafless rush-like branches.
- album**—Pure white, flowering along the branches 1/6
junceum—"Spanish Broom." Bright golden yellow, sweetly scented. Fine for cutting 1/6
- SPIREA, Shrubby Spireas.**— Rosaceae.
Hardy deciduous and semi-deciduous shrubs of 4 to 6 feet, with attractive flowers in early Spring and Summer. Prunifolia and Thunbergii are amongst the earliest of shrubs to flower, opening in August and September, when their sprays of white flowers are appreciated. Prune after flowering.
- Anthony Waterer**—Rich crimson, Summer flowering. Foliage variegated, dwarf and compact 1/6
assurgens—Large panicles of pure white flowers. Foliage very handsome. An improvement on Lindleyana 1/6
Douglasii—Deep rose, dense heads of small white flowers in Summer. Upright growth 1/6
grandiflora (see *Exochordia Grandiflora*).
prunifolia flore plena—A beautiful early-flowering species, double pure white flowers, clustering along the arching shoots 1/6
Reevesiana, syn. hypericifolia & cantonensis—"Bridal Wreath." Semi-evergreen shrub of graceful habit, large clusters of pure white flowers 1/6
Reevesiana flore plena—A double variety; very effective 1/6
salicifolia—Compact shrub, with fine panicles of pink flowers in Summer 1/6
Thunbergii, syn. gracilis—Handsome dwarf variety, with grass-like foliage turning rich color in Autumn. In Spring a mass of snow white flowers 1/6
- SPHAERALCEA.**— Mexico. Malvaceae.
Hardy evergreen shrub, of 4 feet, with large attractive foliage and handsome Abutilon-like flowers in bunches throughout the year. Cut back in early Spring.
- rosea**—Deep rose pink 2/-
- STAPHLEA, Bladder Nut.**— N. America. Sapindaceae.
Attractive deciduous shrub, of 4 feet, producing in early Spring, terminal bunches of flowers, followed by large bladder-like seed pods. Handsome pinnate foliage.
- colchica**—Creamy white 2/6
- STATICE, Everlasting Flower or Sea Lavender.**— Plumbagineae.
Dwarf evergreen shrubby plants, of 2 feet, with large panicles of small paper-like flowers, which last when cut for months. Valuable plants for dry spots, where few other plants will thrive. Perezii is a fine subject for any garden, throwing up huge trusses of flowers three or four feet high throughout the whole year.
- Perezii**—Rich blue, handsome leathery foliage 2/6
- STERCULIA.**— Australia. Sterculiaceae.
Handsome evergreen trees, of pyramidal growth, with attractive foliage and masses of bright flowers in Summer. Very suitable in hot dry districts, especially as avenue or street trees.
- acerifolia**—"Illawarra Flame Tree." Flowers rich flame scarlet 1/6
diversifolia, syn. populneum—"The Bottle Tree or Kurrajong." Flowers creamy-white. The best drought resisting tree known 1/6
lurida—"Broad-leaved Kurrajong." Flowers rich red 1/6
- STREPTOSOLEN, syn. Browallia.**— Equador. Solanaceae.
Dwarf evergreen shrub, of 4 feet, producing in Summer abundance of attractive flowers. Requires a warm sunny position and protection from heavy frosts.
- Jamesoni**—Rich orange 2/-

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

STENOCARPUS.—

Queensland.

Proteaceae.

Hardy evergreen small trees, of 15 feet, with bright green foliage, and attractive flowers in Spring. *Cunninghami* is the famous Queensland fire wheel tree. Both are fine subjects for hot dry districts.

Cunninghami, syn. *sinuatus*—Bright scarlet flowers, formed as the spokes of a wheel 2/6

salignus—"Beefwood." Flowers yellowish white 2/-

SYMPHORICARPUS.—

N. America.

Caprifoliaceae.

Dwarf deciduous shrubs, of 3 feet, with inconspicuous flowers in Spring, followed by attractive berries which remain for some time. Prune in Winter.

racemosus—"Snow Berry." Large snow white berries 1/6

vulgaris—"Coral Berry." Small coral berries 1/6

vulgaris variegata—Foliage green and yellow, very effective . . 1/6

SYNCARPIA, Native Turpentine Tree.—

Myrtaceae.

Fine evergreen tree, of rapid growth, suitable for Avenue or Street planting, thriving in poor soil. Especially suited for hot dry districts.

laurifolia—Flowers white 1/6

SYRINGA, The Lilac.—

Oleaceae.

Hardy deciduous shrubs, of 5 to 6 feet, with attractive flowers in Spring. They thrive in rich deep soil, and are especially suitable for Mountainous districts. *Dilitata* is recommended as a desirable early-flowering sweetly-scented shrub.

alba grandiflora—Single white, large trusses 2/-

Abel Carrieri—Large double, dark blue 2/-

Belle de Nancy—Double satin pink; very fine 2/-

Charles Joly—Double dark red 2/-

Charles Sargent—Double azure lilac-mauve 2/-

Charles X—Large single blue, buds red 2/-

Condorcet—Double blue; very effective 2/-

Congo—Single bright wallflower red 2/-

dilitata—A new species from Corea, single pale lilac with dark eye, buds crimson. This lilac opens early in August, a month before any other variety; very sweetly perfumed 2/-

Marechal Bassompierre—Double carmine red 2/-

Madam Casimer Perier—Pure white double, free flowering . . . 2/-

Madame Lemoine—Large compact truss, double white 2/-

Michael Buchner—Double rosy lilac 2/-

President Carnot—Double pale lilac, tinted white 2/-

President Loubet—Double purplish-red; enormous flowers . . . 2/-

President Grevy—Double blue, very large truss 2/-

persica (Persian Lilac)—Erect spikes of pale blue, profuse bloomer; very fine for cutting 1/6

Souv. de Louis Spath—Single blackish red; very large truss . . 2/-

Vulcan—Dark red; single 2/-

vulgaris—Common Lilac 1/6

TAMARIX, Flowering Cypress.—

Europe.

Tamariscineae.

Very hardy deciduous trees of 12 feet, with large plume-like panicles of minute flowers in Spring and Summer. Very suitable for planting in poor sandy soil, or at the sea coast. Prune hard back in Winter.

hispidula aestivalis—Carmine, strong growing 1/6

gallica—Spring-flowering, pink 1/6

Glauca—Silvery foliage, flowering in Summer 1/6

japonica—Vigorous growing variety, covered in Summer with sprays of carmine pink. The best of them all 1/6

tetrandra purpurea—Deep purplish pink, spring flowering . . . 1/6

TECOMA, Shrubby Tecomas.—

Bignoniaceae.

Hardy evergreen shrubs, of 8 to 10 feet, covered in Summer with branches of trumpet-shaped flowers. Fine subjects to withstand heat and drought. Cut back in early Spring. (See also Climbers.)

capensis—Orange scarlet 1/6

Smithii—Orange yellow, with brown reverse 1/6

velutina—Bright yellow 2/-

TRISTANIA, Queensland Box.—

Myrtaceae.

A valuable shade and street tree of rapid growth. Recommended as one of the finest evergreen trees we have. Plant after frosts are over.

conferta—Flowers white 15/- per doz.; 1/6

TOXICOPHLAEA.—

Natal.

Apocynaceae.

Hardy, sweetly-scented evergreen flowering shrub, with large purplish foliage.

spectabilis—White flowers, followed by black fruits 2/-

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

THRYPTOMENE.—

Australia.

Myrtaceae.

The beautiful heath-like shrub from the Grampians, growing 3 to 4 feet high. It is covered in Winter and early Spring with tiny Myrtle-like flowers. Prefers sandy open soil, free from manures. Cut back after flowering.

Mitchelli—White 2/-

VERONICA.—

New Zealand, Speedwell.

Scrophulariaceae.

Hardy evergreen dwarf shrubs, of 2 to 4 feet, flowering profusely in Winter and Spring, of rapid growth, and thriving freely in any soil or situation; they are particularly suited for seaside planting. Cut back in early Spring.

Andersonii variegata—Flowers blue, foliage heavily margined white 1/6

angustifolia—Flowers lilac, foliage larger than *Parviflora* . . . 1/6

celestralis—Bright rich blue 1/6

cupressoides—A distinct variety with Cypress-like foliage and violet flowers 1/6

Hulkei—Long upright spikes of pale lilac in Spring; fine for cutting 1/6

imperialis—Rich magenta crimson; very showy 1/6

macoura—Large glossy foliage; flowers white in December; 4 to 6 inches long 1/6

parviflora—Fine foliage, variety with pale pink flowers in Spring; makes a compact hedge 1/6

Reine et Roses—Flowers rich magenta crimson; very showy . . . 1/6

versicolor variegata—A very attractive dwarf, variegated form, flowers blue 1/6

VIBURNUM.—

Caprifoliaceae.

Hardy shrubs, of 4 to 8 feet, with attractive flowers in Winter and Spring. Cut back after flowering.

japonicum—Large Laurel-like foliage; flowers white 2/-

opulus—“Guelder Rose.” Well-known deciduous variety, producing a wealth of snow ball-like flowers in Spring. Foliage turns crimson in the Autumn 1/6

plicatum—“Chinese Guelder Rose.” White snow ball-like flowers . 2/-

plicatum tomentosum—Flat Hydrangea-like heads of white flowers, very attractive in Spring. Foliage turns bronze in the Autumn 1/6

rhytidophyllum—A new Chinese species, with attractive evergreen foliage, the leaves being 8 to 9 inches long, dark green, buff underneath; large clusters of yellowish white flowers, succeeded by red berries 2/6

tinus—“Laurustinus.” Well known evergreen Winter-flowering shrub. Very suitable for hedges 1/6

tinus lucidum—Glossy green foliage, large clusters of pure white flowers in early Spring 1/6

VIRGILIA.—

S. Africa.

Leguminosae.

Hardy evergreen small tree, of 15 to 20 feet, with attractive foliage and handsome pea-shaped flowers in Spring and Summer. *Capensis* is one of the fastest growing trees we have.

aurea—Rich golden yellow flowers 1/6

capensis—Purple and white 1/6

WESTRINGIA, Australian Rosemary Bush.—

Labiatae.

Hardy evergreen quick-growing shrubs, with Rosemary-like foliage and attractive flowers in Spring. They thrive in the poorest of soils. Cut back after flowering.

glabra—Deep lilac, dwarf and compact 2/-

rosmariniformis—Flowers white with lilac spots 1/6

WEIGELIA (syn. *Diervilla*).—

Caprifoliaceae.

Beautiful deciduous flowering shrubs, of 4 to 6 feet, thriving almost anywhere. Flowers trumpet-shaped in clusters, abundantly produced in early Spring. Cut back in Winter, or after flowering.

amabilis variegata—Foliage margined with creamy white . . . 1/6

Abel Carriere—Rosy crimson; very fine 1/6

Candida—Pure white, free flowering 1/6

Coquette—Rich deep rose, enormous flowers 1/6

Gloire des Bouquets—Dark rosy crimson 1/6

Heroine—Large white flowers, tinged with rose. Handsome foliage 2/-

Jean Mace—Deep rich purplish crimson 1/6

purpurata—Deep purple, shading to rose 1/6

rosea—Flowers rosy, very fine 1/6

Styriaca—Clear red, free flowering 1/6

Herbaceous and Bulbous Plants

ASCLEPIAS, Swallow Wort.— S. America. Asclepidaceae.

Sub-shrubby perennial, growing 2 feet, and producing clusters of bright buds, which open orange scarlet. Very effective.

Curassavica 1/6

ANEMONE, JAPONICA (Japanese Anemones).— Ranunculaceae.

These rank amongst the showiest and most useful of late Summer and Autumn-flowering herbaceous perennials. They are perfectly hardy, thriving in any ordinary soil, growing 2 to 3 feet high.

Hon. Joubert—Single white 1/6

Profusion—Tall growing, pale pink 1/6

Queen Charlotte—Large delicate pink flowers of great substance 1/6

Whirlwind—Large snowy white, semi double 1/6

ASTILBE (See Spiraea).

AMARYLLIS (Hippeastrum).—

Magnificent flowering bulbs, producing in Spring and Summer huge trumpet-shaped flowers, which last for some considerable time. They succeed as pot plants, or planted out in sunny, well-drained borders, where they flower from year to year, without being disturbed.

Unnamed Flowering size bulbs of our own raising, in mixed colors.

3/6 each, 36/- per dozen

BLETIA, Hardy Orchid.— China. Orchidaceae.

Hardy tuberous-rooted orchids, producing in Spring attractive spikes of flowers. Thriving in any well-drained open position.

hyacinthina—Purplish violet 2/6

hyacinthina alba—White 2/6

BOLTONIA.— N. America. Compositae.

Tall growing herbaceous perennial, with dense heads of Daisy-like flowers in Autumn; very effective.

Glastifolia, syn. asteroides—White 1/6

CAMPANULA, Bell Flower.— Campanulaceae.

Beautiful Summer-flowering perennials, suitable for cool flower borders or shrubberies. Large pendulous bell-shaped flowers.

celtidifolia Ed. Molyneaux—Light, mauve blue; very effective when established. Summer flowering 2/-

latifolia—Large, purple flowers; growing 2 feet high. Always in flower 1/6

persicifolia—Large heads of rich blue flowers 1/6

persiciflora alba—Pure white, large bells 1/6

persicifolia grandiflora—Dwarf, free-flowering variety 1/6

persicifolia Moerheimii—Double white; very fine 1/6

persicifolia, flore pleno—Double blue 1/6

pyramidalis—Blue growing, 4 to 5 feet high, flowering in Autumn 1/6

pyramidalis alba—Pure white variety 1/6

rotundifolia—"English Harebell." Very pretty dwarf variety.

Pale blue 1/6

turbinata—Dwarf trailing variety, with pale blue flowers . . . 1/6

pyraversi—Long pyramidal spikes, with large flowers of a pale blue to indigo blue 1/6

CERATOSTIGMA.— China. Plumbaginaceae.

A pretty hardy herbaceous plant, producing masses of wiry stems, surmounted with clusters of cabalt blue flowers, during Summer and Autumn.

plumbaginoides (syn. Plumbago larpentae).— 1/6

CHRYSANTHEMUM, Maximum.— Compositae.

Valuable herbaceous perennials, for flower beds, borders and shrubberies. Their clear white Marguerite-like flowers 2 inches across, produce a most charming effect.

Snowstorm—Flowering continuously throughout the year. Stems long and stiff. A fine variety 1/-

CLEMATIS, Herbaceous Clematis.— China. Clematideae.

A distinct hardy herbaceous perennial, throwing up in Summer and Autumn spikes of 2 to 3 feet high, bearing dense whorls of Hyacinth-like flowers. Sweetly perfumed.

Davidiana—Pale azure blue 1/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

CONVALLARIA, Lily of the Valley.— Britain.

Liliaceae.

Well-known hardy herbaceous perennial, spreading freely in cool shady moist places. Flowering in early Spring. Plant from May to August.

majalis—Single roots 3/6 per doz., 25/- per 100

CRINUM.—

Africa.

Amaryllideae.

Hardy evergreen bulbous plants, with large spikes of Lily-like flowers in Spring and Summer; very sweetly scented.

Moorei (syn. **Makoyanum**)—Large blush rose flowers; handsome 1/6

Powellii—Rich deep rose; free flowering 1/6

Powellii alba magnifica—Pure white; very fine 2/-

CYCLAMEN.—

S. Europe.

Primulaceae.

Handsome Winter and Spring-flowering plants. Can be grown either as pot plants in a cool greenhouse or planted out in a sheltered border. We have a large assortment, and can supply corms in 5in. pots, set with buds from April to September.

persicum hybridum—In shades of white pink, red, crimson, etc.
1/6 each, 15/- per doz.

CYNOGLOSSUM, Hound's Tongue.—

Boraginaceae.

Hardy herbaceous perennial, with attractive grey-green foliage, and large masses of Forget-me-not-like flowers. Will thrive anywhere.

amabile—Rich Delphinium blue. Grown in pots for transplanting 15/- doz.; 1/6

DIELYTRA, Bleeding Heart.—

Siberia.

Tamariaceae.

Hardy Spring-flowering herbaceous plants, with large fleshy roots. The flowers are produced on spikes about 2 feet high, and hang gracefully on one side. Requires a cool sheltered position. Plant from March to September.

spectabilis—Rose and white 2/-

DIERAMA, Wand-Flower.—

S. Africa.

Iridea.

Hardy evergreen bulbous plant, with grassy foliage. In late Summer. Producing pendulous Foxglove-like flowers on spikes 8 feet tall.

pulcherrima—Rosy purple 1/6 per clump

DELPHINIUM, Perennial Larkspurs.—

Ranunculaceae.

These handsome, stately plants produce long bold flower spikes, ranging in color from the palest sky blue to the darkest shades of indigo and violet. Some have a tinge of rose, pink or purple, and the bee-like centres, varying from pure white to brown and bronzy black. Some of the varieties are remarkable for their large single flowers, others for their very double or large semi-double flowers. When grown in bold groups, whether in beds, herbaceous borders, or shrubberies, few plants are so striking, or produce a more brilliant effect, during the Summer and early Autumn.

Delphiniums are perfectly hardy, succeeding in any ordinary garden soil well enriched with manure. Before planting, dig the ground deeply, adding plenty of well decomposed manure. Copious waterings in Summer, when the weather is dry, will secure finer flower spikes, and if, after the first flowering the plants are cut down, fresh flower-spikes will be produced, thus lengthening the display. They are distinctly lime-loving plants, and frequent dressings of well slacked lime, during Winter and Spring, will be found beneficial to the plants, as well as keeping in check slugs, which play such havoc with the tender shoots.

Mixed Hybrids, in beautiful colors 6/- to 10/- per dozen

Specially selected varieties, mixed colors. These are quite

equal to the best imported named varieties 15/- per dozen

DORONICUM, Harpur Crewe.—

Compositae.

Very free and showy herbaceous plant, with large Daisy-like flowers, all Summer.

plantagineum excelsum—Rich golden yellow 1/6

DRACOCEPHALUM, Dragon's Head.—

Labiateae.

Hardy herbaceous perennial, growing 1½ feet high, and producing quantities of attractive flowers, all through Summer and Autumn.

Ruyschianum—Pale lavender blue 1/6

ERIGERON, Fleabane.—

Compositae.

Hardy herbaceous low-growing perennials, producing quantities of Aster-like flowers throughout Spring, Summer and Autumn.

glabellus—Violet flowers; dwarf; neat grower 1/6

elator gigantea—Very large flowers of a pale lilac color, on stems 2 to 3 feet high. One of the best perennials for cutting 2/-

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

- FUNKIA, Plantain Lily.**— Japan. Liliaceae.
Hardy herbaceous plants, with ornamental foliage, producing large spikes of Lily-like flowers in Summer. Very suitable as pot plants for bush houses.
- ovata**—Large handsome green foliage; flowers purple 1/6
undulata fol. variegated—Small foliage, striped green and white; very effective in Spring 1/6
subcordata—Pure white 1/6
- GAILLARDIA.**— Compositae.
Well-known hardy herbaceous perennial, very useful for cut flowers.
- Monarch**—A giant variety, producing quantities of huge flowers, often attaining a diameter of 4 or 5 inches, and held erect on stiff stems a yard or more long. Color crimson in centre, with wide yellow margin 1/6 each; 15/- doz.
- GAURA.**— Texas. Onagraceae.
A distinct perennial plant, growing to about 3 feet, and producing quantities of flowers throughout most of the year.
- Lindheimeri**—White 1/6
- GENTIANA, The Gentian.**— Wales. Gentianaceae.
A beautiful border or rock plant, thriving in cool moist soils, specially suited for Mountainous districts; when well established it forms dense masses of green foliage, covered in Spring with large erect bell-shaped flowers.
- acaulis**—Deep rich blue 2/-
- GERBERA, Transvaal Daisy.**— Compositae.
Well-known perennials, thriving in warm well-drained positions in rich soil.
- hybrida**—In mixed colors, from cream to scarlet 2/6
Smaller plants 15/- doz.; 1/6
- GYPSOPHILA.**—
Hardy herbaceous plant, with long tapering roots, producing in Summer dense heads of minute white flowers, on light wiry stems. The spikes last for months when cut. Plant from May to July.
- paniculata**—Strong roots 1/6
repens—Dwarf trailing Alpine variety 1/6
- HEDYCHIUM, French Honeysuckle.**— East Indies. Scitamineae.
Hardy herbaceous perennial, with strong Canna-like growth, and handsome heads of sweetly-scented flowers. A fine subject for growing under trees.
- coronarium**—Yellow and red 1/6
- HELENIUM.**— North America. Compositae.
Handsome perennial sunflower-like plant, producing large heads of flowers in Autumn, growing 3 to 4 feet.
- Riverton Beauty**—Rich lemon-yellow, with a large cone of purplish black 1/6
Bigelowi—Rich golden-yellow flowers. Dwarf 1/6
Riverton Gem—Yellow, shaded terra-cotta and bronze 1/6
pumilum magnificum—Large clear yellow; dwarf and free flowering 1/6
- HELIOPSIS.**— Compositae.
Hardy herbaceous perennial, growing 4 feet high and producing quantities of flowers throughout Spring, Summer and Autumn.
- Pitcheriana**—Double orange; fine for cutting 1/6
- HELLEBORUS, Christmas Rose.**— Ranunculaceae.
Hardy evergreen Perennials, with single Rose-like flowers, produced freely from May to September. They delight in a shady situation in any ordinary garden soil enriched with manure. (Can be planted throughout the year.) The flowers, when cut, last for three or four weeks in water, provided the ends of the stems are split.
- Tall-growing, free flowering Hybrids from the collection, as grown in the Ballarat Gardens, where they grow to perfection, each plant producing hundreds of flowers. Pink, red, rose purple, white, etc. Mixed colors only, 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.
- HELIANTHUS, Perennial Sunflower.**— N. America.
Hardy herbaceous perennials that thrive anywhere, producing during Summer quantities of attractive flowers that are useful for cutting.
- maximiliana**—Single yellow; very tall growing 1/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

Miss Mellish—Semi-double yellow; very fine 1/6

Monarch—Immense golden yellow flowers, 4 to 5 inches in diameter, with two rows of petals. Growing 6 to 7 feet high; an ideal plant for cutting 2/-

HIBISCUS, Giant Mallows.— N. America. Malvaceae.

Hardy herbaceous perennial varieties, throwing up strong shoots 4 to 6 feet high in Spring. The flowers are large, often over 6 inches across, and are produced freely through Summer and Autumn. They are moisture-loving plants, and thrive in rich deep soil. The foliage turns golden yellow before falling in late Autumn. Cut back to the ground level each Winter. Strong roots available from June to August; after that in pots.

moscheutos alba—Pure white, with crimson eye 2/-
moscheutos carminea—Deep carmine pink 2/-
moscheutos coccineus—Large rich crimson 2/-
moscheutos striatum—Deep pink with red lines 2/-

INULA.— Compositae.

Hardy herbaceous perennial, producing large daisy-like flowers throughout Spring, Summer and Autumn. Thrives anywhere.

glandulosa—Rich yellow, very dwarf 1/6

IRIS GERMANICA, The Iris.— Irideae.

Hardy tuberous plants, that thrive almost anywhere, but prefer soil containing lime. An occasional dressing of slacked lime will overcome this deficiency. Our collection is the result of years of careful selection, having discarded countless varieties in our desire to grow only the best.

Alcazar—A giant in growth and flower; purple, blue and indigo 1/6
Amalie—Pale blue, violet and yellow 1/6
Canary Bird—Pale yellow 1/6
Caprice—Reddish purple; one of the best red Irises 1/6
Chester Hunt—Dark carmine blue, and shading paler on the edges 1/6
Cyriana Caterina—Massive lavender flowers 1/6
Donnanook—Large and massive, tall strong grower; standards pale blue. Very distinct 2/-
Dalmatica—Finest of all blues 1/6
Ed. Michel—Standards broad and frilled, falls of great width. Color a distinct shade of deep reddish petunia violet 2/-
Eldorado—Yellowish bronze, shaded heliotrope and gold 1/6
Freyer—Lilac blue, tinged deep blue; unique color 1/6
Gagus—Clear yellow. Falls red lined 1/6
Hermoine—Color, navy blue 1/6
Iris King—Large, massive flowers, rich and bright, velvety maroon 1/6
Isoline—Bronze yellow, tinged pale rose 1/6
Jacquiniána—Velvety carmine and bronze 1/6
Kharput—Color, rich purple; large flowers 1/6
Khediye—Pale blue, very bright and distinct; orange crest 1/6
Lady Jellicoe—Strong growing, free-flowering variety; standards delicate lilac pink; falls violet purple, veined with cream 2/6
Lohengrin—Pale rosy lilac; enormous flowers 1/6
Lord of June—A very strong grower, with massive flowers of great size. Standards palest lavender blue; falls rich deep aniline blue. This is one of the finest Irises in cultivation 2/6
Loute—Mauve rose, falls amethyst, with brown marking 1/6
Macrantha—Immense purple, blue flowers 1/6
Madame Chereau—White, edged with blue 1/6
Mary—White, with rose lilac frillings 1/6
Mirage—Lovely pale blue, turning to pink 1/6
Mist—Fine pale blue, with darker frills 1/6
Monsignor—Lavender and rich pansy purple 1/6
Nine Wells—Color, light violet and deep purple 1/6
Odoratissima—Finest and largest of the pale blue Irises 1/6
Parisian—Large flowers; white, frilled blue 1/6
Pallida Variegata—Color, pale blue, with variegated foliage 1/6
Princess Victoria Louise—Pale yellow and plum color 1/6
Queen of May—Purplish lilac and rose 1/6
Quaker Lady—Fawn pink, flowers perfect in size and form 1/6
Rhein Nixe—White and rich violet color 1/6
Sarpedon—Color, beautiful blue; flowers very large 1/6

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

Zwanenburg—A new free flowering early variety, opening its flowers in August and September. Color, silver grey, splashed greenish old gold. Quite a rich oriental coloring 2/-

KNIPHOFIA (syn. Tritoma), Red Hot Poker.— S. Africa. Liliaceae.

Hardy evergreen perennials, with large sword-like foliage, from which rise stout stems surmounted by hundreds of brilliantly-colored tubular flowers, which last for weeks.

Ensifolia—Rich golden yellow, flowering in mid Winter 2/-
Goldelse—Golden yellow, dwarf variety. Summer flowering 1/6
Meteor—Deep yellow, a magnificent variety 2/-
Nelsonii—Fiery scarlet, small heads. Grass-like foliage 1/6
Star of Baden—Rich bronze yellow, Summer flowering 2/-

Red Prince—Clear orange crimson self. A fine medium sized spike; very rich and effective. The best of the Summer flowering varieties 2/6

LILIUM, The Lily.— Liliaceae.

Hardy bulbous plants, with beautiful trumpet-shaped flowers, opening in Spring and Summer.

auratum—The Golden-banded Lily of Japan 2/6
candidum (Madonna Lily)—Pure glistening white 1/6
Henryii—Rich apricot; thrives anywhere, growing up to 8 or 9 feet high 1/6
longiflorum (Xmas Lily)—Immense waxy white trumpets 1/-
pardalinum (Panther Lily)—Orange-red, with maroon spots 1/6
speciosum album—Pure white Tiger Lily 1/6
speciosum rubrum—White, with large carmine spots 1/6
speciosum melpomene—Pink with dark spots 1/6
tigrinum—"The Tiger Lily," orange scarlet, with dark spots 1/6
tigrinum flore pleno—"Double Tiger Lily." Very effective 1/6
sulphur-gale hybrids—A hybrid race of Lilies, obtained by crossing *Lilium sulphureum* and *regale*. Very large and massive trumpet varieties 7/6
Hanski—Very early and beautiful. Rich golden yellow, with dark spots. One of the finest Lilies 2/6

regale, "The Regale Lily"—The finest of garden Lilies of recent introduction; very bold and vigorous in growth. The sturdy stems, 3 to 4 feet high, bear from 4 to 8 or more large trumpet flowers. The centre of the flower is flushed with yellow, shading to white at the outer edges. Externally the flowers are streaked brown, shading to pink at the tips. Very distinct and as hardy as the popular "*Lilium Henryii*" 2/6

LITHOSPERMUM.— Boraginaceae.

A beautiful carpeting plant, forming a dense evergreen mass covered with lovely gentian blue flowers from Spring till Autumn.

prostratum—Rich gentian blue 2/-

LOBELIA CARDINALIS.— Virginia. Campanulaceae.

Hardy herbaceous perennial, requiring a moist sheltered position. Flowering in Summer on spikes 2 to 3 feet high. Plant from May to August.

Queen Victoria—Flowers vermilion scarlet; foliage purple bronze; very effective 15/- per doz.; 1/6

Selected Hybrids—The best varieties selected when in flower 15/- doz.

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

LUPINUS, Lupin.—

Columbia.

Leguminosae.

Hardy herbaceous perennials, of similar growth and habit to Delphiniums. In Spring and Summer they throw up tall stately spikes covered with small pea-shaped flowers. Plant from May to August.

Polyphyllus Hybrids—In mixed colors—blue, pink, white, rose, etc., strong crowns 9/- per doz.; 1/-

LYCORIS, Spider Lilies.—

China.

Amaryllideae.

Hardy bulbs, resembling Nerines in habit. Thriving in well-drained open positions. Flowers produced in late Autumn without foliage, which appears in Winter and Spring. Plant, when dormant, from January till March, about 2 inches below the ground.

radiata, syn. Nerine japonica—Rich crimson with golden anthers; very striking 6/- per doz.; 9d.

squamigera—Purplish rose, large flowers 2/-

MEGASEA, syn. saxifraga.—

saxifragaceae.

Hardy evergreen dwarf-growing plants, with large fleshy foliage and attractive trusses of flowers produced throughout the Winter months.

cordifolia—Light pink wax-like flowers 1/6

speciosa—Bright rose 2/-

MONARDA, Bergamot.—

N. America.

Labiatae.

Showy herbaceous plants, with tall quadrangular stems, and flowers made conspicuous by their colored bracts.

Sunset—Crimson purple 1/6

florarensis—Violet-purple 1/6

NEPETA, Cat mint.—

Labiatae.

A highly decorative dwarf edging plant, quickly forming a carpet of bluish-green foliage. Free flowering and lasting a long time in flower. Will thrive in the driest of situations.

Mussini—Lavender blue 10/- doz.; 1/- each

NERINE, Guernsey Lilies.—

Amaryllideae.

Hardy bulbs, thriving in any open, well-drained positions. Bowdenii we consider one of the finest garden plants we have. It is almost evergreen, and in the Autumn throws up flower spikes 18 inches to 2 feet high, each bearing a dozen or more attractive flowers; increases rapidly. Can be planted at almost any time, except when in flower.

Bowdenii—Color a delicate shade of rose pink; very effective 15/- per doz.; 1/6

filifolia—Bright rosy red, grass-like foliage. Clumps 1/6

flexuosa alba—Pure white, flowering in Autumn and Winter . . 1/6

PAEONIA, Herbaceous Paeony.—

Ranunculaceae.

Magnificent perennials, with ornamental and massive foliage, producing in Spring large double, semi-double, and single flowers. They thrive in good deep rich soil, and should be left undisturbed for several years. Plant from April to August. All double except where mentioned as otherwise.

atrosanguinea—Dark red, very large 2/-

Faust—Soft rose, double 2/-

Canary—White, tinged with sulphur yellow 2/-

Duc de Cazes—Carmine, rose and salmon 2/-

Duchess de Nemours—Snow white, rose scented, tall grower . . 2/-

Delachei—Wine purple 2/-

festiva maxima—Snow white, large full double flowers 2/-

Gen. Bertrand—Dark red 2/-

Jules Calot—Rosy carmine, with silver lining 2/-

Louis van Houtte—Rich crimson 2/-

Modiste Guerin—Purple rose, centre rose 2/-

Madam Calot—White, tipped carmine; centre cream 2/-

Madam E. Andre—Rich carmine-red 2/-

rubens—Deep rich red 2/-

Solfatare—Primrose yellow, passing to white 2/-

Van Dyck—Bright rose; very fine 2/-

PAPAVER, Orientale, Oriental Poppy.—

Papaveraceae.

Hardy herbaceous perennials, producing huge flowers, often 8 to 10 inches across on erect stems in Spring.

Named Varieties—In shades of pink, salmon and red . . 15/- doz.; 1/6

PENTSTEMON.—

Hardy perennials, thriving in any ordinary garden soil, in an open and sunny situation. Few plants are so beautiful or produce so brilliant an effect in beds or borders during Spring, Summer and Autumn. Colors range from blush-white, pink, salmon, rose and scarlet to violet and purple shades. The long pyramidal spikes of large Gloxinia-like flowers are always admired.

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

Named Varieties, assorted colors 12/- per doz.
heterophyllus—A distinct dwarf species, with clear light blue
 flowers 1/6

PHYGELIUS, Cape Fig-wort.—

Scrophulariaceae.

Hardy perennial, thriving in any position and producing erect stems
 with numbers of pendulous flowers, in late Summer and Autumn.
capensis.—Scarlet, with yellow throat 1/6

PHYSOSTEGIA, Dragon's Head.— N. America.

Labiatae.

Hardy herbaceous perennials, producing in Summer and Autumn tall
 erect spikes of Salvia-like flowers. Useful for cutting.

virginiana—Mauve pink 1/6

virginiana alba—Pure white 1/6

virginiana speciosum—Pale Pink. The dark stemmed variety . . 1/6

PLATYCODON, Chinese Balloon-flower.—

Campanulaceae.

Very handsome herbaceous perennials, producing during Summer and
 Autumn large open cup-shaped flowers, which, in the bud state, are inflated
 like a balloon. Very hardy, thriving in cool, damp situations.

grandiflorum Mariesii—Deep blue 1/6

grandiflorum alba—Pure white 1/6

POLEMONIUM, Jacob's Ladder.—

Polemoniaceae.

Hardy herbaceous plants, thriving anywhere, and producing spikes of
 bloom during Summer.

album—Pure white 1/6

coeruleum—Rich blue 1/6

POLIANTHES, The Tuberose.— Mexico.

Amaryllideae.

Hardy bulbous plants, producing tall spikes of pure white, wax-like,
 sweetly scented flowers in Autumn. Valuable as cut flowers. They thrive
 in any open position. Plant from May till September.

double—Tall double-flowered variety 6/- per doz.; 9d.

single—Single tube-like flowers 6/- per doz.; 9d.

The Pearl—Large double, dwarf growing 6/- per doz.; 9d.

POLYANTHUS HYBRIDS, Bunch Primrose.—

Primulaceae.

A fine strain of large flowering, richly-colored hybrids, mixed
 colors 3/6 per doz.

PRIMULA, The Primrose.—

. . . . Primulaceae.

Hardy dwarf-growing free-flowering perennials, thriving in moist shel-
 tered positions.

japonica—Bright carmine-red, with darker eye. Flower spikes 2
 feet high. Flowers very freely, produced in whorls. Splen-
 did for moist situations 12/- doz.; 1/6

denticulata—Pale lilac, very free flowering and attractive . . . 1/6

pulverulenta—Dark crimson, growth same as japonica 1/6

auricula hybrida—Including many beautiful shades of color . . . 1/6

vulgaris hybrida—English Primrose, various colors 3/6 doz.

vulgaris—Double mauve 1/- each

vulgaris—Double white 1/- each

vulgaris—Blue hybrids. A fine selection of various shades of
 blue, from pale lavender to deep violet 12/- per doz.

PYRETHRUM ROSEUM.—

Compositae.

Attractive herbaceous plants, with feathery foliage and large single
 and semi-double daisy-like flowers, produced on stems 18 inches to 2 feet
 high. Colors range from blush white through shades of rose and pink
 to rich crimson. Fine for borders in cool situations. Plant from May
 to September.

James Kelway—Large single bright scarlet flowers, borne
 erect on rigid stems, 2 feet high. One of the finest per-
 ennials we have. Unsurpassed for cutting, flowering
 through Spring, Summer and Autumn 2/-

Mont Blanc—Very large double white 1/6
Mixed Colors only 3/6 per doz.

RICHARDIA, Arum Lily.—

S. Africa

Aroideae.

Hardy bulbous plants, with large attractive foliage and handsome
 flowers in Summer. They thrive in any open well-drained situation, in-
 creasing rapidly. Plant from May to September.

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

- Africana, Syn. Aethiopica**—The Lily of the Nile. White, with golden spathe 1/-
- Elliotiana** (The Golden Calla)—Pure rich deep golden yellow, foliage spotted with white 2/-
- Pentlandii**—Handsome deep green foliage; flowers large, rich yellow, with black centre 2/-
- RUDBECKIA, Cone Flower.**— N. America. Compositae.
Hardy herbaceous perennials growing 4 to 6 feet high, and producing in Summer and Autumn large sunflower-like flowers. Very fine for cutting.
- Autumn Glory**—Large single, golden yellow, with cone-like centre 1/6
- pinnata**—Single yellow, with black centre. Early flowering . . . 1/6
- Golden Glow**—Large flowers, double, deep golden yellow . . . 1/-
- purpurea, syn. Echinaceae**—Petals deep ruby, long and narrow, with large cone-like centre. Very effective 1/6
- speciosa**—Single yellow, with black centre 1/-
- SALVIA.**— America. Labiatae.
Hardy perennials that are best treated as herbaceous and cut right back in Winter. Flowering in Summer and Autumn. They are very effective and thrive anywhere.
- Azurea**—Sky blue; very effective in Autumn 1/6
- barbata**—Rich purple, with silvery-grey calyces. Winter flowering 1/6
- Bethellii**—Bright rosy pink, tipped with white 1/6
- calyces** 1/6
- dichroa syn. bicolor**—Lavender-blue and white, a tall-growing variety 1/6
- numerosa virgata**—Flowers bluish-purple, with reddish-brown
- patens**—Bright rich blue; one of the finest of blue flowers . . . 12/- per doz.; 1/6
- ringens**—Tall spikes of light blue flowers. Fine for cutting . . . 1/6
- uliginosa**—Rich blue, marked with white, producing flowers in enormous quantities 12/- per doz.; 1/6
- SAXIFRAGA, London Pride.**— Britain. Saxifragaceae.
Dwarf perennial, producing in Spring trusses of fleshy flowers; very effective for cutting. Thrives in a moist shaded situation.
- umbrosa**—Flesh colored; large trusses of small flowers 1/6
- SAPONARIA, Soap Wort.**— England. Caryophyllaceae.
Hardy herbaceous perennial, spreading and thriving in any position. Producing in Summer and Autumn double carnation-scented flowers in upright panicles.
- officinalis flore plena**—Pale flesh color. In pots 1/6
- SCABIOSA, Perennial Scabious.**— Dipsaceae.
Hardy perennial shrubby plants, thriving anywhere, and producing quantities of flowers throughout the year.
- cretica**—Pale mauve; very effective 1/6
- japonica**—Deep mauve 1/6
- SCHIZOSTYLIS, Kaffir Lily.**— Irideae.
Dwarf evergreen bulbous plants producing erect spikes of flowers in Autumn and Winter.
- coccinea**—Brilliant scarlet 1/6
- Mrs. Hegarty**—Clear salmon-pink; flowering for a long period. It is unmistakably one of the most beautiful of hardy Autumn flowers 2/6
- SENECIO, Groundsel.**— Compositae.
Hardy herbaceous perennial, with large foliage and spikes of attractive flowers in Summer. Thrives in damp moist situations.
- clivorum**—Rich yellow 1/6
- SIDALCEA, Mallow.**— Malvacea.
Useful perennial, with miniature mallow-like flowers on tall branching stems.
- Rose Queen**—Bright satin rose 1/6
- SILENE, Catchfly.**— Caryophyllaceae.
Hardy herbaceous perennial, growing 3 feet high, and producing quantities of Dianthus-like flowers. Very fine for cutting.
- Fortunei**—Bright rose pink 1/6
- SOLIDAGO, Golden Rod.**— N. America. Compositae.
Free-growing herbaceous perennial, thriving almost anywhere, producing in Summer and Autumn large heads of small feathery flowers.
- flexuosa**—Golden yellow 1/-

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

STATICE (See Lavender).

Plumbagineae.

Herbaceous perennials, thriving in dry sunny situations, and producing in Autumn tall spikes of small everlasting flowers.

incana—Pink dwarf 1/6

SPIREA-ASTILBE, Meadow Sweet.—

Rosaceae.

Hardy herbaceous perennials, producing upright plumes of small flowers in Spring. They are moisture-loving plants, and succeed in cool damp positions. As pot plants they are very effective, and can be forced to flower early if required.

arendsi Ceres—Deep pink, throwing up long and graceful stems 2/—

florabunda—Very handsome, pure white, dark foliage 2/—

japonica—Pure white 1/6

japonica America—Deep pink 2/—

japonica Rubens—Deep carmine rose 2/—

Queen Alexandra—Bright pink 1/6

Philadelphia—Rosy purple, very effective 2/—

Peach Blossom—Light pink, very pretty 1/6

SPREKELIA, Jacobin Lily.—

Amaryllideae.

Hardy bulbous plants, producing in Summer large Cattleya-like flowers on stems 9 to 12 inches long. Very effective when massed. Thriving under similar conditions as Nerines.

formosissima—Deep dazzling scarlet 9/— per doz.; 1/—

STOKESIA, Cornflower Aster.—

Compositae.

Hardy evergreen perennials, producing in Summer and Autumn large Aster-like flowers on stems 12 to 18 inches long.

cyanea—Blue 1/—

cyanea alba—Pure white 1/—

THALICTRUM, Meadow Rue.— Europe.

Ranunculaceae.

Hardy herbaceous perennial, producing in Summer and Autumn tall spikes 3 to 4 feet, which are covered with dense masses of small flowers. Very dainty and effective when arranged with other flowers. Thriving in good rich soil.

dipterocarpum—Mauve, with lemon yellow anthers 1/6

THUNBERGIA.—

Acanthaceae.

Hardy herbaceous perennial, growing about 2 feet, and producing quantities of attractive flowers in Summer.

natalensis—Pale blue, with white throat 1/6

TRACHELIUM, Thread Wort.— Italy.

Campanulaceae.

Hardy perennial, producing throughout the year dense heads of tiny flowers.

coeruleum—Bright blue 1/6

TRITOMA (see Kniphofia).

TULBAGIA.—

South Africa.

Liliaceae.

Evergreen bulbous plant, producing trusses of attractive flowers in Summer.

violacea—Violet-mauve; very effective 1/6

TWEEDIA (Syn. Oxypetalum).

Aselepiadaceae.

Hardy perennial, with silvery grey foliage, and pretty star shaped flowers, opening in Spring, Summer and Autumn, followed by long pods. Thriving in a sunny situation.

coeruleum—Pale blue; very effective 1/6

VALLOTA, Scarborough Lily.— S. Africa.

Amaryllideae.

Hardy bulbous plant, thriving in well-drained exposed positions. Producing in Summer trusses of from 6 to 10 upright Amaryllis-like flowers, 12 to 18 inches high. Very effective.

purpurea—Small rich orange scarlet 1/6

VERONICA, Speedwell.—

Scrophulariaceae.

Hardy perennial plants, with attractive spikes of small flowers in Spring and Summer. Dwarf growing.

repens—White 1/6

prostrata—Blue, one of the best 1/6

spicata—Blue, a little gem 1/6

pectinata—Rich blue, very dwarf 1/6

VIOLETS (Viola Odorata).— Britain.

Violaceae.

Well-known dwarf bordering plants, thriving in any situation. The double varieties are less hardy, and require slightly more shade. Plant from March till August.

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

VIOLA, CORNUTA, Summer Violet.—

Violaceae.

This variety is quite distinct from all other Violas in its freedom of flowering, as it blooms all throughout the Summer and Autumn in the greatest profusion.

Being a dwarf grower, it throws up its blooms on long stalks, well above the foliage, and makes a dense carpet of a rich purple self color, which does not fade in the hottest sun.

The flowers are largely used for cutting, and are sold as a Summer Violet, which they resemble.

It will grow upon almost any good soil, and is perennial, and should be transplanted each year from division.

As a Summer bedding plant it is sure to become popular, as its colour is distinct and outstanding.

New Viola, Cornuta Superba—Strong plants 2/6 doz.; 17/6 per 100

SINGLE VARIETIES.

2/6 per Dozen; 18/- per 100.

Askania—Large purplish blue, free and vigorous.

Admiral Avellan—Reddish purple. The red violet.

Baron de Rothchild—Rich purple. The finest of all.

John Raddenbury—Pale clear blue, with white eye.

La France—Immense dark blue.

Princess of Wales—Violet, with long stout stems.

White Czar—Large single white.

3/6 per Dozen.

Enid—The giant single white variety, as large as Princess of Wales.

Odorata Sulphurea—The yellow violet. Clear sulphur yellow.

DOUBLE VARIETIES.

3/6 per Dozen.

Count Brazza—Pure white; a great favorite.

Lady H. Campbell—Deep blue.

Neapolitan—Palest blue; very fine.

NEW VARIETIES.

Mrs. D. Lloyd George—The outstanding novelty of the year, and the most delicious perfumed Violet yet raised.

Strong plants—1/- each; 7/6 per dozen.

The giant flowers, which are carried on extra long and strong stems of 9 or 10 inches, are of a rich deep violet-blue shade, with broad stiff petals, and have an attractive small double-white tinted red rosette in the centre of each flower. It flowers very early and profusely. The leaves are large and deep green. Quite the best Violet in existence at present. Received an Award of Merit from the Royal Horticultural Society, England.

King of Doubles—Very large double flowers, rich blue and white, long stems. Foliage large and vigorous, similar to that of the single varieties 5/- per doz.

Perennial Phlox.

Well known and exceedingly useful border plants, producing in late Summer sheaves of flowers of the greatest value for massing or cutting. We offer the following as a really good representative selection, containing the best of the new varieties. Deeply-dug, well-enriched soil, in an open position suits them. Like Delphiniums, they are lovers of lime. All fine strong plants, from open ground.

Price, 15/- per Doz.

Aegir —Brilliant scarlet red; dwarf and free flowering, does not bleach in the sun	1/6
Coquillicot —Bright orange scarlet; very effective	1/6
Dr. Konigshofer —Bright orange scarlet, with blood red eye	1/6
Etna —Deep coral red, maroon eye, immense truss	1/6
Europa —Snow white, with attractive carmine-red eye	1/6
Evangeline —Clear rose pink, with dark eye; tall	1/6
Firebrand —Brilliant orange scarlet, with dark eye; tall; strong grower	1/6

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

G. A. Strohlein —Scarlet orange, with bright carmine eye, extra large flower and truss	1/6
Gruppenkonigin —Satin rose, with dark eye; enormous truss; tall growing	1/6
Homeland —Brilliant dark orange red; large truss	2/-
Iris —Bluish violet, with deeper eye	1/6
Imperator —Dark carmine red, with deeper eye	2/-
Marie S. Jacob —Pale lilac, with white eye; enormous broad truss ..	2/-
Mia Ruys —Pure spotless white, very large flower; dwarf habit ..	2/-
Mrs. Ada Ellis —Deep rosy red; good pip and truss; semi dwarf ..	1/6
Mrs. Ethel Prichard —Clear rosy mauve, very large flower and truss; tall growing. One of the best	1/6
Mrs. Milly Hoboken —Soft clear pink; large erect truss; a very attractive variety	1/6
Mrs. H. J. Jones —Deep mauve, with brilliant carmine eye; large pip and truss; very effective	2/-
Mrs. Noorderwier —Fine rosy red, with white eye; very attractive; tall grower	1/6
Newbird —Rich crimson, large truss, early and free flowering	2/-
Rheinlander —Salmon pink, with cherry-red eye; enormous pip .. .	1/6
Rijnstroom —Rose pink, a fine free variety	1/6
Selma —Pink, with cherry-red eye; fine truss	1/6
Thor —Very bright salmon red, with carmine eye; large truss .. .	1/6
Titanic —Deep rosy pink; enormous pip; dwarf and compact .. .	1/6

Perennial Asters

Michaelmas Daisies.

Hardy free-flowering perennials, producing quantities of bloom during Summer and Autumn. Very suitable for garden borders or for use as cut flowers. They thrive in any soil or situation.

Antwerp—Long sprays of large single flowers, delightful shade of rose pink; good habit 1/6

Farreri (Big Bear)—A most glorious Aster, large flowers, composed of numerous long narrow drooping florets of the richest violet color, a central disc of vermilion orange, a species new to cultivation, and the finest yet discovered 2/6

Grey Lady—A most exquisite shade of opal grey, large semi-double flowers; distinct and most beautiful 1/6

Heather Glow—Free and vigorous, flowers extra large, a delightful shade of brilliant rose 1/6

King George—The finest perennial Aster in existence, being a variety of the amellus section. Huge flowers up to 3 inches in diameter, borne in trusses of 20 to 30 on stems not exceeding 18 inches; color a beautiful shade of bluish violet with yellow centre. Flowering from December to March, and standing well during the hot dry weather. The varieties of amellus do not produce runners or suckers as do most other perennial Asters 3/6

Little Boy Blue—One of the finest blues yet raised. Dwarf habit forming neat bushes about 2 feet high, covered with large semi-double rich blue flowers 1/6

Maggie Perry—This variety is the forerunner of a new type, the flowers are over 2½ inches across, the ray florets numerous and loosely arranged, resembling a miniature Japanese Chrysanthemum. Color a delightful shade of soft mauve 1/6

Miss Eisle—Growing 3½ feet high, large heads of enormous flowers, ray florets twisted and fluted, delightful shade of lavender blue.. 1/6

Mons—One of the most decorative, stout branching stems bearing a profusion of large deep rose colored flowers 1/6

Perry's White—The flowers are over 2 inches across, broad overlap-pink petals, snow white, with golden disc 1/6

Snowdrift—This is the finest of the many double varieties, branching pyramids of large semi-double snow white flowers 1/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

GENERAL COLLECTION.

Price, 12/- per Dozen.

- Anita Ballard**—Light blue, semi-double, petals in-curving.
Blue Gem—Large semi-double flowers; fine clear color.
Brightest and Best—Deep purple rose. A most beautiful variety.
Climax—Clear light blue, large yellow centre.
Cordifolius—Pale blue, graceful habit.
Fastigiatus—Deep blue, with yellow base.
Jupiter—Pale blue, edged deeper blue; very pretty.
King of Belgians—Pale blue, very large flowers.
Lady Lloyd—Single pink, dwarf and compact.
Moonlight—Ageratum blue; flowers of mammoth size.
Mrs. J. S. Baker—White, shading to lavender, semi-double.
Nancy Ballard—Deep mauve, distinctly shaded pink; very fine.
Perry's Pink—Deep pink. One of the best pink Asters.
Peggy Ballard—Soft blue, very double.
Pink Perfection—Bright rose pink. Most of the flowers opening at the one time.
Rachel Ballard—Deep rosy mauve, double, dwarf and bushy.
Robinson, V.C.—Bluish mauve, double, long sprays; useful for cutting.
Salicifolius Tresserne—Rose pink. A distinct variety.
Snowball—Pure white, semi-double; very effective.
Subcoerulescens—Violet blue, with golden disc.
Trinervis—Violet blue, with distinct yellow zone, very handsome, late flowering.
Thelma Perry—Clear pink. The finest pink Aster in cultivation.
White Climax—Pure white. The finest white Aster up to date.
White Cloud—Small white; a tall-growing variety.

Cannas.

Decorative plants of great beauty, quite hardy, nearly always in flower, magnificent in foliage, like the leaves of the Banana; not particular as to soil or situation. Very ornamental plants, apart altogether from their unsurpassingly lovely flowers.

NEW VARIETIES RAISED BY COLONEL FIELD.

atrorubra —Deep blood red; foliage green; tall	2/-
aurea-coccinea-maculata —Yellow, heavily spotted and blotched scarlet; foliage green	2/-
aurantius superba —Bright orange; foliage of a distinct metallic bronze	2/-
flavescens pallens —Cream, faintly spotted with palest carmine	2/-
flavescens pallens stricta —Cream, faintly spotted; a distinct and attractive variety; foliage green	2/-
Grace Field —Deep rose pink, shaded orange; foliage green . . .	2/-
Ivor Evans —Bright scarlet, with yellow throat; foliage green . .	2/-
Jessie Field —Bright scarlet, very rich; foliage green; tall . . .	2/-
lutea splendens —Rich yellow, faintly spotted; foliage green . .	2/-
Mrs. J. W. B. Field —Palest pink, a fine rounded, well-formed flower; foliage bronze	2/-
ochroleuca —Cream, with primrose edge and tips; foliage green	2/-
Rosea superba —Pale pink flushed with salmon, large flowers. Handsome green foliage; strong vigorous grower	2/-
One plant each of the twelve "Colonel Field" varieties for 20/-.	

GENERAL COLLECTION.

We claim to have one of the finest collections of Cannas in existence, having personally selected all the varieties which we list.

Price, 15/- per Dozen.

- Ami Jules Chretien**—Deep salmon pink; foliage green 1/6
August Chantain—Clear tomato red, with deeper veinings; deep green foliage 1/6

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

Carmania —Deep rosy pink, base of petals cream; foliage green	1/6
Carl Waurmann —Buff, shading to yellow; foliage green	1/6
Crown Princess Cacilie —Bronze foliage; flowers salmon pink	1/6
Cuba —Clear golden yellow; large green foliage	1/6
City of Portland —Bright rosy pink, with deeper throat markings; dwarf; green foliage	1/6
Cleopatra —Rich orange shaded amber; bronze foliage	2/-
Dr. Gelben —Deep rich canary yellow; foliage green	1/6
Dr. H. Dohrn —Bright crimson, large; foliage green	1/6
Elizabeth Hoss —Canary yellow, spotted red; green foliage	1/6
Eureka —Palest cream, large, well-formed flowers; green foliage	1/6
Firebrand —The finest pure scarlet Canna, with extra green foliage. This variety is unquestionably the best in existence. Large Amaryllis-like, perfectly shaped blooms	1/6
Florence Vaughan —Yellow, spotted with scarlet; foliage green	1/6
Frau Gartenbaudie —Yellow striped with red; foliage green	1/6
Francis Bertie —Carmine rose, with darker veinings; foliage green . .	1/6
Fred Benary —Orange, bordered yellow, throat yellow	1/6
Garten-Inspector-Jung —Clear buff, distinctly edged with gold; foliage green	2/-
Gloria —Rich orange red, large flowers; foliage green	2/-
Henry Carber —Bright rosy pink; bronze foliage	1/6
Hungaria —"La France" pink, with satiny sheen; foliage green	1/6
J. B. Vander Shoot —Foliage green; flowers yellow, spotted with crimson	1/6
Jupiter —Richest glistening scarlet, faintly edged golden yellow; foliage green	1/6
King Humbert —Orange scarlet, streaked with crimson; foliage bronze	1/6
Lady Lawrence —Clear bright orange, very rich; bronze foliage	1/6
Mrs. Geo. Strogelm —Crimson, streaked yellow; foliage bronze	1/6
Mrs. Alfred Connard —Deep salmon pink; large green foliage	1/6
Mons De Raynell —Rosy pink, large and fine; foliage green	1/6
M. Groebner —Dark metallic red foliage; flowers deep crimson	1/6
Musafolia —This is the finest foliage Canna, with enormous Musa-like leaves of a dark green bronze tinted color	1/6
Orange Bedder —Bright golden orange, with deeper markings and gold throat; very effective; green foliage	2/-
Oscar Dannecker —Bronze green foliage; orange flowers	1/6
Queen Charlotte —Bright red edged with gold	1/6
Richard Wallace —Yellow splashed with red; foliage green	1/6
Reine Von Stuttgart —Scarlet, base of petals yellow; foliage green . .	1/6
The Gem —Deep cream spotted with pale carmine; foliage green	1/6
Triumph —Bright scarlet, a magnificent flower, the largest we know. The blooms make a striking contrast against the coppery bronze foliage	1/6
Wm. Beary —Bright crimson; foliage green	1/6
Wm. Saunders —Brilliant crimson; foliage bronze; very showy	1/6
Wyoming —Old gold pencilled vermilion; foliage bronze	1/6
Wintzer's Colossal —One of the largest flowering Cannas. Clear bright scarlet; foliage green	2/-
Woodrow Wilson —Deep carmine pink, large flowers; foliage green . .	2/-
Yellow King Humbert —Large rich yellow, slightly spotted with orange red; foliage green	1/6
Wabash —Deep carmine pink; foliage bronze	2/-

Edging and Bordering Plants

This list contains plants of suitable growth for the formation of small permanent borders or edgings to beds.

All available for planting from May to August. When estimating the number of plants required allow 4 to the foot.

Alternanthera aurea —Dwarf soft-wooded plant, foliage green and gold. Plant in Spring only	10/- per 100
Alternanthera Jewell —Deep crimson and bronze. Plant in Spring only	10/- per 100
Dwarf Box —The best of all permanent borders. Can be trimmed to any shape	7/6 per 100
Lavender, English —A fine useful border, flowering in Summer	30/- per 100
Lavender, French —A fine useful border, flowering before the English variety	30/- per 100
Pink Mrs. Simpkins —Double white, sweetly scented, flowering in Spring	10/- per 100
Thrift —Dwarf prostrate green foliage, with white flowers	7/6 per 100
Thyme, Common —The well-known herb; useful border	7/6 per 100
Thyme, Silver Variegated —An attractive variety, with silver variegated foliage	7/6 per 100
Thyme, Lemon —Larger-leaved variety, with golden variegated foliage	7/6 per 100
Rosemary —Makes a fine border, if kept cut	7/6 per 100
Violets —(See Special List, Herbaceous Plants.)	

Hedge Plants.

A select list of plants most suitable for the formation of hedges. From this list a suitable subject for almost any soil, situation or climate can be selected. We have given the distances apart that we consider the various plants should be spaced; however, this can be varied to suit requirements. It is, however, unwise to place the plants very close, as in the struggle to exist, some are certain to fall out and then leave ugly gaps in a promising hedge. Available at all seasons, except where otherwise mentioned.

Berberis Darwini —Plant 3 to 4 feet apart. A neat hardy hedge plant, of 3 to 4 feet, with small deep green foliage, covered in Spring with clusters of orange flowers. Very effective. Specially suited for cool districts	1/6 each; 15/- per doz.
Berberis Thunbergii (The Barberry)—Plant 3 feet apart. A distinct deciduous hedge plant, of 3 to 4 feet. In Autumn the foliage turns rich crimson before falling. Flowers yellow in Summer, followed by coral berries, which hang through the Winter after the foliage had gone. Ideal for mountain districts, where the rich Autumn tints are very effective	1/6 each, 15/- per doz.
Californian Golden Privet —(See Ligustrum Ovalifolium Elegantissima.)	
Crataegus crenulata —Plant 3 feet apart. A hardy hedge plant, of 3 to 4 feet, that will thrive in poor hungry barren soil, where few other plants will attempt to grow. In Spring masses of pure white flowers, succeeded by clusters of small berries, which turn crimson in Autumn	1/6 each, 15/- per doz.
Coprosma lucida —Plant 3 feet apart. A fine hedge of 3 to 4 feet; very suitable for sandy districts, or on the sea front	1/- each, 9/- per doz.
Cupressus macrocarpa (Seedling)—Plant 3 to 4 feet apart. A quick growing hedge of 4 to 8 feet; quite satisfactory in heavy cool soils, but otherwise inclined to die out after a few years. For this reason we recommend Cupressus Lambertiana	1/- each, 9/- per doz., 60/- per 100
Cupressus macrocarpa aurea —Plant 3 to 4 feet apart. A bright golden variety of Macrocarpa; very fine for cool districts, but inclined to burn under dry conditions	2/6 each, 30/- per doz.
Cupressus Lambertiana horizontalis —Plant 4 to 5 feet apart. The true horizontal branching variety. This is without a doubt the finest of all hedge plants, and can be kept trimmed from 5 to 12 feet. Quite hardy and vigorous under any conditions	35/- & 42/- per doz.
Cupressus torulosa —Plant 3 to 4 feet apart. The true variety from cuttings. A fine silvery green foliage. Suitable for hedges of 4 to 5 feet	2/6 each, 30/- per doz.

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

- Eugenia Kingiana** (Native Myrtle)—Plant 3 feet apart. A hardy hedge plant, of 4 to 6 feet, with bright Myrtle-like foliage, bearing in Autumn clusters of large white berries, which turn pink and mauve in Winter. Very effective 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.
- English Laurel**—Plant 3 feet apart. A fine hedge plant for cool mountain districts; large glossy foliage. Can be kept at from 5 to 8 feet 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.
- Ilex aquifolia**—The Holly. Plant 3 to 4 feet apart. A fine hedge plant of 4 to 8 feet for cool districts only. A well-kept holly hedge is always admired. Some very fine samples are to be found in the Macedon District 1/6 each, 18/- per doz.
- Leptospermum Nicholli** (Crimson)—Plant 3 to 4 feet apart. The crimson-flowered tea-tree, with deep metallic foliage makes a unique small hedge of 3 to 4 feet, covered in Spring with its showy flowers. Ideal for sandy soils 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.
- Ligustrum ovalifolium elegantissimum**—Plant 2 feet apart in double rows. The new hedge plant is variously known as "New Golden Privet," "Japanese Variegated Privet," etc., but correctly it is the Californian Golden Privet. It is without doubt the finest hedge plant available for hedges of 3 to 4 feet. Foliage variegated rich golden, which retains its color right through the Winter. For a neat small hedge it has no equal. Plants from the open ground from May to September 6/- per doz., 40/- per 100
In pots during Summer months 9/- per doz., 60/- per 100
- Photinea serrulata** (Japanese Laurel)—Plant 4 to 5 feet apart. A fine hardy subject for hedges of 5 to 6 feet with large serrated Laurel-like foliage, and white flowers in Spring. The young growth on first opening is rich crimson 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.
- Plumbago capensis**—Plant 3 feet apart. A very hardy hedge plant, of 4 feet, that thrives in the poorest of soils, covered in Spring and Summer with clusters of attractive blue flowers 1/6 each, 12/- per doz.
- Portugal Laurel**—Plant 3 to 4 feet apart. A very hardy hedge plant, of 4 to 5 feet, with deep green foliage. Will thrive in the poorest of soils 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.
- Pittosporum nigrescens**—Plant 3 to 4 feet apart. The small-leaved black flowering variety. A fine compact hedge of 4 to 5 feet 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Pittosporum undulatum**—Plant 2 feet apart. The large green-leaved flowering variety, sweetly scented. A fine hedge of 4 to 5 feet. Succeeds in dry situations 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Privet Evergreen** (*Ligustrum Vulgaris*)—Plant 2 feet apart in double rows. Common green Privet. A neat compact hedge of 3 to 4 feet. Available from May to September . . 2/6 per doz., 15/- per 100
- Privet, Golden**—Plant 2 feet apart, in double rows. The golden foliage variety; very effective in Spring and Summer, but loses its color in Winter 2/6 per doz., 15/- per 100
- Privet, New Golden Variegated.** (See *Ligustrum Ovalifolium Elegantissimum*).
- Salt Bush** (*Rhagodia Hastata*)—Plant 2 to 3 feet apart. The small-leaved salt bush. A fine dense compact hedge, 3 to 4 feet, foliage silvery grey, thrives in dry poor soils 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Veronica parviflora**—Plant 3 feet apart. A hardy flowering hedge plant, 4 to 6 feet. Fine attractive green foliage; in Spring pale pink spikes of flowers 1/6 each, 12/- per doz.
- Viburnum tinus** (*Laurestinus*)—Plant 3 to 4 feet apart. A hardy hedge plant of 4 to 5 feet, with deep green foliage and bunches of white flowers in Spring. Very effective . . . 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.
- Viburnum lucidum** (*Glossy-leaved Laurestinus*)—Plant 3 to 4 feet apart. A stronger growing variety of *Laurestinus*, with large glossy foliage. Fine for hedges, 6 to 8 feet . . 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.

Palms.

CHAMAEROPS, Fan Palm.—

A very hardy and useful Palm, suitable for planting in exposed positions. Excelsa is a large growing variety, while Humilis is quite dwarf and very suitable for a specimen, where space is limited.

Excelsa (Nepaul)	1/6 to 3/6
Humilis (S. Europe)	2/6 to 3/6

COCOS, Cocos Palm.—

One of the most beautiful of Palms for the house or conservatory. Well established plants will succeed in a bush house or fernery if particular attention is paid to the watering. This Palm has become scarce during recent years.

Weddelliana—S. America. Small plants	2/6
Larger plants	5/-

DIPLOTHEMIUM, Wine Palm.—

Hardy attractive Palm, with conspicuous blue-grey foliage. Thriving in warm exposed positions.

Maritimum—Brazil	3/6 to 5/-
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KENTIA, Lord Howe's Island.—

The most popular of all house Palms, standing the wear and tear of decorative work better than most subjects.

Belmoreana—Fine-leaved variety	2/6 each
Canterburyana—The quickest growing of all	2/6 each
Fosteriana—Large broad foliage, 2/6, 3/6, 5/-, 7/6, 10/6, to 21/- each	

PHOENIX, Date Palm.—

Hardy, with the exception of Roebelenii, which thrives in warm districts only. Fine subjects as specimen for lawns.

Canariensis—Canary Island	2/6, 3/6 to 21/- each
Reclinata—Cape of Good Hope	2/6 each
Roebelenii—Pigmy Date	3/6 each

WASHINGTONIA, Cotton Palm.—

Hardy fan Palm, with cotton-like threads.

Robusta	2/6, 3/6 and 5/- each
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Chrysanthemums

HYBRID JAPANESE VARIETIES.

Plants in pots ready for planting from September to December.

Price, 12/- per Dozen.

- Ada Woolcock—Yellow, heavily marked bronze; extra large flower.
- Alex. De Lacy—Crimson, very large.
- Alf. Forbes—Amaranth of largest size. Most refined.
- Alfred Wilson—Chestnut crimson, with gold reverse.
- Allie Morrison—Mauve pink, with silvery reverse.
- Bessie Robinson—Old gold, margined orange.
- Bronze Meuden—Terra-cotta and sometimes coming almost yellow.
- Edith Cavell—Light chestnut, with gold reverse.
- Evelyn Ferguson—Reddish salmon bronze, reflexing.
- F. S. Vallis—Canary yellow.
- Golden Champion—Golden yellow, with bronzy yellow centre.
- Good Gracious—Creamy pink, incurved.
- H. V. West—Deepest yellow, long broad petals.
- Ilma Ratten—Silvery pink, large and reflexing.
- J. S. Lloyd—Pale primrose.
- Lady Stradbroke—White, margined with heliotrope.
- Lady Swanston—White, occasionally showing a pink shade on the lowest petals.
- Louisa Pockett—Pure white, often shaded blush.
- Lilian B. Bird—Quilled pink; late flowering.
- Lilian J. Renshaw—Salmon, with buff reverse. 1/6.

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

- Miss A. Henley—Pink, splashed with white.
Miss E. Dunstan—Pure white, reflexing petals.
Miss Nellie Walshe—Pure white, long petals.
Mrs. A. J. Weller—Chestnut and gold; very fine.
Mrs. D. Andrew—An immense white, with pink shade on late buds.
Mrs. N. Matheson—Pink, of good size and form.
Mrs. R. Luxford—Chestnut red.
Mrs. W. Hood—Pale pink, of large size; dwarf habit.
Nellie Francis—Old gold, marked reddish bronze.
Olive Hopkins—White, with greenish centre.
Pockett's Crimson—Deep crimson; one of the best.
Pockett's Late Bronze—Deep bronzy crimson; very late.
R. M. Quittenton—Crimson, reflexing.
Rose Day—Pink, largest size.
Ruby Jones—Deep yellow; fine decorative variety.
Sir Wm. Brunton—Dark crimson, with chocolate and gold reverse. An ideal variety. 2/6.
Stephen Brown—Salmon, with gold reverse.
Sulphur Queen—Pale yellow, of perfect incurving form.
Terra-Cotta—Large flower, with stout stem. Colour, terra-cotta. 1/6.
Thomas W. Pockett (syn. Pink Pockett)—Pink, with silvery reverse. The largest and best pink.
White Lilian B. Bird—White, very late; fine for cutting.
Woodside—Yellow, of largest size.
William Turner—Pure white; a beautiful variety.

SINGLE CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

These are especially suitable for cut flowers. We have them in a number of the best varieties.

Carnations

Strong healthy plants, in the best varieties, established in pots. Available for planting from May till November.

Price, 12/- per Dozen.

Alwoodi

The New Perpetual Flowering Pinks.

An entirely new hardy flowering plant, which for freedom of bloom, hardiness, fascination and clove-like scent is hard to equal. For massing and cut flower work they are hard to beat. They are of the easiest cultivation, and flower throughout the year. Although allied to the Carnation they are quite distinct, the flowers being smaller, whilst the plants are dwarf and compact.

Price, 1/6 Each, 12/- per Dozen.

- Albert—Pale delicate mauve; single.
Harold—Large double white.
Jean—White, with violet centre.
Phyllis—Deep rose pink.
Robert—Old rose, light maroon centre; single.
Rufus—Red maroon, erect habit.
Susan—Pale lilac, large black eye.

Climbing and Twining Plants

- AKEBIA.**—Berberideae.
 Strong evergreen climber, with curious shaped flowers, opening in Spring.
lobata—Small black flowers. Large three-lobed leaves 2/6
quinata—Lilac pink 1/6
- AMPELOPSIS, Virginian Creeper.**—Ampelideae.
 Hardy deciduous climbers. Most attractive in Autumn, when the leaves assume a brilliant crimson color. They cling to almost anything.
Henryiana—Fine variegated foliage 1/6
hederacea—Large-leaved variety 1/6
Lowii—Smallest of all; fine lacineated foliage 1/6
sempervirens—Pretty evergreen species 1/6
Veitchii—The popular self-clinging variety 1/6
- ARISTOLOCHIA, Dutchman's Pipe.**—Aristolochiaceae.
 A remarkable deciduous climber, vigorous grower, whose large dark green leaves overlap each other; purple flowers, resembling a pipe.
sipho 3/6
- ASPARAGUS, Asparagus Fern.**—Liliaceae.
 Hardy popular climbers, with useful fern-like foliage. Thriving in sheltered positions.
comoriensis—Soft feathery variety, with dark berries 1/6
plumosus nana—The flat-leaved variety 1/6
sprengerii—Drooping variety; fine for baskets 1/6
tenuissimus—Tall growing feathery variety 1/6
- BEGONIA.**—Begoniaceae.
 These strong-growing varieties are fine subjects for planting against posts or sides of bush houses, where they flower continuously through Summer and Autumn. Growing six or more feet high, they are amongst the most handsome of all bush house plants.
Beatrice Roseby—Salmon pink, with beautiful bronzy foliage . . 2/-
Coralina—Orange scarlet, with dark green foliage 2/-
Lucerne—Immense clusters of red flowers, the foliage is large and attractive. The most handsome of all 2/-
Mabel Roseby—Pure spotless white; fine foliage 2/-
President Carnot—Deep rose flowers 1/6
- BIGNONIA.**—Bignoniaceae.
 Beautiful hardy evergreen climbers, with trumpet-shaped flowers. See also Tecomas.
alba lutea—Yellow and white; a handsome free-flowering variety 2/-
capreolata—Orange red, very distinct; fine foliage 2/-
chirere—Orange and red long trumpet flowers; a fine evergreen climber for all positions 2/-
excelsa (See *Alba Lutea*, which is better.)
Lindleyana—Lilac; a strong grower, with fine glossy foliage . . . 1/6
Tweediana—Golden yellow; very handsome. A self clinging evergreen climber 1/6
venusta—Rich apricot orange. For warm positions only . . . 2/6
- BOUGAINVILLEA.**—Nyctagineae.
 Fine evergreen climbers for warm sunny positions; free flowering and attractive. Will thrive in the driest of situations.
Cypheri—Rich magenta, free flowering 2/-
glabra—Light magenta, large flowering 2/-
Thomasii—Salmon pink; a new and beautiful variety 5/-
laterita—The brick red or tango flowered variety, suitable for warm positions only 3/6
magnifica Trailli—Deep purple magenta; the finest of all 2/-
Sanderiana—Light magenta; a very free flowering variety 1/6
- CAMPSIDIUM.**—Bignoniaceae.
 Strong growing evergreen climber, with handsome shiny foliage, covered in early Spring with masses of dainty flowers.
valdivianum—Creamy white flowers, blooming in bunches 1/6
- CLEMATIS, Virgin's Bower.**—Ranunculaceae.
 Rapid deciduous climbers, covered in Spring with their numerous flowers.
flammula—Small white flowers, in panicles 1/6
montana—White star-shaped flowers in Spring. Rapid grower . . 1/6
vitalba—The English wild species; very hardy 1/6

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

- COBEA.**— Polemoniaceae.
Rapid evergreen climbers, with large trumpet flowers. They cover large spaces in a very short time.
scandens—Purple 1/6
scandens alba—White 1/6
- CONVOLVULUS.**— Convolvulaceae.
A most useful trailing plant, fine for rockeries.
mauritanicus—Lavender blue, silvery foliage 1/6
- DOLICHOS.**— Leguminosae.
Well-known evergreen climbers, fine subjects for covering unsightly buildings.
lignosus—Pink 1/6
lignosus alba—White 1/6
- FICUS, Climbing Fig.**— Urticaceae.
Close clinging climber; ideal for covering brick walls. Evergreen.
stipulata—Dark green foliage, clings to bricks, wood or stone . . 1/6
- FUCHSIA, Climbing Fuchsia.**— Onagraceae.
A fine subject for hanging baskets, or as a trailer on sheltered rockeries.
Kirkii, syn. *procumbens*—Small round leaves, with crimson berries in Winter 1/6
- GELSEMIUM, Carolina Jessamine.**— Loganiaceae.
One of the earliest Spring flowers, ideal for fences or covering stumps. Evergreen.
sempervirens—Golden yellow; very attractive 1/6
- HARDENBERGIA, Native Sarsaparilla, or Climbing Lilac.** Leguminosae.
Hardy twiners and half climbers, with attractive Pea-shaped flowers, in early Spring.
comptoniana—The dark large-flowered variety from Western Australia. Strong climber 1/6
monophylla—Purple; shrubby or half-climbing habit 1/6
monophylla alba—Pure white; shrubby or half-climbing habit . . 1/6
monophylla rosea—Pink, with shrubby or half-climbing habit . . 1/6
- HEDERA, Ivy.**— Araliaceae.
Very useful robust climbers, with beautiful foliage.
helix—Common English Ivy 1/6
Maderiensis variegata—Large leaves, margined with creamy white 2/-
tricolor variegata—Small-leaved; fine color 1/6
- HOYA, Wax Flower.**— Asclepiadaceae.
A pretty climber, suitable for a warm dry situation. Large evergreen foliage.
carnosa—Flesh-colored flowers 2/-
- HYDRANGEA, Climbing Hydrangea.**— Saxifrageae. Japan.
A hardy deciduous climber, thriving in cool, damp situations. Ideal for covering the stems of Tree Ferns.
scandens—Pure white 2/6
- IPOMEA, Perennial Convolvulus or Morning Glory.**— Convolvulaceae.
A fast growing evergreen climber, producing large Convolvulus-like flowers, which open in the sun.
leareii—Large blue 1/6
- JASMINUM, Jasmine.**— Oleaceae.
Hardy evergreen climbers, all with sweet-scented flowers. Can also be grown as shrubs.
Beesianum—Bright red; rampant grower 1/6
gracilis—Small, white 1/6
grandiflora—Large white, sweetly perfumed 1/6
nudiflora—Yellow, flowering in Winter; shrubby habit 1/6
primulinum—Large yellow, semi-double flowers; a splendid variety 1/6
revolution—Yellow, flowering in bunches 1/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

KENNEDYA, Native Bean Climber.—

Leguminosae.

Hardy and rapid, evergreen climbers, fine foliage and attractive pea-shaped flowers.

- | | |
|---|-----|
| macrophylla —Orange and red, Chorozema-like flowers | 1/6 |
| nigricans —Black and yellow, large solid foliage | 1/6 |
| rubicunda —Red, rampant grower | 1/6 |

LATHYRUS, Perennial Peas.—

Leguminosae.

The lovely perennial Sweet Peas; very hardy and free flowering. Fine for cutting.

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|--|-----|
| grandiflora —Rose, shaded with crimson | 1/6 |
| latifolius rose queen —Bright pink; very effective; large trusses .. | 1/6 |
| latifolius alba —Pure white | 1/6 |
| latifolius rosea —Deep rose pink | 1/6 |
| pubescens —Clear blue; a variety of special merit, flowering in Spring | 1/6 |

LONICERA, Honeysuckle.—

Caprifoliaceae.

Grand hardy evergreen, fragrant climbers, of rapid growth.

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|---|-----|
| aurea reticulata —Flowers white, foliage veined with yellow .. | 1/6 |
| caprifolium —The English Honeysuckle or Woodbine | 1/6 |
| confusa —Pale yellow, fine dark foliage | 1/6 |
| fragrantissima —Cream, sweetly scented, flowering in Winter .. | 1/6 |

LOTUS.—

Leguminosae.

A fine glaucous foliage plant, with Pea-shaped flowers, suitable for rockeries.

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|---------------------------------------|-----|
| peliorhyncus —Scarlet | 1/6 |
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MANDEVILLEA.—

Apocynaceae.

One of the finest deciduous climbers, producing clusters of snowy white flowers, beautifully scented.

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| suaveolens —White | 1/6 |
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MUEHLENBECKIA.—

Polygonaceae.

A quaint evergreen twiner, with maiden hair like foliage; fine for covering stumps.

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|---|-----|
| complexa —Flowers green | 1/6 |
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PASSIFLORA, Passion Flower.—

Passifloraceae.

Excellent evergreen climbing plants for covering old buildings.

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| Bedfordiana —Purple, strong grower | 1/6 |
| coerulea —Blue, free flowering, with yellow fruits | 1/6 |
| edulis —The black Passion fruit; flowers white | 1/- |
| Constance Elliot —Pure white. Vigorous climber | 1/6 |

PHASEOLUS, Snail Flower.—

Leguminosae.

A pretty and most singular flowering climber, sweetly scented. Evergreen and rapid grower.

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|--|-----|
| caracalla —Lilac flowers, curiously curled and twisted | 1/6 |
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PHYSIANTHUS, syn. Araiya. Kapok Climber.—

Asclepiadaceae.

Fast growing evergreen climber, with small flowers, followed by large green pods.

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| albens —White flowers | 1/6 |
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POLYGONUM, Climbing Dock.—

Polygonaceae.

A rapid deciduous climber; most effective for pergolas.

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|---|-----|
| Baldschuanicum —Large drooping panicles of creamy white flowers | 1/6 |
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RHYNCHOSPERMUM.—

Ayocynaceae.

Glossy-leaved evergreen climber; flowers sweetly scented; suitable for warm positions.

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|---|-----|
| jasminoides —White, flowering in Spring | 1/6 |
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SOLANDRA.—

Solanaceae.

A vigorous deciduous climber, producing blooms upwards of a foot long; trumpet-shaped.

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|---|-----|
| grandiflora —Sulphur yellow | 1/6 |
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SOLANUM, Potato Climber.—

Solanaceae.

Fine strong evergreen climbers, producing flowers in clusters.

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|--|-----|
| jasminoides —White | 1/6 |
| jasminoides variegata —White, with pretty variegated foliage .. | 1/6 |
| seaforthianum —Deep blue; a fine climber | 1/6 |
| Wendlandii —Large trusses of pale blue flowers, one of the most beautiful climbers in cultivation. Requires a warm position | 2/- |

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

SOLLYA, Native Blue-Berry Climber.—

Pittosporaceae.

An excellent evergreen climber, producing quantities of long berries, which turn purple in the Winter.

hetrophylla—Flowers blue; foliage glossy green 1/6

STIGMAPHYLLUM, Brazilian Vine.—

Malpighiaceae.

Fast tropical evergreen twiner.

ciliatum—Deep golden yellow, orchid-like flowers 2/6

TACSONIA, Passion Flower.—

Passifloraceae.

A fine class of quick-growing, free-flowering and evergreen climbers.

exoniensis—Crimson 1/6

Manicata—Scarlet Passion flower 1/6

Mollissima—Banana Passion fruit; mauve pink flowers, followed by long yellow edible fruits 1/6

TECOMA (see also Bignonia).—

Bignoniaceae.

The free-flowering and strong-growing climbers, with trumpet-shaped flowers. All evergreen except the Radicans varieties, which includes Guilfoylei, Grandiflora, Madam Galen and Thunbergii.

australis—Cream and brown, flowering in panicles 1/6

capensis—Orange scarlet, of shrubby habit 1/6

grandiflora—Orange, very large trumpet-shaped flowers; Summer flowering 1/6

Guilfoylei—Deep crimson; fine showy variety 1/6

jasminoides—Purple and white, fine glossy foliage 1/6

jasminoides alba—A pure white variety of great beauty 1/6

Latrobei—Cream and chocolate; strong grower 1/6

Madam Galen—Deep orange, midway between Grandiflora and Guilfoylei 1/6

Mackeni—Deep rose pink; free flowering 1/6

rosea—Similar to Mackenii, but paler in color 1/6

Thunbergii—Bright orange, flowering in large trusses 2/-

THUNBERGIA, The Orange Glory Creeper.—

Acanthaceae.

A fast-growing evergreen twiner, with most attractive flowers. Growing to a height of 5 or 6 feet. This remarkable plant is covered with its beautiful blooms almost throughout the year. Plants make rapid growth, and flower a few weeks after planting. Also makes a fine subject for trailing on banks or rockeries. One of the most welcome of all new plants.

grandiflora—Pale blue, with yellow throat 2/-

Gibsonii—Deep orange, self colored, Convolvulus-like blooms . . 2/-

VITIS (VINE).—

Ampelideae.

Fine ornamental-leaved climber. Foliage assuming rich tints before falling in the Autumn.

Alicante Bouchet.—Quick growing vine, with handsome red foliage in Autumn 1/6

WISTARIA, Glycine.—

.....Leguminosae.

A beautiful class of deciduous climbers, flowering in early Spring.

multijuga—Purple, racemes 2 to 3 feet long 2/-

multijuga alba—A pure white form of Multijuga 2/-

multijuga rosea—Pale rose pink; very fine 2/6

sinensis—Lavender; very showy 1/6

sinensis alba—Pure white 2/-

sinensis flore plena—Double Lavender; very showy 2/-

sinensis variegata—Foliage densely spotted with yellow 2/6

Pines and Conifers

Plant at any time, but for the best results between May and August.

ABIES, Spruce Firs.—

Large growing trees, suitable for cool climates. They make huge trees, the timber of which is valuable.

alba—White Spruce	1/6
excelsa—Norway Spruce	1/6
Douglasii—Oregon Fir	1/6

ARAUCARIA.—

Huge growing trees, suitable for specimens on lawns. They make distinct and attractive trees.

excelsa—Norfolk Island Pine. A tree of 70 to 100 feet	2/6
imbricata—"Monkey Puzzle" or "Chilian Pine." A small tree of 40 feet. Does well in mountain districts	2/6

CALLITRIS, syn. Frenela.—

Attractive trees, of 20 to 25 feet. Very hardy and of rapid growth, can be recommended for general planting.

cupressiformis—"Victorian Cypress"	1/6
robusta—Murray Pine	1/6

CEDRUS, The Cedar Tree.—

Large growing trees, of distinct habit, suitable for general planting. The Indian Cedar is quite hardy here, and one of the most ornamental trees so far introduced. Its silvery foliage and distinct weeping habit makes it conspicuous in any plantation. We recommend this variety with every confidence, as it has proved itself quite capable of withstanding heat, cold or drought.

atlantica—Mount Atlas Cedar	2/-
deodara—Indian Cedar	15/- per doz., 1/6

CRYPTOMERIA, Japanese Cedar.—

Splendid Conifers, growing to 60 and 100 feet from north of China and Japan, where they grow in damp situations.

japonica elegans—Very bushy, turning bronze in Autumn and Winter	2/-
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CUPRESSUS, The Cyprus.—

Well-known Conifers, suitable for specimens and hedges. (See also hedge plants.)

Lambertiana horizontalis—"The True Horizontal variety." One of the finest ornamental hedges or breakwind plants that we have; of rapid growth .. . 35/- doz., 3/-; Larger, 42/- doz., 4/-	
Lambertiana horizontalis aurea—The handsome golden colored variety. One of the finest subjects for specimens	3/6
Lambertiana horizontalis Hodginsii—A beautiful silver variegated variety of the true branching form	5/-
Lambertiana aurea saligna—A distinct weeping form, with bright golden foliage. As a specimen for a lawn it has no equal	5/-
Lawsoniana argentea—A dwarf-growing silvery glaucous Conifer, growing to 6 feet	2/-
Lawsoniana aurea—Bright golden-colored foliage, very fine for a small specimen	3/6
macrocarpa—"Monterey Cypress." The seedling Lambertiana variety. Suitable for small hedges	9/- doz., 1/-
macrocarpa aurea—A dense growing variety of great beauty. Foliage deep golden yellow and feathery. Makes a fine hedge or specimen	2/6
sempervirens stricta—"Upright Cypress." A tall variety; deep green foliage	1/6
torulosa—Silvery grey foliage. Very suitable for small hedges	2/6

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

DACRYDIUM, Huon Pine.—

A large-growing tree of 20 feet, with attractive weeping habit. Suitable for cool districts only.

Franklini 2/-

FOKIENIA.

A unique small-growing tree from China. Foliage bright green, the underside of the leaves distinctly marked with white. Very attractive.

Hodginsii 2/6

GINKO, Maiden Hair Tree.—

Ornamental deciduous Chinese tree, of 30 to 40 feet, with foliage resembling Maiden-hair Fern. Requires a cool, damp position.

biloba, Syn, Salisburia adiantifolia 2/6

JUNIPERUS, The Juniper.—

Dwarf-growing small trees and shrubs, suitable for cool climates.

cedrus—A large growing variety 2/-

communis—Common Juniper; silvery blue foliage 2/-

japonica aurea—Dwarf variety, with green and gold foliage . . 2/6

sabina—Dwarf trailing variety, suitable for rockeries 2/-

PINUS, The Pine.—

Large growing ornamental trees, suitable for avenues or shelter belts. Insignis is one of the most rapid growing trees we have.

canariensis—The Canary Island Pine 1/6

halepensis—Aleppo Pine 1/6

insignis—Californian Pine 9/- doz., 1/-

laricio—Corsician Pine 1/6

pinaster, syn, Maritima 1/6

PODOCARPUS.—

Distinct trees, with deep green Yew-like foliage.

spinulosa—Illawarra Plum Pine, shrub of 8 to 10 feet 2/-

totara—A large growing variety from New Zealand 2/-

RETINOSPORA.—

Compact slow growing shrub, of 6 to 8 feet, with handsome foliage.

ericoides—Blush green foliage 2/-

plumosa—Distinct flat-leaved variety. Bright golden foliage . . 2/-

plumosa aurea—Bright golden foliage 2/-

plumosa argentea—Silver and green foliage 2/-

pisifera 2/-

squarrosa 2/-

obtusa nana aurea—Beautiful dwarf golden variety 2/6

SEQUOIA, Californian Redwood.—

Large growing tree, producing the well-known valuable timber.

sempervirens 2/-

TAXUS, The Yew.—

Slow growing small trees, with deep green foliage. Thriving in cool moist situations.

baccata—English Yew 2/6

baccata fastigata—Irish Yew 2/6

THUYA, Arbor Vitae.—

Large growing trees, with distinct foliage. In the cool mountain districts they make fine specimens.

Lobbi—A Californian variety 2/-

occidentalis—American Arborvitae 2/-

THUYOPSIS.—

Dwarf growing Conifers, with flat foliage. Suitable for small specimens.

borealis 2/-

dolabrata variegata 2/-

Roses

We make a speciality of Roses, our soil and district being favorable to the production of strong, hardy plants, with good root systems.

Plants are ready for sending out from the first week of June, but orders can be booked at any time for despatch as required.

We wish to warn intending planters against the purchase of cheap Roses so frequently advertised; these are mostly small stuff struck from cuttings, and of very little use at any price. Our Roses are the cheapest in the trade, considering their quality.

The following abbreviations are used throughout out Rose lists:—
T., Tea Scented; H.T., Hybrid Tea; H.P., Hybrid Perpetual; Poly., Poly-antha; Wich., Wichuriana; N., Noisette; B., Bourbon.

New Roses

The descriptions are those of the raisers, though somewhat condensed. Where six or more plants at 4/- each are ordered, the price will be at the rate of 42/- per dozen. Six or more at 2/6 each shall be charged at the rate of 24/- per dozen.

- Allan Chandler, H.T. Cl.—The finest and most effective pillar Rose we have. Vivid scarlet, of fine size and very free flowering. A seedling from "Hugh Dickson" 2/6
- Arthur Cook, H.T.—Deep velvety crimson, with a very beautiful sheen. Free flowering and of fine habit. Sweetly scented. Flowers are large, full and pointed 2/6
- Angele Pernet, Per.—Hardy and vigorous, nice shiny bronze-green foliage, color very distinct. Vivid orange yellow shaded fiery red, outside of petals golden yellow 2/6
- Blossom, H.T.—A bushy, free-flowering variety, with dark green foliage. Flowers beautifully shaped and pointed. Color peach blossom pink heavily veined and flushed "Rose Neyron Red," shading to yellow at the base of the petals, outside of petals yellow and pale pink 4/-
- Christine Prior, H.T.—Deep bright rosy red overlaid and flushed with yellow and peach, golden base. A glorious color combination. Flowers long and pointed and carried upright. Fine strong bushy habit 2/6
- Clovelly, H.T.—Buds carried on a very long upright, stiff stem, opening to flowers of perfect form, petals reflexed. Rich carmine Rose, shaded with salmon 2/6
- Chastity, H.T. Cl.—A magnificent white pillar Rose. Perfectly formed and substantial flowers with high centre and carried in trusses of five to ten blooms. Growth vigorous 2/6
- Cornelia, H. Musk.—A perpetual flowering cluster Rose. Color, strawberry, flushed yellow. Good habit, fine for massing. Handsome leathery dark green foliage; claret colored wood 4/-
- Climbing Mrs. Ed. Mawley, H.T. Cl.—A grand fixed climbing sport of this grand old variety, with all its good points. Color bright carmine pink, shaded salmon 4/-
- Climbing Golden Ophelia, H.T. Cl.—A vigorous climbing sport of the popular yellow variety. Free flowering, and a very welcome addition to the list of climbers 2/6
- Climbing Mrs. G. Shawyer, H.T. Cl.—A genuine vigorous climbing sport of this invaluable pink variety 2/6
- Climbing Hoosier Beauty H.T. Cl.—A vigorous climbing sport of the popular dwarf of this name. It is identical as regards its rich crimson bloom and being mildew-proof and deliciously fragrant it is sure of a high place amongst climbers 2/6
- Dixie, H.T.—Color clear soft shell pink or pale salmon, a charming color. When fully expanded the flower is exceedingly handsome. Grand habit and good foliage. Fragrant and very free flowering 4/-
- Doris Trayler, H.T.—In the young stage the flowers are orange cadmium, the outside of petals being heavily flushed crimson red and deep orange. As the flower expands the whole color changes to a deeper amber yellow, which does not fade. Growth very free and branching 2/6

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

- George H. Mackereth, H.T.**—A very distinct and beautiful Rose that adds another valuable addition to the crimson shades of colors in this class. It is possessed of vigorous growth, free branching habit, and continuous free flowering character. Sweetly scented blooms carried on stiff stems 2/6
- Holt Hewitt, H.T.**—A bushy upright perpetual free-flowering variety of great beauty. Color rich velvety crimson, flushed scarlet at the edges of the petals and veined scarlet. Quite supersedes "Geo. Dickson," and all Roses of that shade. Flowers well formed and sweetly tea perfumed. Foliage dark green 4/-
- Ivy May, H.T.**—Growth upright and strong; buds long, opening to well shaped flowers; very free flowering. Color pretty rose pink running to amber at the base of the petals, flushed with gold on the outside and at the edges. The color glows and sparkles and does not fade. A charming Rose as pretty and attractive as "Shot Silk" and "Madam Butterfly" at their best 4/-
- June Boyd, H.T.**—Salmon carmine with yellow base, the outside of petals being heavily flushed amber yellow. As the flowers age the color softens to a bright peach blossom. Foliage dark green and mildew proof 2/6
- John C. M. Mensing, H.T.**—A distinct sport from "Ophelia," being a deep bright Rose, habit and other characteristics as the parent. A most valuable novelty 2/6
- John Henry, H.T.**—Strong upright perpetual flowering variety, with dark green foliage. Buds long, opening to ideal shaped blooms. Color beautiful rosy scarlet in the bud stage, opening to a rich pink. The shade is unique and unlike any other Rose 4/-
- John Russell, H.T.**—A rich glowing crimson, flushed with deeper almost black shades. The flower is large and beautifully shaped 2/6
- Lord Lambourne, H.P.**—This is one of the most distinct and sensational Roses ever offered. The color is a deep unfading, buttercup yellow, each petal being heavily margined with carmine scarlet, like a huge "Sunstar." The flowers are of a beautiful shape, enormous size and great petalage. The foliage is bright glossy green and mildew proof. Stems are long and stout, with very few thorns. Habit of growth free, strong and upright. The flowers have a strong fruity scent 5/-
- Lady Florence Stronge, H.T.**—A novelty of entirely new and unique coloring, being reddish prawn to violet old rose, shaded at base of petals with yellow and towards edge to pink, the inner surface of petals being heavily veined and slightly flushed scarlet. Flowers large and full, and of perfect shape. Growth free and bushy 4/-
- Lucie Fernand David, H.T.**—A wonderful white Rose of exhibition size and quality. Full, cupped form. Pure white with cream centre. Sweetly scented. Powerful rigid stems. Handsome tough foliage 4/-
- Lord Fairfax, H.T.**—Habit sturdy and vigorous, with fine tough mildew-proof foliage. Color cherry red, flushed with scarlet in the bud. Expanded flowers are of an exceptionally pretty shade of cherry rose pink. Flowers full and sweetly scented 4/-
- Mrs. R. B. McLennan, H.T.**—Color soft satin Rose, suffused daffodil yellow, clear and beautiful, flowers large, double and of fine form, fragrant, vigorous growth. A grand Rose, good for exhibition or garden 2/6
- Mazzini, H.T.**—Ivory white, tinted blush pink. At times the pretty pink shading is more pronounced, but the flower is always beautiful. Grand healthy upright grower, with light green foliage. Very fragrant 4/-
- Mrs. S. W. Burgess, H.T.**—A vigorous upright grower, with large tough mildew-proof foliage. Color a beautiful shade of apricot yellow with deeper tones at base of petals. Flowers nicely shaped and very freely produced. Tea scented. This variety will probably displace such Roses as "Sunburst" "Golden Ophelia," etc... 4/-
- Mrs. C. W. Edwards, H.T.**—Pure crimson carmine, with yellow base. The outside of petals faintly veined yellow. Flowers large, full and upright. Growth free, with mildew-proof foliage 2/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

- Odette Foussier, H.T.**—A magnificent large full flower. Charming shade of old Rose suffused with salmon, the inside of the petals shaded chrome yellow. Fine long bud carried erect on strong stems. Very vigorous. Good strong bronze foliage. Sweetly scented and free flowering 4/-
- Penelope, H. Musk.**—A perpetual flowering cluster Rose. Color shell pink, shaded salmon. Flowers carried in corymbs. Handsome dark green foliage. Strong musk perfume 2/6
- Princess Marie Jose, H.T.**—Fine full flowers, long buds that open well. Color orange vermillion on cadmium yellow ground. The high centre is slightly darker. Good vigorous habit with abundant foliage 4/-
- Pink Pearl, H.T.**—Color bright Rose pink, shaded with Rose Neyron red and with a salmon base. Handsome full flowers, sweetly scented. Fine vigorous free-flowering habit 4/-
- Rosemary, H.T.**—A delightful bush or pillar Rose, the color of which is deep rich carmine, with the reverse of the petals permeated old gold, shading to golden yellow at the base. The flowers are of medium size, and produced abundantly and continuously on long erect stems. This variety has a strong and very sweet damask perfume 4/-
- Roselandia, H.T.**—A fine new yellow sport from "Golden Ophelia," and a vast improvement on the original, being much larger in flower and deeper in color. Very free flowering, with a delicious fruity perfume 2/6
- Royal Red, H.T.**—A vigorous perpetual flowering Rose, with fine foliage freely produced on powerful stems. In the bud and half-open stage the coloring is magnificent. Scarlet red, with almost black shading. The fully-expanded flower is of great size, but lighter in color. Sweetly scented 4/-
- Superb, H.T.**—An entrancing silver pink of clear soft tone, with deeper shading on the back of petals. Fine full flower of large size and excellent form, carried erect. Free flowering, vigorous and hardy 4/-
- Shot Silk, H.T.**—A really charming novelty of superb colorings, which are very difficult to describe. Bright cherry pink overshot with salmon orange, flushed Rose with orange base. Free flowering with mildew-proof foliage. Strongly scented 2/6
- Sallie Lewis, H.T.**—A really fine Rose that will become popular. Charming apricot shaded creamy white. Fine, very full flowers, opening freely and of perfect shape. Free flowering and vigorous 2/6
- White Ensign, H.T.**—This Rose will be wanted in every garden when known, being a great advance on any other white Rose at present in existence. Color pure white flushed delicate cream, at the very base of petals. Flowers are medium-sized, full and well shaped, carried perfectly upright on long stems. The foliage is dark green and mildew-proof, showing the flowers to the greatest advantage. Growth strong, upright and sturdy 4/-

DWARF OR BUSH ROSES.

Prices.—All varieties listed at 1/6 shall be charged at 15/- per dozen for lots of six or more.

- Antoine Rivoire, H.T.**—Creamy flesh, large blooms, freely produced.. 1/6
- Aspirant Marcel Rouyer, H.T.**—Deep apricot tinted salmon. Vigorous erect growth, long buds 1/6
- America, H.T.**—Buds long-pointed, opening to immense fragrant rose pink blooms. The plants are vigorous in growth, and free-flowering. An excellent variety. Thoroughly recommended . . . 1/6
- Angelus, H.T.**—One of the very best white Roses, sometimes showing a little light color in the centre. A fine big flower on a perfect stem. Very fragrant 1/6
- Alexander Elmslie, H.T.**—Pure solid red, on deep crimson, slightly white base 1/6
- Alexander Hill Gray, H.T.**—Pure yellow, strongly tea perfumed. Growth robust and vigorous 1/6
- Augustus Hartmann, H.T.**—Brilliant geranium red, flushed orange. Flowers of large size 1/6
- Australia Felix, H.T.**—Pink, shading to white. A free-flowering decorative variety, with semi-double fragrant flowers. A fine Winter bloomer 1/6

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

- Betty Uprichard, H.T.**—Delicate salmon pink, reverse of petals glowing carmine, with coppery sheen, and a suffusion of orange. The growth is vigorous, erect and free flowering 1/6
- Bessie Chaplin**—Bright pink blooms, large and of great substance, strong upright growth 1/6
- Belle Siebrecht, H.T.**—Bright rosy pink, large and beautifully formed, splendid for cutting 1/6
- Betty, H.T.**—Ruddy gold, blooms large and of glorious form. A constant bloomer 1/6
- British Queen, H.T.**—Pure white, each bloom being perfectly formed. Sweetly fragrant 1/6
- Captain Kilbee Stuart, H.T.**—Rich glowing velvety crimson, shaded scarlet; a most brilliant and attractive bloom, carried on a rigid stem. Sturdy and erect in growth 1/6
- Captain F. S. Harvey Cant, H.T.**—Bright pink, with a deep salmon pink glow in the centre, and at the base of the broad petals. A large flowering, finely-formed variety. Quite new 1/6
- Charles K. Douglas, H.T.**—Rich flaming scarlet, flushed crimson; large semi-double blooms, which keep their color well. A fine bedding Rose 1/6
- Captain F. Bald, H.T.**—Velvety black, with scarlet crimson sheen. Shell-shaped petals. Vigorous and branching 1/6
- Carine, H.T.**—The many colors in this Rose include orange, carmine, buff, fawn and coppery salmon. A distinct and charming combination. Strongly perfumed 1/6
- Caroline Testout, H.T.**—Clear, bright Rose. Flowers large and double 1/6
- Charles E. Shea, H.T.**—Rose pink, very large and showy 1/6
- Chateau de Clos Vougeot, H.T.**—Velvety scarlet, shaded with fiery red, changing to dark velvety crimson as the flowers expand. This variety is remarkable for the reason of the way the flowers hold for days when fully expanded. Fine for borders 1/6
- Cheerful, H.T.**—Orange flame, with distinct orange yellow base. Blooms large and full 1/6
- Chameleon, H.T.**—Pure flame edged cerise, delicately perfumed. Growth very free 1/6
- Clarice Goodacre, H.T.**—Biscuit chrome on ivory white. Growth vigorous and erect. Sweetly perfumed 1/6
- Cleveland, H.T.**—Coppery yellow at base of petals, which are heavily flushed reddish copper on old rose. Growth vigorous 1/6
- Constance**—Hybrid Austrian Briar. Orange yellow, streaked with crimson, passing to golden yellow. Vigorous grower 1/6
- C. V. Haworth, H.T.**—Intense black scarlet, with red crimson pile, a most glorious color. Blooms of good size and perfectly formed. Perfumed 1/6
- Columbia, H.T.**—A delightful shade of rose pink, deepening as the flower ages. Strong grower, producing well-shaped flowers on rigid stems; exceptionally fragrant. One of the best Roses we have 1/6
- Colonel Oswald Fitzgerald, H.T.**—A brilliant Rose, of blood red velvety crimson. Growth vigorous and branching. Pure tea perfumed 1/6
- Coronation, H.P.**—Flesh pink, strong grower, fine foliage 1/6
- Covent Garden, T.**—Deep crimson, with a black shading. A very free grower and flowerer, with mildew-proof foliage 1/6
- Countess Clanwilliam, H.T.**—Delicate peach pink at base of petals, which are flaked and heavily edged with deep cherry red. A beautiful contrast. Flowers large and full 1/6
- Countess of Gosford, H.T.**—Salmon pink, rose and pink running into each other, the base of petals suffused saffron yellow. Large and full 1/6
- Crusader, H.T.**—Crimson red, of good size and shape, slightly perfumed; very full, and borne on long strong stems 1/6
- Cynthia Ford, H.T.**—Deep brilliant rose pink, shading on back of petals to light rose pink. Flowers large, perfectly formed, and very full 1/6
- Dean Hole, H.T.**—Silvery carmine, shaded with salmon. A distinct and magnificent Rose 1/6
- Diadem, H.T.**—Deep crimson, heavily overlaid orange crimson, suffused deep salmon and coppery yellow. Sweetly scented 1/6
- Elvira Aramayo, Per.**—Semi-double flowers of an Indian red color. Moderate growth and free flowering 1/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

Don Jose, H.T. —A pleasing shade of salmon pink; continuous bloomer, with good constitution. Fine for cutting	1/6
Donald Macdonald, H.T. —Intense orange carmine, sweetly perfumed. A splendid Rose for the garden	1/6
Duchess of Normandy, T. —Soft salmon flesh, overlaid with yellow . .	1/6
Duchess of Portland, H.T. —Pale sulphur yellow, with an occasional tinge of green petals; large, and of great substance	1/6
Duchess of Sutherland, H.T. —Delicate warm rose pink, with lemon shading on the white base. A distinct and beautiful Rose	1/6
Duchess of Westminster, H.T. —Clear rose madder. Blooms large and perfectly formed, with high pointed centre	1/6
Duchess of Wellington, H.T. —Intense saffron yellow, stained with rich crimson in the young stage, passing to coppery saffron as the blooms expand	1/6
Elsie Beckwith, H.T. —Rich deep glowing rosy pink. Blooms carried rigid on long strong stems. Sweetly scented. A fine decorative Rose	1/6
Earl Haig, H.T. —Deep reddish crimson that does not fade; flowers of immense size and substance. Sweetly perfumed	1/6
Etoile de Hollande, H.T. —Dark red buds opening to bright red, very fragrant. Growth erect	1/6
Ethel Somerset, H.T. —Shrimp pink, edge of petals deep coral pink. Flowers large and full. Perfumed	1/6
Edgar M. Burnett, H.T. —Pale flesh tinted Rose of fine shape, with large petals. An improvement on "La France"	1/6
Edith Part, H.T. —Rich red, suffused deep salmon and coppery yellow. Vigorous and free blooming	1/6
Edward Mawley, H.T. —Velvety crimson; blooms very large and full, petals of wonderful depth and substance. Very free flowering . .	1/6
Edel, H.T. —White, with the faintest ivory shading towards the base. A fine grower, with uniform stout habit	1/6
Edith Cavell, H.T. —Ivory, shading to light fawn in the centre. A beautiful Rose, of vigorous growth	1/6
Elegante, H.T. —Sulphur yellow, large full globular flowers. A vigorous grower	1/8
Etoile de France, H.T. —Velvety crimson, centre vivid cerise red; flowers large and full	1/6
E. V. Kesselstatt, T. —Carmine, shading to rose, and overrun with white; buds long	1/6
Fancy Free, H.T. —Cyclamen pink, with white basal zone. A perfect garden and decorative Rose. Semi-double	1/6
Farben Konigin, H.T. —Outside of petals dark red, inside bright red, changing to rose as the flowers expand. Fragrant	1/6
Florence Russ, H.T. —Pink, shading to pearly white at the edges of the petals. Flowers full and of perfect form, the petals being beautifully reflexed	1/6
Firedragon, H.T. —Flowers large, full, and sweetly scented. Of a brilliant fiery red color. A very desirable bedding Rose, of branching habit	1/6
Frau Karl Druschki, H.P. —Snowy white, extra fine in bud. A strong growing variety, producing flowers of exceedingly handsome appearance	1/6
Frau Lila Ratenstrauch, H.T. —Rich salmon apricot, tinted rose; growth vigorous	1/6
General Gallienii, H.T. —Rich metallic red, of great substance; growth vigorous	1/6
General McArthur, H.T. —Brilliant dark crimson, shaded scarlet; of exquisite form and good substance. Free blooming	1/6
George C. Ward, H.T. —Glowing orange vermillion, that does not fade. Flowers large and full, perfectly formed	1/6
George Dickson, H.T. —Velvety black crimson, the back of the petals being veined crimson maroon. Very strong and vigorous	1/6
George Schwartz, T. —Bright canary yellow, very rich. Large, full and distinct	1/6
Gladys Holland, H.T. —Pure buff, shaded orange yellow, outside of petals soft rose. Fine form and substance	1/6
Golden Emblem, H.T. —Cadmium yellow, buds reddish gold. A great advance on all the varieties of this color. Blooms large and perfect in form. Growth ideal, stems strong. The finest yellow we have	1/6

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

Golden Ophelia, H.T. —Golden yellow in the centre, paling slightly at the outer petals. Flowers of good size, and very compact	1/6
Golden Spray, H.T. —Deep yellow, paling to lemon yellow when expanded. Growth quite distinct. Buds long and pointed	1/6
Gorgeous, H.T. —Deep orange yellow, heavily veined with reddish copper. A vigorous free branching variety. Flowers large and full	1/6
Gustav Grunerwald, H.T. —Bright carmine pink, centre clear yellow, very large with high centre	1/6
Gwen Nash, H.T. —Cyclamen pink. Strong free flowering; very healthy and vigorous	1/6
Hadley, H.T. —Deep velvety crimson, flowers beautifully formed, full and sweetly scented. One of the best red Roses we have	1/6
Harry Kirk, T. —Deep sulphur yellow, passing to lighter shade at edge of petals. Blooms large and full	1/6
Hawlmarmk Crimson, H.T. —Crimson maroon, becoming crimson scarlet as the semi-double blooms develop. The best of the "Red Letter Day" type	1/6
Henrietta, H.T. —Fiery orange crimson; one of the finest Roses for bedding purposes. Sweetly scented	1/6
Herzogin Marie Antoinette, H.T. —Deep orange, striped salmon crimson, passing to old gold. Free flowering	1/6
Hoosier Beauty, H.T. —Glowing crimson, with darker shadings. Strong, vigorous and free flowering	1/6
Hugh Dickson, H.T. —Brilliant crimson, shaded scarlet, petals smooth. Free flowering and vigorous	1/6
Hugo Roller, T. —Rich lemon yellow petals, edged and suffused crimson; flowers of good shape, and freely produced	1/6
H. V. Machin, H.T. —Scarlet crimson, large globular blooms. Sturdy erect growth, with rigid flower stalks	1/6
Independence Day, H.T. —Petals sunflower gold, overlaid orange apricot, with flame-colored stains. Well modelled flowers. Vigorous with glossy foliage. Sweetly perfumed	1/6
Iona Herdman, H.T. —Pure clear orange flame, a delightful shade. A fine decorative variety. Sweetly scented	1/6
J. G. Glassford, H.T. —Deep clear crimson lake, a solid color which does not fade. Vigorous and free	1/6
John Davison, H.T. —Deep rich crimson, shaded velvety crimson. The flowers are fairly large, double, and of fine form	1/6
Jonkheer J. L. Mock, H.T. —Carmine, changing to imperial pink. Blooms large and of perfect formation	1/6
Joseph Hill, H.T. —Salmon pink, shaded with yellow, of exquisite form. Buds long and pointed	1/6
K. A. Victoria, H.T. —Cream, slightly shaded lemon, deeper in centre, full high centre	1/6
King George V., H.T. —Rich blackish crimson, with deep velvety violet flush. Growth vigorous	1/6
K. of K., H.T. —Intense scarlet, high solid petals, of semi-double form. Growth vigorous and branching. A fine decorative Rose ..	1/6
Kootenay, H.T. —Clear primrose throughout, an improvement on "K.A. Victoria." A magnificent Rose of large size	1/6
Konigin Carola, H.T. —Satiny rose, reverse of petal silvery white; flowers large and full	1/6
Lady Maureen Stewart, H.T. —Scarlet cerise, with velvety black shading; strongly scented. One of the best of all red Roses, and a color that does not blue	1/6
Lady Craig, H.T. —Deep cadmium yellow, with honey yellow centre. Very free and perpetual. A splendid garden Rose	1/6
Lorraine Lee. —A dwarf, free-flowering variety of vigorous, bushy habit. Semi-double blooms, warm rose apricot pink	1/6
Lord Charlemont, H.T. —Clear crimson, deepening to carmine crimson; large full flowers. Sweetly scented and keeps its color well	1/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

Lady Inchiquin, H.T. —Orange cerise, delicately perfumed. Of vigorous growth, branching habit, and free flowering	1/6
Lady Pirrie, H.T. —Outside of petals deep coppery salmon, inside apricot yellow, flushed fawn	1/6
Lady Alice Stanley, H.T. —Deep coral rose, with pale flesh inside of petals. Large and full	1/6
Lady Ashtown, H.T. —Rich silvery pink, of fine form, with high centre. Free flowering	1/6
Lady Barham, H.T. —Deep flesh orange pink, strongly perfumed. Flowers enormous on erect stems	1/6
Lady Greenall, H.T. —Intense saffron orange, heavily zoned on deep creamy white. Beautiful Rose	1/6
Lady Hillingdon, T. —Deep apricot yellow, long pointed buds; very free flowering. Should be in every garden	1/6
Lady Battersea, H.T. —Cherry crimson, shaded with orange. Strong grower, producing beautiful long buds	1/6
Lady Plymouth, T. —Deep ivory cream blooms large and freely produced	1/6
Lady Roberts, T. —Rich salmon, blooms opening orange salmon, passing to apricot; base of petals coppery red	1/6
La France, H.T. —Silvery rose, large, full and free flowering	1/6
La Tosca, H.T. —Soft pink, tinted with rosy white, large full flowers opening freely. A fine decorative Rose	1/6
Laurent Carl, H.T. —Brilliant velvety carmine, vigorous and erect; flowers very large and of perfect form	1/6
Lena, T. —Apricot edges of petals turning primrose yellow as the flowers age. A well-formed bud	1/6
Lilian Moore, H.T. —Deep Indian yellow; flowers large and full; of perfect form	1/6
Liberty, H.T. —Brilliant velvety crimson; perfectly formed	1/6
Lieut. Chaure, H.T. —Velvety crimson red, shaded with garnet	1/6
Los Angeles —Luminous flame pink, toned with coral and shading to gold. Large full blooms, good shape. A fine Rose	1/6
Louise Catherine Breslau, H.T. —Coral red, shaded with chrome yellow; flowers large and full	1/6
Lyon Rose, H.T. —Shrimp pink, centre coral red or salmon, shaded chrome yellow. Flowers large, full and perfectly formed. Very fragrant	1/6
Maud Cuming, H.T. —Delicate peach shaded with coral pink, suffused and veined orange. Blooms large and full	1/6
Mama Lamesch, H.T. —Deep shrimp pink, very large, of beautiful pointed form, generally borne singly on erect stems	1/6
Mabel Morse, Pern. —Pure golden yellow, of a most striking shade. The buds are of good shape; foliage strong and vigorous. Not so liable to die back as "Golden Emblem"	1/6
Madame Abel Chatenay, H.T. —Carmine pink, shaded with salmon. One of the most beautiful Roses we have; free flowering and vigorous	1/6
Madame Butterfly, H.T. —Flesh tinted with pink, apricot and gold, well formed. Free flowering, and one of the best Roses of recent introduction	1/6
Madame Colette Martinet, H.T. —Old gold, shaded with orange yellow. Long yellow buds. Very vigorous	1/6
Madame Constant Soupert, T. —Deep yellow, shaded peach. Blooms very large and full	1/6
Madame Edward Heriot, Per. —Coral red, shaded with yellow and bright rosy scarlet, passing to prawn red, with yellow at base. Deep bronze foliage; growth vigorous	1/6
Madam J. Bouche, H.T. —Salmon white, centre shaded pink, flowers large and full. Vigorous and free flowering	1/6
Madame Melanie Soupert, H.T. —Salmon yellow, suffused carmine; a striking color	1/6

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

Madam Leon Pain, H.T. —Silvery flesh, reverse of petals salmon rose, tinted with vermilion	1/6
Madame Jules Grolez, H.T. —Satiny china rose, very bright, large, full and finely formed	1/6
Madame Caristie Martel, H.T. —Pale sulphur yellow, deeper in centre. Growth vigorous	1/6
Madame Segond Weber, H.T. —Clear salmon pink, very large full flowers, carried on stiff stems	1/6
Madam Lambard, T. —Salmon pink, shaded rose; variable in color, free flowering, and of good form	1/6
Maman Cochet, T. —Light pink, shaded with salmon, outer petals splashed with bright rose; large and full	1/6
Margaret Dickson Hamill, H.T. —Straw colored deep shell-like petals, edged with delicate carmine on back. Sweetly perfumed. Vigorous and erect growth	1/6
Marie Adelaide G. D. of Luxumbourg, H.T. —Deep orange yellow, large and of perfect form, delicately perfumed. Free flowering and vigorous	1/6
Marjorie Bulkeley, H.T. —Buds large, opening buff ochre, heavily flushed rosy pink, developing to silvery pink as the flowers age..	1/6
Melody, H.T. —Intense deep saffron yellow, with primrose edges. A charming Rose, with rich foliage	1/6
Midnight Sun, H.T. —Deep glowing crimson, flushed with velvety black. Semi-double, produced singly on long stems. Very free and vigorous	1/6
Mildred Grant, H.T. —Ivory white, flushed pale peach; high pointed centre. Blooms of enormous size and substance	1/6
Miss Lolita Armour, Per. —Orange and copper, shading to chrome and yellow at base; large and full	1/6
Modesty, H.T. —Pearly cream, faintly flushed rose; free flowering and sweetly scented. Blooms long and pointed	1/6
Molly Bligh, H.T. —Deep madder pink, zoned orange madder at base of petals. Exquisite musk rose perfume. Blooms large. Growth vigorous	1/6
Molly Sharman Crawford, T. —Delicate creamy white, opening to pure white. Delicately perfumed. Strong and vigorous	1/6
Mrs. Henry Bowles, H.T. —Color warm rosy pink, shaded with salmon orange. Growth free and upright, blooms of great substance, and beautifully pointed	1/6
Mrs. W. C. Egan, Per. & H.T. —Color: Soft light pink, the interior deep flesh, with a golden line at the base of petals. The flowers are supported on long stiff stems. Extremely vigorous, with long pointed buds	1/6
Mrs. Charles Russell, H.T. —Rosy carmine; very double and of perfect form, and splendid lasting qualities	1/6
Mrs. H. R. Darlington, H.T. —Creamy white; one of the finest garden and exhibition Roses ever sent out. Indispensable for all purposes	1/6
Mrs. E. J. Holland, H.T. —Deep salmon rose, shaded lighter towards the edges. Perfect form, with high pointed centre. Sweetly perfumed	1/6
Mrs. E. Willis, H.T. —Pale coral pink, shaded delicate salmon pink. A lovely color. Quite distinct	1/6
Mrs. Frank Guthrie. —Hyl. Gig. dwarf everblooming variety. Color clear pink; sweetly tea perfumed	1/6
Mrs. R. C. Bell, H.T. —Deep red, of a shade that stands well. An attractive variety, with handsome foliage	1/6
Mrs. R. D. McClure, H.T. —Brilliant, glistening salmon pink. Large full flowers of exquisite form. Vigorous growth	1/6
Mrs. C. V. Haworth, H.T. —Apricot, developing into delicate biscuit buff; large upstanding petals. Sweetly perfumed	1/6
Mrs. Aaron Ward, H.T. —Indian yellow, occasionally washed with salmon rose. Large and full	1/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

Mrs. H. Morse, H.T.—Bright rose, deeply suffused vermilion. Sweetly scented	1/6
Mrs. Redford, H.T.—Bright apricot orange, upright growth. Very free flowering, and sweetly scented	1/6
Mrs. George Shawyer, H.T.—Brilliant clear rose. Flowers large, well formed and full. Growth tall and vigorous	1/6
Mrs. W. Christie Miller, H.T.—Soft pearly blush, shaded salmon, outside of petals clear vermilion rose. Large and full	1/6
Mrs. MacKellar, H.T.—Buds deep citron, opening to pearly primrose. A perfect and lasting Rose	1/6
Mrs. A. Glen Kidstone, H.T.—Cinnamon and rosy carmine—an attractive color. Blooms pointed and beautifully formed. Very vigorous	1/6
Mrs. Bryce Allan, H.T.—Carmine rose, solid imbricated blooms. Strong vigorous grower, with good foliage. One of the sweetest perfumed Roses we have	1/6
Mrs. A. R. Waddell, H.T.—Rosy scarlet bud, opening reddish salmon; reverse of petals rosy scarlet. Fine for bedding	1/6
Mrs. Campbell Hall, T.—Creamy buff, edged and suffused rose-carmine, the centre of the bloom coral. A magnificent Rose	1/6
Mrs. Cornwallis West, H.T.—Shell pink, on white ground. A Rose of fine appearance. Vigorous	1/6
Mrs. David McKee, H.T.—Creamy yellow, petals large and smooth. A superb variety, of robust growth	1/6
Mrs. Edward Mawley, T.—Bright carmine pink, shaded salmon. Flowers large and full, with high pointed centre	1/6
Mrs. Foley Hobbs, T.—Delicate ivory white, faintly tipped clear pink on the edge of petals. Robust and vigorous	1/6
Mrs. Harold Brocklebank, H.T.—Creamy white, centre buff; base of petals soft gold yellow. Blooms large and of perfect form	1/6
Mrs. Herbert Stevens, H.T.—Pure snow white, vigorous and free branching habit. Blooms large with high centre	1/6
Mrs. John Laing, H.P.—Transparent pink; perfect in form; large and fragrant	1/6
Mrs. Myles Kennedy, T.—Delicate silvery white, shaded buff, deep pink centre. Reverse of petals shaded deeper	1/6
Mrs. S. T. Wright, T.—Guard petals old gold, centre apricot. A decorative Rose of great beauty	1/6
Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, H.T.—Creamy white, with rose colored centre. Most attractive and reliable.	1/6
Mrs. Wallace H. Rowe, H.T.—Bright Sweet Pea mauve. A wonderful flower in every respect. Splendid grower	1/6
Mrs. Wemyss Quinn, H.T.—Golden orange, changing as the bloom opens to deep canary yellow. Guard petals tinged crimson orange	1/6
Natalie Bottner, H.T.—Creamy yellow, large, full, and of good form. Growth vigorous	1/6
Nellie Parker, H.T.—Pale creamy white, with deep cream centre. Growth vigorous. Flowers large and full	1/6
Ophelia, H.T.—Salmon flesh, shaded with rose, of perfect shape. Blooms standing erect on stiff stems. Growth vigorous	1/6
Old Gold, H.T.—Semi-double, vivid reddish orange, with rich coppery red and apricot shadings. Dark coppery foliage	1/6
Papa Gontier, T.—Rosy crimson, buds long, clean and handsome. Excellent for cutting	1/6
Phoebe, H.T.—Creamy white, slightly deeper in centre, and occasionally almost pure white flowers. Upright growth. Flowers of perfect form	1/6
Premier, H.T.—Pure rose pink, lighter in Summer. Deliciously fragrant	1/6
Prince Camille De Rohan, H.P.—Crimson maroon, shaded with blood red; rich velvety. Large and full	1/6

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

Prince of Wales, H.T. —Rich cherry crimson. Flowers large and with a delicious perfume; produced upon strong erect growths. A superb Rose	1/6
Prince Charming, H.T. —Deep red, with old gold base. Flowers of medium size. Semi-double	1/6
Queen Mary, H.T. —Bright canary yellow, crayoned with pure deep carmine; rich and beautiful	1/6
Radiance, H.T. —Brilliant carmine, shaded salmon, inside of petals silvery pink. Vigorous grower	1/6
Red Radiance, H.T. —Cerise red; a genuine sport from "Radiance," possessing all the fine qualities of that popular variety	1/6
Red Letter Day, H.T. —Semi-double, velvety scarlet crimson; a color that stands well. Profuse bloomer, and one of the best decorative Roses	1/6
Rev. F. Page Roberts, H.T. —Blooms large, full and well formed; of a beautiful rich "Marechal Neil" color, occasionally veined with buff. A most beautiful variety, and highly recommended	1/6
Rhea Reid, H.T. —Cerise crimson, large double blooms, of excellent shape. A splendid garden Rose	1/6
Richmond, H.T. —Pure red scarlet; free flowering and vigorous	1/6
Roger Lambelin, H.P. —Glowing crimson. each petal being edged with pure white	1/6
Rose Marie, H.T. —Long buds, of perfect shape, opening to full flowers of an even shade of rose pink. Free flowering and of good growth, with wonderful fragrance. A particularly fine variety	1/6
Safrano, T. —Deep apricot in bud, changing to buff	1/6
Salmon Spray, H.T. —Rich salmon pink, reverse of petal carmine, borne in sprays of five to twenty flowers. Constant blooming, and sweetly scented. A fine Rose for massing	1/6
Severine, H.T. —Coral red, fading to prawn red when fully expanded. A novel coloring. Vigorous	1/6
Souvenir de Georges Pernet, Per. —Orient red, the end of petals cochineal carmine, shaded with yellow. Very large, full and globular	1/6
Squatter's Dream, Hyb. Gig. —Indian yellow opening to pale yellow. Free flowering and richly perfumed	1/6
Souvenir de H. A. Verschuren, H.T. —Cadmium yellow, passing to orange yellow; very large; fairly full blooms. Delicious perfume	1/6
Souvenir de R. B. Ferguson, Per. —Rich coppery apricot, which varies considerably at different seasons. Blooms large and well formed	1/6
Souvenir De M. De Zayas, H.T. —Vivid carmine, veined deeper; vigorous grower. Free flowering	1/6
Souvenir De P. Notting, T. —Apricot yellow, washed with golden yellow and shaded orange	1/6
Souvenir De Stella Gray, T. —Deep orange, with splashes of yellow, apricot and salmon. Flowers of medium size	1/6
Souvenir De G. Beckwith, Per. —Shrimp pink buds, opening shrimp pink, tinged with chrome yellow, with deeper yellow base	1/6
Souvenir De Claudius Pernet, Per. —Rich sunflower yellow flowers, large and full. A glorified "Constance," without its red markings. A fine Rose, with good glossy foliage	1/6
Sunburst, H.T. —Cadmium yellow, with orange yellow centre. Strong and vigorous	1/6
Sunstar, H.T. —Deep orange yellow, veined and splashed crimson and vermilion, varying in tone and intensity as the blooms develop. Growth vigorous and branching. Highly perfumed	1/6
Sunny South, H.T. —Pink, flushed with carmine on a yellow base. A most distinct and charming combination. Vigorous and free flowering. One of the best decoratives	1/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

Star of Queensland, H.T. —Rich velvety crimson, shaded maroon; semi-double, cup-shaped blooms	1/6
Sweet Seventeen, H.T. —A soft blush pink, semi-double ever blooming variety, of medium growth. An ideal bedder	1/6
The Bride, T. —Pure white, tinted pink. A popular old favorite . . .	1/6
Tim Page, Per. —Pure daffodil yellow, that does not fade. One of the best decorative pure yellows so far raised. Fine glossy foliage . .	1/6
Titanic, H.T. —Coppery crimson in bud, opening deep salmon red, base of petals clear yellow. Very free flowering	1/6
Una Wallace, H.T. —Soft cherry rose, without shading. Sweetly perfumed	1/6
Victory, H.T. —Glowing scarlet crimson, on long stems. Blooms pointed and faultless in shape	1/6
W. F. Dreer, H.T. —Deep golden yellow, shaded peach and old rose. Free flowering and strongly perfumed	1/6
Westfield Star, H.T. —A distinct lemon yellow sport from Ophelia, possessing all its excellent characteristics	1/6
White Ophelia, H.T. —A white sport of Ophelia, especially valuable for cutting	1/6
W. C. Gaunt, H.T. —Brilliant velvety vermilion, tipped with bright red, reverse of petals crimson maroon. Growth vigorous . . .	1/6
W. E. Wallace, H.T. —Deep golden yellow, very sweetly scented. A magnificent garden Rose, of full and exquisite form	1/6
Warrior, H.T. —Buds blood red, long and handsome; blooms opening scarlet crimson with handsome broad petals	1/6
White Maman Cochet, T. —Creamy white, outer petals edged with rose. Large, full, high centred blooms	1/6
William Shean, H.T. —Pure pink, with delicate veining. A glorious Rose of unquestionable merit	1/6
Yvres Druhen, H.T. —Dark velvety red, highly perfumed. At times even darker than "Chateau de C. Vougeot." Growth vigorous and branching. A fine garden Rose	1/6
Yvonne Vacherot, H.T. —Porcelain white, suffused soft pink; buds long and pointed. Free flowering	1/6

DWARF SINGLE ROSES.

Free-flowering and attractive Bush Roses, producing large single blooms with masses of golden anthers. Some varieties are available as Standards also.

Austrian Copper, Briar. —Bright reddish copper; very striking and distinct	1/6
Irish (Fireflame), H.T. —Deep madder orange, splashed with crimson in the bud stage. Opening fiery orange crimson, pure lemon zone . .	1/6
Irish Beauty, H.T. —Pure white, with golden anthers. Flowers very large, borne in clusters	1/6
Irish Brightness, H.T. —Vivid crimson; profuse bloomer	1/6
Irish Engineer, H.T. —Dazzling scarlet; large and massive	1/6
Irish Elegance, H.T. —Buds bronzy orange scarlet, opening apricot. The most charming of all the single varieties	1/6
Irish Harmony, H.T. —Buds saffron yellow, shaded claret, opening to creamy white	1/6
Irish Modesty, H.T. —Coral pink, with straw colored anthers	1/6
Irish Pride, T. —Ecru, suffused with old rose and gold; most charming . .	1/6
Irish Star, T. —Rose du Barri, with golden yellow stamens	1/6
Isobel, H.T. —Carmine red, flushed orange scarlet; centre pure yellow. A striking variety	1/6
Princess Mary, H.T. —Deep crimson scarlet, with bright yellow anthers . .	1/6
Vesuvius, H.T. —Bright scarlet crimson, sweetly perfumed. Growth free and bushy	1/6

Climbing, Rambler and Pillar Roses

Our climbers are all worked from buds selected from strong climbing shoots, reducing the possibility of them reverting to dwarfs to a minimum.

American Pillar, Poly. —Single deep pink, with masses of yellow stamens; large, and borne in clusters	1/6
Ard's Rover, H.P. —Crimson, shaded with maroon; flowers large . . .	1/6
Ard's Rambler, H.T. —Velvety crimson, shading to rosy carmine. Perfect form	1/6
Ard's Pillar, H.T. —Rich crimson, blotched with amaranth	1/6
Australian Beauty, H.T. —Richest crimson, shaded velvety amaranth; deliciously perfumed	1/6
Banksia Alba. —Double white; small and very double; blooming in clusters	1/6
Banksia Lutea. —Double yellow; similar to Banksia Alba	1/6
Bardou Job, H.T. —Bright glowing crimson, shaded with black, semi-double	1/6
Black Boy. —Deep blackish crimson, strong vigorous grower, and free bloomer. We find this one of the best Climbing Roses we have . . .	1/6
Bonnie Bell, Wich. —Single pink, with yellow stamens; large trusses . . .	1/6
Bushfire, Wich. —Bright rich crimson, with a narrow yellow zone. The trusses are enormous. Quite the best of the Wichuriana Roses	1/6
Chateau De Gros-Bois, N. —Deep golden yellow, of strong climbing habit. Very distinct	1/6
Cherub, H.T. —A strong Climbing Rose, with good foliage, producing in Spring and Autumn masses of beautiful, well-formed salmon pink flowers	1/6
Cinderella, Wich. —Deepest pink, flowering later than other Wichuriana varieties	1/6
Climbing Belle Siebrecht, H.T. —Bright rose pink, blooms large and beautifully formed. A strong vigorous climber	1/6
Climbing Caroline Testout, H.T. —Clear bright rose, large and double. A universal favourite	1/6
Climbing General McArthur, H.T. —Brilliant dark crimson, shaded scarlet, of exquisite form and good substance. A fine vigorous, free flowering climber	1/6
Climbing Cecil Brunner, Poly. —A strong climbing variety of this popular button-hole Rose. Shoots 4 to 6 feet in length, bearing clusters of fairy-like buds	1/6
Climbing Devoniensis, T. —Creamy white, centre blush. One of the best light Climbing Roses	1/6
Climbing H. V. Machin, H.T. —Scarlet crimson, large, well formed blooms of immense size. A vigorous climber	1/6
Climbing George Schwartz, T. —Deep canary yellow; very rich in color. A doubtful climber in most situations, for which reason we prefer "Climbing Lady Hillingdon"	1/6
Climbing K.A. Victoria, H.T. —Creamy white, slightly shaded lemon; large, full and well-formed	1/6
Climbing Columbia, H.T. —A vigorous climbing sport of this popular variety, with the fragrance and lasting qualities of its parent. Colour, rose pink	1/6
Climbing La France, H.T. —We have imported a strong vigorous strain of this old favorite. Plants show true climbing habit. Colour: silvery rose	1/6
Climbing Liberty, H.T. —Brilliant velvety crimson, perfect form. Strong and vigorous	1/6
Climbing Sunburst, H.T. —Orange yellow, with deeper centre; fine, long, pointed buds. One of the best climbers we have	1/6
Climbing Chatenay, H.T. —A strong climbing variety of the popular "Mad. Abel Chatenay." Color: Rosy carmine, tinged with salmon . . .	1/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

Climbing Lady Hillingdon, H.T.—Deep orange yellow, long pointed buds. Strong and vigorous grower. Quite the best of the yellow climbers	1/6
Climbing Madam Segond Weber, H.T.—Clear salmon pink, firm petals. Very large and full flowers. Strong grower	1/6
Climbing Orleans Rose, Poly.—Brilliant geranium red, suffused rose, with white centre. A strong climbing variety of the popular bedding "Orleans Rose"	1/6
Climbing Papa Gontier, T.—Rosy crimson, buds long, clean and handsome. Free flowering and a strong grower	1/6
Climbing Maman Cochet, T.—Light pink, shaded with salmon yellow. Outer petals bright rose. A free climbing variety	1/6
Climbing Richmond, H.T.—Pure reddish scarlet, free flowering	1/6
Climbing Frau Karl Druschki, H.P.—Pure snow white, of perfect form. Vigorous and free flowering	1/6
Climbing Mildred Grant, H.T.—Ivory white, with a flush of pale peach. Unusually large and massive	1/6
Climbing White Maman Cochet, H.T.—Creamy white, outer petals edged with rose. Strong climber	1/6
Climbing Killarney, H.T.—Pale pink, shaded flesh and white, long pointed blooms	1/6
Climbing Ophelia, H.T.—Salmon flesh, shaded with rose; of perfect form and habit. A strong vigorous climber, and one that is hard to equal	1/6
Climbing Laurent Carle, H.T.—Brilliant velvety carmine, large and double. A strong climbing variety of this popular Rose	1/6
Climbing Madam E. Herriot, H.T.—Coral red, shaded with yellow and bright rosy scarlet. A most vigorous climber; flowering in profusion	1/6
Climbing Mrs. Aaron Ward, H.T.—Indian yellow, shaded with almost salmon rose; very large and full. A strong climber of remarkable vigour and of wonderful free flowering character	1/6
Climbing Lady Ashtown, H.T.—Pale rose, shaded to yellow at base of petals, reflexed with silvery pink. Strong climber	1/6
Climbing Mrs. Herbert Stevens, H.T.—Pure snow white, buds long and pointed, free flowering. A new climber which promises to be the best White Climbing Rose in cultivation	1/6
Climbing Irish Fireflame, H.T.—Single deep orange, splashed with crimson, which, as the bud expands, becomes fiery orange crimson, with yellow zone. Strong climber	1/6
Climbing Chateau De C. Vougeot, H.T.—A strong climbing form of this most popular of all dark red Roses. Deep velvety crimson, producing blooms throughout the season. Vigorous in growth, and one of the best climbers we have	1/6
Climbing Lady Greenall, H.T.—Strong climbing variety. Saffron orange overspread on creamy-white	1/6
Cloth of Gold, N.—Pale sulphur yellow, deep in centre; large and full. Fine foliage	1/6
Cracker, H.T.—Single rich, striking red, with yellow stamens. Constantly in flower. A fine Pillar Rose	1/6
Crimson Rambler, Poly.—Bright crimson, flowers produced in pyramid form	1/6
Dorothy Perkins, Wich.—Rich, soft rose pink, in large trusses in Spring. Foliage bright glossy green	1/6
Excelsa, Poly.—Brilliant scarlet crimson, produced in large trusses	1/6
Flying Colors.—A Hybrid of Rose Gigantea. Flowers single, fully 5 inches across, of a bright deep cerise. One of the first to open in Spring	1/6
Florence H. Veitch, H.T.—Brilliant scarlet, shaded with black; large and of excellent form	1/6
Fortuniana.—Pure white; growth similar to the Banksias	1/6
Fortune's Yellow.—Yellow, shaded with bronze; very effective in early Spring	1/6
Golden Vision, H.T.—A seedling from "Marechal Neil," and carries some of the colour and scent of that old Rose	1/6
Gloire De Dijon, T.—Yellow, shaded with salmon, large and full	1/6

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

Gruss an Teplitz, H.T. —Bright crimson, with fiery red centre; not very full, but always in flower	1/6
Harbinger. —A large single Gigantea Hybrid. Flowers large, of pure refined pink, opening in mid September	1/6
Hiawatha, Wich. —Brilliant scarlet; blooms in very large clusters. Very effective	1/6
Jessie Clark. —A large single-flowered Hybrid of Rose Gigantea. Color deep clear pink, of immense size. A very vigorous grower, that requires to grow naturally, and produces its wealth of blooms early in Spring	1/6
Kitty Kininmonth, H.T. —Bright carmine rose, large decorative, semi-double flowers. A brilliant Climbing Rose	1/6
Lady Gay, Poly. —Deep rose, of similar growth and habit to "Dorothy Perkins," but of finer size and color	1/6
Lady Waterlow, H.T. —Clear, salmon pink, with large crimson-edged petals; flowers large and freely produced	1/6
Lemon Pillar, H.T. —Pale lemon in bud, opening to palest sulphur yellow	1/6
Loretto, H.T. —A Climbing or Pillar Rose, of the most distinct and beautiful coloring, suggesting crimson, over-laid with carmine. Foliage magnificent and disease proof	1/6
Lyon Rambler, Poly. —Double bright cherry red, with white centres. A good constant bloomer	1/6
Madam Berard, T. —Clear salmon rose; flowers large and full	1/6
Madame Jules Gravereaux, T. —Deep yellow centre, rosy peach buds; very long and pointed. Free flowering	1/6
Marechal Neil, T. —Bright rich golden yellow, large, full and of fine form. Sweetly scented	1/6
Miss Marion Manifold, H.T. —Rich velvety scarlet, shaded with crimson; very large, full, and of good form. A free and constant bloomer. Sweetly scented. A vigorous climber; one of the best and most popular in our collection	1/6
Monsieur Desir, H.T. —Velvety crimson, often shaded with violet; large and double; good form	1/6
Moonlight, Hyb. Musk. —Moderate-sized blooms, white flushed lemon, borne in clusters, and very freely produced	1/6
Mrs. F. W. Flight, Poly. —Large trusses of well filled flowers, of a delightful shade of bright rose pink. A robust and vigorous Rose	1/6
Noella Nabonnand, T. —Large semi-double, velvety crimson; sweetly scented	1/6
Nora Cunningham, H.T. —Large semi-double bright pink, with lighter zone around the stamens. Foliage bright green. A vigorous grower	1/6
Nora Power. —Deep apricot, shaded with red in the bud, opening to a light buff. Single; very free flowering, with handsome foliage and sweetly perfumed	1/6
Paul's Scarlet Climber. —Vivid scarlet, shaded with crimson of exceptional merit for Pillars and all climbing purposes	1/6
Queen of Hearts, H.T. —Pure deep pink, sweetly scented. Foliage very handsome. A very valuable climber	1/6
Ringlet. —An everblooming single, strong climber. Producing large trusses of pink tinged amaranth flowers, which have a distinct white centre	1/6
Rosy Morn, H.T. —Clear pink on white ground. A beautiful decorative Rose. Makes a good pillar, and can be grown as a bush	1/6
Sachsengruss, H.T. —Flowers are of immense size, and perfect shape; colour, delicate flesh, shaded China rose	1/6
Sander's White, Wich. —Snowy white flowers; one of the best Wichuriana varieties	1/6
Scorcher. —A free flowering and magnificent grower, with beautiful rich green foliage. Flowers crimson carmine in color, freely produced	1/6
Shower of Gold, Wich. —Vigorous grower, glossy foliage; large trusses of double yellow flowers	1/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

Sinica Alba. —Large single white, with mass of golden stamens. A fine evergreen climber	1/6
Sinica Anemone. —"The Cherokee Rose." A very beautiful single, light silvery pink, deepening to bright rose. A fine climber, with handsome foliage	1/6
Snowdrift, Wich. —Double pure white. Free blooming, with handsome bright green foliage	1/6
Sodenia, Poly. —Brilliant carmine, produced in large trusses	1/6
Souvenir De Leonie Viennot, T. —Silvery rose, shading to carmine, base of petals canary yellow. A most beautiful combination. A wonderful grower, with abundant foliage	1/6
Tausendschon, Poly. —Bright pink, opening to rosy carmine. Large clusters of beautiful blooms. Declared the finest Climbing Rose in America	1/6
The Lion. —Single rich crimson with yellow anthers, blooming in clusters. A fine Pillar Rose	1/6
Veilchenblau, Poly. —Reddish lilac, shading to amethyst and steel-blue. Flowers produced in clusters. Very vigorous	1/6
Walter C. Clark. —Deep maroon crimson, shaded with black; very fragrant. Of moderate growth, with dark foliage. A fine pillar Rose	1/6
Wedding Bells. —Shell pink, base of petals white. A superb Rambler	1/6
White Dorothy. —A pure white form of "Dorothy Perkins," having the same habit of growth	1/6
William Allen Richardson, N. —Deep orange yellow, edged with white; very showy and distinct	1/6
Zephirine Drouhin, B. —Clear pink, sweetly perfumed. Almost thornless. One of the best climbing or pillar varieties	1/6

Standard Roses

We grow many thousands of these in all the most popular and best varieties, budded on stems from 24 to 36 inches in length. They are graded into three sizes:—Half, Three-quarter, and Full Standards. Our Standards are noted for their strong, straight and clean stems, such plants as are certain to produce vigorous growth the first season.

Plants are available from the first week in June, and all orders booked in advance are executed as soon after that date as possible. As the demand of this popular class of Rose always greatly exceeds the supply, we would impress on our clients the necessity for early ordering. We shall be pleased to book orders at any time, and hold the plants for delivery as required. When selecting names, add a few extra in case some are sold out, otherwise we shall send what we consider the best varieties approaching those not available.

PRICES OF STANDARD ROSES.

Half Standards	24 inch stems	30/- per dozen
Three-Quarter Standards	30 inch stems	36/- per dozen
Full Standards	36 inch stems	42/- per dozen

When ordering, state which size is desired, as, if only Standards are ordered, we send Full Standards.

List of varieties available shall be sent on application.

WEeping STANDARDS.

These are budded on stems from 4 to 6 feet high in the following varieties, which we have found most satisfactory:—

Excelsa	Lady Gay	American Pillar
Irish Fireflame	Coronation	Bush Fire
Jessie Clark	White Dorothy	Dorothy Perkins
Price:—4 feet		7/6 each
5 to 6 feet		20/- each

POLYANTHA OR MINIATURE ROSES.

The Polyantha is a dwarf variety of Rose, carrying clusters of small blossoms. Orleans, a much-praised low-growing, free-flowering sort, is one of the company.

For bedding close together, say, about 2 feet apart, there are no better subjects in the whole world of flowers. The growth is never much more than 18 inches, but the flowering is continuous and complete. Each truss of blossoms is a bundle of beauty. For pot work the miniature Roses are just the thing.

Aenchen Muller. —Large clusters of brilliant rose-colored flowers, produced till late in Autumn	1/6
Borderer. —The flowers are double, are difficult to describe; but shades of pink, copper and amber go together to make a very charming and distinct Rose, with the Sweet Dog Rose perfume	1/6
Cecil Brunner. —Delicate salmon pink, with coppery centre	1/6

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

Cyclope. —Very free-flowering and robust habit. Color: Crimson maroon, striped white. Very beautiful	1/6
Cyrano. —Carmine, with bright rosy scarlet reflexes, and velvety shadings when opening. Growth dwarf	1/6
Ellen Poulsen. —Dark scarlet pink; large, full, sweet scented; vigorous bushy habit. Most floriferous	1/6
E. N. Ward. —Soft warm pink, sometimes tipped with carmine. Flowers borne in graceful sprays on good stems. Blooms freely at all seasons	1/6
Eileen Low. —China rose, attenuating to cream at the base of petals. A dwarf bushy variety, with nice glistening foliage	1/6
Erna Teschendorff. —Splendid shining crimson, in the way of Gruss an Teplitz. The best among the red Polyanthas	1/6
Eugenie Lamesch. —Brilliant ochre yellow, turning to pale yellow, tinted rose; very double. Sweetly scented	1/6
George Elger. —Flower in big corymbs; golden coppery yellow, passing to clear yellow when expanded	1/6
Ideal. —Dark scarlet, at times almost black. The best dark Polyantha to date	1/6
Jeanny Soupert. —Delicate Carnation white, small flowers of regular form, produced in large clusters	1/6
Jessie. —Bright cherry crimson, keeping its color well. Distinctive and good	1/6
Juliana. —Deep salmon pink, of similar growth to "Orleans"	1/6
Katherine Zeimet. —Pure white, semi-double, free flowering. The best white Polyantha in cultivation	1/6
Leonie Lamesch. —Bright coppery red, shaded with a deep red and yellow. Very rich	1/6
Louis Welter. —Porcelain pink, shading to white. Free bloomer	1/6
Madam F. Favre. —A continuous bloomer, flowering in large trusses of single flowers. Color: Rich velvety crimson	1/6
Madam N. Lavavasseur. —Flowers purplish crimson, resembling Crimson Rambler in form and truss	1/6
Maman Turbat. —Beautiful China Rose, shaded clear peach; erect growth, and exceedingly free flowering	1/6
Merveille des Rouges. —Flowers bright crimson, with white centre; double; of imbricated form	1/6
Mdlle. S. Bidard. —Coppery rose salmon, yellow stamens. A splendid variety	1/6
Marie Brissonet. —Dwarf, clear rosy flesh tipped carmine. Free habit, producing corymbs of immense size	1/6
Marthe Keller. —Porcelain white, centre yellowish white, edged lilac pink. Flowers of medium size. Double	1/6
Miss Edith Cavell. —A scarlet crimson sport from Orleans, possessing all the parent's qualities. A particularly clear color that does not fade. Quite the best of this section	1/6
Mrs. W. H. Cutbush. —Bright rosy crimson, of same free flowering habit as "Orleans"	1/6
Orleans Rose. —Brilliant geranium red, suffused rose, with white centre, making a charming combination. Very fine	1/6
Perle D'Or. —Nankin yellow, with orange centre	1/6
Perle des Rouges. —Deep velvety crimson, small and double; produced in clusters. Blooming abundantly till late in the season	1/6
Petit Constant. —Deep coppery red, reflected with orange; flowers in clusters. A new color in this class	1/6
Primula. —Bright china rose, centre snowy white. Most effective	1/6
Rodhatte. —Clear cherry red, fairly large semi-double. Very vigorous and free-flowering. Fine for massing and cutting	1/6
Tip Top. —Orange yellow, edged carmine. One of the prettiest of the dwarf Polyanthas. Fine for edging purposes. Perpetual blooming	1/6
Yvonne Rabier. —White flowers, of good size, borne in fine clusters, Habit perfect. Fine for massing	1/6

ROSES IN POTS.

We grow a number of the best varieties of Dwarfs, Climbers, Polyanthas and Standards in pots for planting in Spring and Summer. List of varieties on application.

Gladioli

OUR GREAT SPECIALTY.

GENERAL COLLECTION.

We have been growing Glads for many years, and building up a collection that at present stands second to none. We have them in hundreds of thousands, and have spared neither trouble nor expense in obtaining from abroad practically every variety that is worth growing. We catalog those that have proved to be distinct, and of which we have sufficient stocks to distribute. We have many others in small lots, and shall be pleased to quote for any variety required.

Corms are available from May till December, but for late planting we advise early booking of orders, as some varieties are sold out early in the season.

On all orders for named Gladioli to the value of 20/- or more, we pay postage. Smaller orders must include postage at the rate of 9d. per doz. in Victoria, and 1/3 per doz. outside.

- A.B. Kunderd**—Tall large intensely ruffled flower of delicate deep cream, overspread with blush pink. Lower petals primrose. Very effective 3/6
- Adventure**—Clear bright scarlet, a very rich and solid color. Large well-formed spikes. One of the best 3/6
- Afterglow**—Rich salmon scarlet, touched at the throat with violet; very large flowers, on long, well arranged spikes; strong, vigorous habit 1/6
- Albert 1st.**—A variety of delicate coloring, and tall strong habit, capable of producing long well-formed spikes. Color flesh white, lightly striped rose on edges, lower petals suffused straw color . . 2/6
- Ali**—Light blue, with throat markings of darker blue on lemon throat. A welcome addition to this color 1/6
- Alton**—Orange salmon, with bright orange-red spot in the throat . . 2/-
- Alwyn**—A fine blue variety, with medium-sized flowers, and better spikes than most blues possess 1/6
- America**—A very fascinating soft flesh pink, slightly tinged with lavender. The flowers are large and of fine texture. The spike is long and even, and the constitution is excellent. At the price there is nothing else half so beautiful 6d. each; 5/- per doz.
- American Beauty**—Deep rose pink shaded with carmine, large lemon blotch, with delicate pencilling in throat. A most conspicuous variety producing short sturdy spikes, all buds opening at one time 2/-
- American Indian**—Clear velvety red, with deeper throat markings. A fine solid ruffled flower, of good formation 2/-
- Anna Eberius**—Deep Rhodamine purple, throat deeper: quite distinct in color from other purple varieties; flowers large, and spike good 1/6
- Arizona Rose**—Deep rose pink shading to salmon, with bold crimson blotch. Very large flower 1/6
- Atlanta**—Color a soft shade of rosy violet, with a cream blotch in centre; spikes long, a large number being open at one time . . . 1/-
- Averill**—Rosy salmon, generally flaked with salmon scarlet, a large and striking pure yellow blotch on lower petals 1/6
- Baron J. Hulot**—Deep violet, an old variety, yet still one of the best of this color; strong constitution 5/- doz.; 6d.
- Beatrice May**—A pure white variety, of fine form and habit. A strong vigorous and healthy grower 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Bertie Snow**—Soft lilac, very large rounded flowers on fine strong stems, every spike coming good. One of the best exhibition varieties we have 5/-
- Bertrex**—Color clear, glistening snowy white, with deep iris-blue markings in the throat. Blooms of good size. A fine variety for cutting 1/- each, 9/- per doz.

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

- Blue Coeleste.**—Clear violet blue; a variety of great beauty, and the best of its color. Flowers are large, not crowded on the stem, but beautifully arranged, well opened, and of good size. Stems slender and tall. A strong, healthy grower 1/6
- Britannia.**—Very large flowers of a delicate cream color, carried on a strong, straight spike. Vigorous grower. When opened inside this variety comes pure white 1/6
- Byron L. Smith.**—Clear lavender pink, shading to white. Of fine form, with flowers placed perfectly on strong stems. One of the very best exhibition varieties, every spike coming true 1/6 each, 12/- per doz.
- Catherine Coleman.**—Large geranium pink; extra tall grower. One of the best exhibition varieties 7/6
- Captain Brandt.**—Color very rich and striking, the bright scarlet ground color being enriched with deep crimson mottling. A grand rich colored variety 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Catharina.**—Light blue, with dark blotch, a fine large flower. Quite the best blue variety in cultivation. Strong, healthy grower . . 1/6
- Charlemagne.**—Deep rose, suffused and flaked salmon red, lower petals dotted crimson on cream ground. A giant variety, producing perfect exhibition spikes 1/6
- Challenger.**—Large flower and vigorous plant. Dark rich velvety red. A fine variety, perhaps the best of its color 1/6
- Chancellor.**—A fine dark crimson variety, of great size and substance. Flowers of perfect form, smooth texture, and rich in color . . . 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Charles Bertier.**—Light lilac, with large white blotch, very fine exhibition variety 5/-
- Cherry Blossom.**—Rosy cerise and salmon, with large white blotch, strong grower 1/6
- Dorothy McKibbin.**—Ruffled apple blossom pink; early, and many open at once. Fine for cutting 2/-
- Duchess of York.**—Deep rich purple blue, larger and stronger than "Baron J. Hulot," of which it is a seedling 2/6
- Emile Aubrun.**—Deep coppery bronze, touched with slate at the edges of petals. Large cherry blotch. Large erect spikes of immense flowers 1/6
- Empress of India.**—Color deep velvety crimson or claret, with black markings; a very striking flower, and one of the richest colored dark Gladioli yet introduced 9/- per doz.; 1/-
- Elora.**—Large massive wide open flowers, palest cream with crimson blotch on lemon ground. One of the largest varieties we have . . 1/6
- E. J. Shaylor.**—Deep rose pink with deeper pencilling in throat; tall and strong; beautifully ruffled 1/6
- Ensign.**—Colour rosy red, flaked and suffused with scarlet, on which the clear white blotch shows up to good effect 1/6
- Eureka.**—Salmon, tipped tango, feathered red blotch on lower petals; good spike, opening up to ten blooms 2/6
- Evelyn Kirtland.**—A beautiful shade of rosy pink, darker at the edges, fading to shell pink at the centre, with brilliant scarlet blotches on lower petals, the entire flower showing a glistening, sparkling lustre. Spike very tall; flowers of good, wide open form 12/- per doz.; 1/6
- Fireflame.**—Large open flowers. Color fiery red, with bold crimson blotch on lower petals. Fine variety for garden purposes 2/6
- Florence.**—A bright and pleasing shade of lilac, with pure white blotch. Immense flowers on stiff stems 1/6
- Fire Ribbon.**—Tall, with many blooms open at a time. The spike is a long fiery band of glowing red flowers, flaked at edges of petals 1/6
- Flaked Perfection.**—Pale pink, heavily flaked with bright rose pink, lemon throat and crimson blotch. A bold upright grower, producing perfect exhibition spikes. Every one coming well placed. The best flaked variety we have 1/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

- Flora**—Beautiful soft yellow, large open flower; of good form and substance. One of the best yellow Gladiolus in existence. Strong vigorous grower 12/- per doz.; 1/6
- Gertrude Errey**—The coloring is exquisite, a light salmon or shell pink on the outer part of the flower shading to almost white in the centre, a spot of deeper color in the throat. Large flowers of most graceful form 2/6
- Glory of Kennemerland**—Light rose pink with yellow throat markings. Large wide open flowers, carried on stiff erect stems . . . 1/6
- Glory**—Delicate creamy pink, slightly pencilled at the throat with red. This was the first of the "ruffled" Gladioli, an American race, having ruffled or fluted petals. It is a strong grower, and carries large, handsome spikes of well-expanded flowers 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Gold**—Pure golden yellow, with throat markings of a deeper color.. 3/6
- Golden Glory**—A large richly colored yellow, with beautiful crimson throat. A fine ruffled variety. Tall strong grower 1/6
- Golden King**—Rich yellow, marked at the throat with crimson maroon blotches. This is one of the strongest growers, and produces a good spike, carrying from 8 to 10 flowers open at the same time 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Golden Measure**—Among pure self-yellows this variety stands out well ahead of everything else. Richer and deeper in color than all others at all approaching it in size. Strong and vigorous grower 1/6
- Goliath**—Dark violet-crimson, a strong growing variety, producing a good spike of large flowers. A fine addition to the dark colored varieties 1/6
- Gretchen Zang**—The blooms are of good form, large and sparkling, and of the most beautiful soft, melting shade of pink, blending into scarlet on the lower petals 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Halley**—This splendid variety has large, bold flowers of a salmon pink shade, centre paler, and marked with small red stripes. A magnificent all-round variety; fine constitution and color 6d. each, 5/- per doz.
- Helios**—A flower of wonderful beauty. Strong and tall, large flowers, of fine substance, wide open, and well arranged. Color a soft shade of apricot scarlet, tipped and suffused orange 1/6
- Herada**—Blooms of immense size, on straight spikes. Color pure mauve, glistening and clear, with deeper markings in throat. A striking variety 12/- per doz.; 1/6
- Herodion**—One of the very best of the pink flaked varieties; valuable for all purposes, and especially for exhibition, on account of its unusually long spikes. Color rose-pink, heavily flaked with darker shade 1/-
- Ida Van**—A most beautiful deep salmon red, with darker blotches on the lower petals; a very rich and beautiful flower 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Imperator**—Palest cream, deepening in throat. A fine strong growing variety. Perfect exhibition spikes, long, straight and well placed, opening 7 to 9 giant massive flowers of beautiful texture . . . 2/6
- Jack London**—Light salmon, with brilliant orange flame stripes, golden yellow throat, with ruby striped centre 1/6
- Jean Tenny**—Pale lilac pink with deep rose flakes at the edges of the petals. One of the strongest growing varieties we have 12/- per doz.; 1/6
- Joe Coleman**—Well-opened flowers of good size, and long, nicely-formed spike. Color bright crimson, with lighter centre. A fine distinct variety, and one of the best of the ruffled class 9/- per doz.; 1/-

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

- Juanita**—Elongated spike; large flowers, white, suffused with very pale yellow, flaked, and edged with rose 3/6
- Kasson**—Lavender pink, with large ruby blotch on the attractive white throat. A fine ruffled compact flower 2/-
- King Albert**—Dark rich violet blue, with light centre. A dwarf, vigorous grower. Stronger than most varieties of this color . . 1/6
- Kingfisher**—A distinct addition to the limited number of blue Gladioli. Color pale blue, lower petals deep purple, shading at base to crimson maroon. A fine healthy grower 2/-
- King George**—Dark crimson, with large white blotch. Very tall grower, producing fine spikes 5/-
- Le Triomphe**—Splendid spike; very large flowers, well expanded, rosy lilac, striped with carmine red, white blotch 5/-
- L'Immaculee**—A pure white Gladiolus of refined type and robust constitution. In pure white, L'Immaculee comes next to Europe in quality of flower and spike, and is very easily grown 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- La Beaute**—Pale cream, deepening in throat. A strong vigorous grower, spikes long and straight 1/6
- Leon Duval**—Pale straw yellow, blotched on the lower petals with reddish brown; a neat flowered Lemoinei hybrid. Fine for cutting 9d. each, 7/6 per doz.
- Leura**—A strong, healthy growing variety, with very large flowers of good substance. Color a light shade of scarlet, with light centre, and of the best form and texture 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Liebesfeuer**—A magnificent coral scarlet self. The flowers are large, the spike handsome, and petals have an unusual smoothness and brilliance of texture. A fine exhibition variety..1/6 each, 12/- per doz.
- Loveliness**—A very beautiful pale creamy yellow, showing a faint suffusion of apricot. The flowers are large and of fine form . . 1/6 each, 12/- per doz.
- Mary Pickford**—An extraordinary flower and spike of most delicate creamy white. Throat soft sulphur yellow, stem and calyx also white. A strong growing variety 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Mahogany King**—Deep mahogany red, flaked with darker shade. A strong, vigorous variety, producing large spikes 2/-
- Madam Mounet Sully**—Large, refined blooms, of a pure ivory-white, with clean cut, crimson scarlet blotch on lower petals. Splendidly arranged spikes 1/6
- Marechal Foch**—Large flowers of a beautiful light rose pink color. A novelty that promises to take a leading position among Gladioli of this color 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Marie Kunderd**—Purest white, with an almost invisible soft pink line in centre of lower petals. A wonderful variety 7/6
- Marshal Foch (Kunderd)**—An entirely distinct variety from "Marechal Foch," originated in Holland. Salmon pink, deepening to a beautiful rosy pink blotch in throat; large flowers carried on a stiff, straight spike. Very attractive 2/6
- Mrs. H. E. Bothin**—Light geranium pink, with flame scarlet centre. Strong well-built spikes. First-class show and cut-flower variety 3/6
- Mrs. Galbraith**—Salmon, flaked with darker shade, extra large well-formed flowers. Spikes large and well placed. A fine exhibition variety 7/6
- Mrs. Richard Lohrman**—Creamy shell pink, with pale yellow lips. Flowers are very large and edges heavily ruffled. Long sturdy spikes 5/-
- Mrs. W. Richardson**—Deep rich red, with darker centre, a solid, unfading color 2/6
- Master Weitz**—Dark violet, shaded with purple. One of the best of the very dark varieties 1/6
- Mons Beaucaire**—A very beautiful old rose, with tips and undertone of lavender, large cream lip. A compact spike of medium length.. 2/-

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

- Mona Lisa**—A ruffled variety of great beauty. Color pale soft rose pink. An attractive flower, and one that is always admired ... 1/6
- Mr. Mark**—Clear blue, with large white blotch. Dwarf sturdy grower, producing finely formed flowers ... 1/6
- Mrs. T. Rattray**—Bright rose, spikes of tremendous length, opening 15 to 18 flowers at one time. Quite unique, and one of the best exhibition varieties in cultivation ... 7/6
- Mrs. W. E. Fryer**—Deep salmon red, with pale blotch. A fine strong dwarf grower, with compact spikes of perfect flowers ... 1/6
- Mrs. Dr. Norton**—Large, well open flowers, well placed on good spike, white, edges of petals suffused with soft La France pink, lower petals blotched sulphur yellow, stained at base with fine specks of Tyrian pink ... 1/6
- Mrs. Frank Pendleton**—Light salmon pink, with showy blood red blotches on the lower petals. Flowers large, colors bright and fresh, with good stem. Without doubt the finest Gladiolus in cultivation. A bunch of this variety is always admired ... 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Muriel**—Porcelain lilac, with violet blue spots. Charming contrast with the soft ground color. Flowers large, one of the best in this color ... 2/6
- Mrs. Francis King**—Light salmon scarlet, blotched lightly at the throat with vermilion; a large flower on a vigorous straight spike. Splendid for cutting ... 9d. each, 7/6 per doz.
- Mrs. Wm. Kent**—Light fawn to light ashes of roses, old rose in throat, sometimes lightly striped with rose pink. An exquisite variety that will be much grown on account of its color ... 2/-
- Myrtle**—A very beautiful shade of delicate rose pink, deepening in color towards the edges; spikes well formed. A lovely flower ... 1/6
- Niagara**—A delightful shade of nankeen yellow, blush-tinted on the petal edges, with the lower inner petals shading to a darker yellow, the throat touched with carmine ... 1/-
- Nora**—Porcelain and lavender blue, deeper blue blotch; an excellent light blue variety ... 1/6
- Orby**—Bright crimson, suffused and flaked with deep crimson, shading to a lighter color at edges. Spikes long ... 2/-
- Orange Glory**—Orange, with beautiful lighter throat marked with crimson; very rich and striking. A magnificent ruffled variety of finest exhibition form ... 12/- per doz.; 1/6
- Ornabus**—Bright cherry red, with light blotch; a large, well opened flower ... 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Panama**—A very lovely pink, of a deeper shade than "America," from which it is a seedling, retaining the splendid habit and constitution of its parents ... 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Peace**—White, lower petals flushed with lilac, lightly shaded with purple at the throat. The flowers are large and well placed; habit vigorous ... 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Phlegeton**—Dazzling scarlet red, with violet blotch on lower petals, and a distinct white band in the middle of all petals. Very bright ... 2/6
- Pink Wonder**—Very large wide-open flowers of a soft clear pink color; large well-formed spikes. One of the largest flowered varieties we have ... 2/6
- Pinnacle**—Bright scarlet, lower petals blotched yellow and feathered crimson; stamens violet purple. A vigorous variety of the best form ... 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Pink Lily**—A magnificent ruffled variety, clear rose pink, with lighter throat and edges, rich cerise blotch. Always admired ... 2/-
- Pink Perfection**—A very pure and lovely shade of clear soft pink. The flowers are of grand form and smooth texture, produced on fine spikes ... 1/6 each, 12/- per doz.
- Polar Star**—Milk-white, with faint tinge of pink in throat, flowers large, spikes exceptionally long. A variety of great merit ... 2/6

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

- President Menocal**—A very tall grower, producing large ruffled blooms. Yellow ground, bordered with pink, large red blotch. Quite distinct 2/6
- Pride of Haarlem**—Color a rich shade of salmon cherry red, shaded with fawn. Spikes tall, flowers large and well placed. An exquisite variety 2/-
- Pride of Lancaster**—A brilliant orange salmon, with deeper orange throat. Growth strong and vigorous, flowers large and massive. A beautiful ruffled variety 1/6
- Princeps**—The giant Amaryllis-flowered Gladiolus. Color crimson scarlet, with white lines on the lower petals. A magnificent variety 9d. each, 7/6 per doz.
- Principine**—A seedling from "Princeps," with more flowers open at a time. Color bright scarlet, with conspicuous white throat markings 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Prince of Wales**—A new salmon variety that is making quite a sensation. It is like "Halley," but of a soft shade of clear salmon, touched with cream on lower petals. A long graceful spike. The coming variety for decoration 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Purple Glory**—The giant of the "Kunderd Glory" race, and of remarkable color—deepest velvety maroon-red, with almost black blotches, finely ruffled. A truly magnificent variety 1/6
- Queen Mary**—Cream, flaked with pink on edges of petals. Large massive bold spikes. One of the finest varieties in existence 20/-
- Raimonda**—Bright cherry red, with ruby throat, of good ruffled form. Flowers well placed, and a number opening at one time. Healthy, vigorous grower 2/6
- Red Amarillis**—Brilliant blood red; blooms of enormous size, formed like an Amaryllis. Dwarf compact habit; very showy 2/-
- Reverend Ewbank**—A fine new variety. Color, rich light lilac shaded violet blue, slender stems. One of the best of the blue section 2/-
- Robert J. Kunderd**—Very large flowers on tall, erect, well-formed spikes. Color most brilliant deep vermilion or orange scarlet. A wonderful showy self color 5/-
- Roi Alexandre**—Rose, striped and edged with ashy violet, ivory white blotch. Immense well-opened flowers on giant erect spikes 3/6
- Rose Ash**—Red shading to Ashes of Roses color on the outer edges. Lower petals light yellow speckled with ruby. Flowers large, well set on the spike. A fine variety for decoration 2/-
- Rose Glory**—A very large and beautifully ruffled variety. Purest rose pink, with deeper throat. A variety that is always much admired 2/-
- Saphir**—Color, deep violet. One of the finest varieties in this section. In a subdued light it appears almost a rich, deep blue, and is most effective when grouped with yellows 1/6
- Sans Pariel**—Bright orange rose, slightly striped with vermilion, large white blotch. A perfect exhibition variety 5/-
- Scarlano**—Clear orange scarlet, with deep crimson blotch, large wide open flowers finely ruffled. Very bright and attractive 2/6
- Scarlet Glory**—Rich velvety scarlet; a solid distinct color. Flowers finely ruffled, of dwarf sturdy habit 2/6
- Schwaben**—Buds are pure canary yellow, shading to a soft sulphur yellow when open, the throat is touched with faint brownish carmine markings. Splendid habit and constitution 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Sentinel**—One of the best salmon pink varieties, having a good color; large, bold flowers, and excellent spikes. Color, warm salmon-pink, with dark feathering, and crimson blotch 12/- per doz.; 1/6

R. W. HODGINS & SON, VICTORIA NURSERY,

- Sheila**—A new salmon pink, which is finding favor on account of its fine color. Large wide spreading, partly hooded flowers 2/-
- Summer**—Rich magenta, centre shaded lighter; a dwarf free flowering variety. Fine for bedding 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Torchlight**—Richest clear scarlet; flowers large and well placed. Clean upright grower. Every spike coming true. One of the brightest and most conspicuous varieties in our collection. A dazzling color 12/- per doz.; 1/6
- Snow Glory**—Pure snow white, with steel-blue lines in the delicate cream throat. A solid flower of the finest ruffled type. Vigorous in growth 5/-
- Splendorra**—Deep rich maroon purple, with lighter throat. Large open flowers, finely ruffled 2/6
- Titan**—Clear salmon pink, with purple markings on the lower petals. A massive wide open flower of great beauty 2/-
- Titanic**—A robust grower, with erect stem, and large wide open flowers, of a magenta-crimson color, without throat marking, but with a white line through centre of each petal 2/-
- Vesta Tilly**—Pale pink, with small violet blotch. A large wide-open flower of good form. Strong and vigorous 1/6
- Victor**—Brilliant scarlet, with large conspicuous pure white blotch on the lower petals. It has extra large well-opened flowers. An exceptionally vigorous variety 1/6
- Violet Glory**—Rich violet crimson with deeper velvety throat. A massive ruffled flower of a very unusual color 1/6
- White Giant**—Large wide open spotless lily-white flowers. A tall vigorous grower, and the finest of all whites for cutting 1/6 each, 12/- per doz.
- White Glory**—A gorgeous pure white, of exact size and type as "Glory," beautiful iris-blue throat. Strong grower 2/-
- Wilbrink**—A seedling from "Halley," of the same form and habit. Color clear pale-pink, with throat markings as in "Halley." A fine strong grower 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Willis E. Fryer**—Deep rich clear plum color, shaded with carmine deepening at edge of petals; attractive lemon blotch. A fine distinct upright grower 3/6
- Youell's Favorite**—A fine ruffled variety. Flowers large and of a striking rosy lavender-pink color. A strong-growing and conspicuous variety 2/-
- Zeppelin**—Purest white, with faint pencilling in throat. A strong, vigorous grower 2/6

MIXED GLADIOLI.

A very fine mixture, containing some of the best varieties, which were accidentally mixed in in the handling and growing: 3/6 per dozen, 25/- per 100.

PRIMULINUS HYBRIDS.

A new and beautiful race of *Gladiolus* has been produced by using the fine yellow species "Primulinus," or "Maid of the Mist," in crossing with the older existing strains. The varieties resulting are distinguished mainly for their fine and varying shades of yellow, graceful, slender stems, and airily-poised and hooded flowers.

No other race of *Gladiolus* contains such varied and beautiful tints of yellow, orange and saffron colors.

Alice Tiplady—A large flowered variety, of great beauty. Color a beautiful shade of clear orange saffron; a new color in *Gladioli*. One of the finest varieties in existence for cutting, and a color that pleases all 1/- each, 9/- per doz.

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

- Altair**—Extra tall, of finest salmon-saffron. A grand color
1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Anamosa**—Orange-salmon, with golden throat, marked with crimson
1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Butterfly**—A strong and vigorous variety, flowers large, pale salmon
yellow, with ruffled petals 1/6
- Canopus**—Large pale yellow, lower petals shaded with deeper yellow
1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Capella**—Tall, very large and bright. Color fiery orange red. Very
large and beautiful 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Dexter**—Purest blush rose pink, throat richest creamy yellow. An
attractive variety 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Fire Fly**—Bright richest deep scarlet. Pure, rich self color. A dis-
tinct variety 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Fire Queen**—A splendid bright scarlet variety; very showy and effec-
tive 1/6
- Gladness**—Lavender rose, deeper outside, pencilled yellow throat. An
elegant variety 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Gold Drop**—Pure deep yellow, with beautiful red line on petals. A
tall growing and attractive variety 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Goldfinch**—Yellow, overlaid with salmon, deepening at edges; throat
lined with crimson. A beautiful variety 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Kitty Grullemans**—A beautiful combination of bright orange and
clear yellow. The spikes are large and tall; the flowers of great
beauty 1/6
- Lily**—A giant variety; color shrimp pink and salmon, with salmon
blotch. Large and fine 1/6
- Maiden's Blush**—Color, beautiful delicate pink; stems tall and slender.
A pleasing color, and a variety unsurpassed for cutting
1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Midsummer Dream**—A large, attractive flower. Color, clear geranium
red. A showy variety 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Mrs. Grullemans**—Pure golden yellow. A light, graceful variety, and
a distinct improvement on the ordinary Primulinus 1/6
- Myra**—A giant-flowered variety. Deep salmon, over yellow ground.
Tall slender stem. Throat yellow, with pink lines. A showy
variety 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Nini**—Palest rose, with soft, yellow throat. ~~Flowers~~ large and
spreading. A distinct variety 1/6
- Orange Brilliant**—A tall-growing variety, with flowers of an attrac-
tive, clear orange color. A fine variety for cutting
1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Primunella**—Pale salmon rose, lower petals shading to yellow, with
red lines in throat. A fine butterfly-like flower. . 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Primulinus**—The "Maid of the Mist," a very charming yellow-flowered
species from Central Africa. The flowers are small and quaintly
hooded, of a clear primrose yellow 1/6
- Princess Elizabeth**—This variety is, beyond doubt, the best clear pink.
Flowers are beautifully formed and placed on the stem. Free
flowering and fine for florists' use 1/6
- Regulus**—Tall, large-flowered, richest orange salmon, with delicate
yellow throat, marked with crimson 1/6
- Rodano**—Soft sulphur, lower petals pencilled with deep pink
1/- each, 9/- per doz.

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- Rosy Gem**—Rose-pink, deepening at edge of petals; lemon throat, speckled darker 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Salmonea**—Pale salmon, deepening at edges of petals, throat lemon, lined darker. A finer showy variety 1/6
- Salmon Beauty**—Deep salmon, with rich salmon yellow throat. A fine large-flowered variety 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Seneca**—Almost transparent; faintest wine pink on a delicate yellow ground 1/6
- Sweet Orra**—Tall, fine pale sulphur yellow, with pink line in throat. A fine variety for cutting 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Yellow Queen**—Deep golden yellow. A fine variety for cutting 1/- each, 9/- per doz.
- Primulinus Hybrids Mixed**—A fine mixture of all the above colors, including a number of attractive seedlings. Very fine for cutting 3/6 per doz., 25/- per 100

GLADIOLUS NANUS.

Dwarf Early-Flowering Varieties.

These dwarf miniature Gladioli should be planted during March, April or May. They grow right through the Winter, and bloom the following October or November, when their dainty flowers are much appreciated for cutting.

Price, 3/6 per doz. Available during Autumn months only.

- Blushing Bride**—Light rose, spotted white.
- Colvilli Rubra**—Rosy purple, shaded darker; white stripes.
- Colvilli, The Bride**—Pure white.
- Fairy Queen**—Light rose; very free flowering.
- Peach Blossom**—Pale pink, with rose markings. Very fine.
- Red Prince**—Rich orange red.
- Salmon Queen**—Salmon pink; dwarf.

SPECIAL COLLECTIONS.

No. 1. GARDEN COLLECTION.

America	Halley	Capt. Brandt	Gretchen Zang
Joe Coleman	Leon Duval	Panama	Mary Pickford
Mrs. F. Pendleton	Pinnacle	Prince of Wales	Chancellor

3 of each for £1; 6 of each for £1/15/-; 12 of each for £3.

No. 2. EXHIBITION COLLECTION.

Byron L. Smith	Flora	Jean Tenny	Torchlight
Liebesfeuer	Loveliness	Marechal Foch	Orange Glory
Madame M. Sully	Flaked Perfection	Vesta Tilly	Victor

1 of each for 15/-; 3 of each for £2.

No. 3. RUFFLED COLLECTION.

E. J. Shaylor	A. E. Kunderd	Golden Glory	Mona Lisa
Orange Glory	Pink Lily	Pride of Lancaster	Purple Glory
Rose Glory	Kasson	White Glory	Youell's Favorite

1 of each for £1; 3 of each for £2/10/-.

No. 4. SELECT COLLECTION.

American Beauty	Anna Eberius	Fire Ribbon	Bertie Snow
Imperator	Mrs. T. Rattray	Vesta Tilly	Albert 1st
Mrs. Galbraith	Titan	Rose Ash	Robert J. Kunderd

1 of each for £1/15/-.

No. 5. PRIMULINUS COLLECTION.

Alice Tiplady	Canopus	Anamosa	Fire Fly
Gold Drop	Goldfinch	Capella	Midsummer Dream
Myra	Maiden's Blush	Salmon Beauty	Primunella

1 of each for 9/-; 3 of each for £1.

Fruit Trees

ALMONDS.

Price, 2/- Each, 18/- per Dozen.

- Brande's Jordan**—Heavy bearer, strong grower, tender shell.
Burbank—Vigorous grower.
Early Jordan—Early, paper shell.
I.X.L.—One of the best; nuts large, shell soft.
Nonpareil—Thin shell; bears heavy and regular.
Papershell—Good kernel; shell easily broken.
Peerless—Good, sweet nut; papershell.

APPLES.

Worked on Northern Spy BLIGHT PROOF Stocks, which means not subject to blight below the bud or graft.

Price, 2/- Each, 18/- per Dozen.

- Beauty of Bath**—Round and flat, beautifully striped and spotted with crimson; flesh yellow. One of the best extra early varieties. 'Dessert.
Chandler—Conical, yellow striped, and crimson in the sun. An early and heavy bearer. Good keeping. Dessert.
Cleopatra—Conical, skin yellow, covered with small white dots. Flesh white, juicy and superior quality. A leading export variety. Dessert.
Cox's Orange Pippin—Round and flat, greenish yellow, shaded and splashed with red stripes. Richly flavored dessert.
Delicious—Oblong conical, with prominent crown and deep eye, yellow striped and shaded rich red. Exquisite flavor and good keeper.
Esopus Spitzenberg—Conical, rich red, superior quality; good exporter.
Five Crown—Round, clear waxen yellow. Superior for cooking or dessert. Keeps well.
Granny Smith—Conical, bears well. Good for export or keeping. Dessert.
Gravenstein—Round, yellow striped, and splashed a handsome red. Dessert.
Irish Peach—Round, yellow, covered with reddish purple bloom. A good flavored, early dessert variety.
Jonathan—Round to conical. Yellow, almost covered with rich dark red in sun. A prolific bearer. The best Apple for market or export. Dessert.
Munroe's Favorite—Round, yellow, with reddish brown flush in sun. Good exporter.
Northern Spy—Round yellow, handsomely striped and flushed a purplish red. Yellow flesh. Fine dessert.
Pomme De Neige—Round, flesh snow white, tender, juicy and sweet. A favorite dessert Apple.
Reinette Du Canada—Round, green, small dots on skin. An old favorite. Flesh yellowish white, firm, juicy, and rich flavor.
Rome Beauty—Round and flat, yellow flushed, and striped with red. Heavy bearer. Keeps well. Export variety. Dessert.
Statesman—Conical, yellow striped and flushed red. Heavy bearer. Good keeper. Dessert.
Stone Pippin—Greenish yellow, with faint red blush in sun. A well-known old keeping variety. Cooker.
Williams' Favorite—Conical, skin dark red. A consistent bearer. Suitable for cooking or dessert. Strong grower.
Yates—Round and flat, skin yellow, splashed and shaded a handsome deep red. A heavy bearer, and a late keeper. Dessert.

APRICOTS.

Price, 2/- Each, 18/- per Dozen.

- Alsace**—Large, rich and good.
Beuage—Oval, highly colored. Tree starts bearing young. Early season.
Campbellfield Seedling—Large golden yellow. Bears well. Medium season.
Early Moorpark—Resembles Moorpark. Good bearer.
Mansfield Seedling—Large. One of the best grown. Medium season.
Moorpark—Large superior quality. One of the best. Medium season.
Cullin's Early Peach—Delicious flavor. Good bearer.
St. Ambrose—Large, rich and good. Medium season.

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CHERRIES.

Price, 2/- Each, 18/- per Dozen.

Belle De Orleans—Pale red. Good bearer.
Bedford Prolific—Large black Cherry. Heavy bearer. Medium season.
Black Eagle—Large, regular bearer. Good. Medium season.
Bigarreau Twyford—Pale yellow and red. Excellent quality. Large. Early.
Burgsdorf's Seedling—A first-class black variety. Early.
Early Lyons—Large black Cherry. Heavy bearer. Early.
Florence—Dark red. A good bearer. Hardy. Firm flesh. Good market kind.
Late.
Kentish—Small, red. Best variety for jam. Very prolific and early bearer.
St. Margaret—Large black Cherry. First-class market variety. Late.

FIGS.

Price, 2/- Each, 18/- per Dozen.

Brown Turkey.
Large Black Genoa.

White Adriatic.
White Genoa.

LOQUATS.

Named varieties of Loquats are budded on Quince Stocks, by this means they are made to bear fruit when quite young.

Price, 2/6 each.

Fernbank Prolific.
Herd's Mammoth.
Harrison's Pride.

Thames Prize.
Golden Shoreland.

Mammoth (seedlings), 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.

NECTARINES.

Price, 2/- Each, 18/- per Dozen.

Goldmine—Very large fruit, juicy and sugary. A most delicious flavor.
Hunt's Tawny—Pale orange and deep red. One of the best.
Newboy—Large, handsome fruit of crimson color. Flesh white, juicy and sweet.
Shoreland Tawny—A first-class, medium variety.
Stanwick—Large, first-class quality. Late.

PEACHES.

Price, 2/- Each, 18/- per Dozen.

Alexander's Early—Highly colored, fine quality; free stone. Early.
Amsden's June—Highly colored, large and sandy. Early.
Brigg's Red May—Highly colored. Very early. Rich and juicy.
Early Crawford—A good canning Peach; free stone, rich yellow flesh; highly colored. Early.
Elberta—Large, handsome; bears well. Good drying Peach. Medium.
Hales' Early—Lightly colored, hardy and good. Just follows Briggs'.
High's Early Canada—Highly colored. First quality. Early.
Late Crawford—Large. Good for market or canning.
Nicholl's Orange Cling—Large, round, skin deep yellow, with a red cheek in sun. Firm yellow flesh. A favorite canning variety.
Pullar's Cling—Large, highly colored Peach. Heavy bearer. Ripe in March. A favorite for canning purposes.
Royal George (Slipstone)—Large, magnificent quality; good bearer. One of the best midseason varieties.
Sneed—Medium size. Skin creamy white. Ripe a week earlier than Briggs'.
Wiggins—A large, good colored, early free stone. Ripe about Christmas.

PEARS.

We guarantee all our Pears to be worked on Pear Seedlings.

Price, 2/- Each, 18/- per Dozen.

Beurre Bosc—Large, long Pear. First-class quality. Dessert.
Beurre Clairgeau—Large, good quality; heavy bearer. Cooking.
Beurre d'Capiaumont—One of the best dessert varieties.
Gansell's Bergamot—Good dessert Pear. Hardy.
Jargonelle—Good old dessert variety. Early.

MORELAND ROAD, ESSENDON.

Josephine De Malines—One of the best late dessert varieties.
Keiffer's Hybrid—Hardy, excellent quality, with a flavor of the Pineapple.
Packham's Triumph—A first-class, all round Pear.
Vicar of Winkfield—One of the best of late kinds; large. Cooking.
Winter Nelis—First-class late dessert. Well-known.
Williams' Bon Chretien—Well-known variety. Dessert.

QUINCES.

Price, 2/- Each, 18/- per Dozen.

Apple-shaped—Medium size; very prolific.
Manning's Seedling—The very best Quince grown; strong grower and very heavy cropper.
Meeche's Prolific—Large, with smooth skin. Delicious, tender and unsurpassed for cooking.
Pear-shaped—Very large. Fine variety.
Portugal—Very large and late ripening.
Rea's Mammoth—Very large, early and fine color.
Van Deman—One of the very best; a heavy and early bearer.

PLUMS.

Worked on Myrobolan Stocks; will not sucker.

Price, 2/- Each, 18/- per Dozen.

Angelina Burdett—Large, early, purple. Highly recommended.
Coe's Golden Drop—A well-known and profitable Plum. Late.
Cherry Plum—Early variety. Makes a very profitable hedge and break-wind when planted six feet apart.
Cherry Plum—Yellow; similar to the old red variety excepting color.
Clyman—Dark purple; firm. A profitable early variety. Matures before others of its class.
Damson, Old English—Best variety for jam. Medium.
Damson, Crittenden—Large; good bearer. Late.
Diamond, Black—Large, profitable and prolific.
Early Orleans—Well-known early Plum.
Grand Duke—Profitable variety; large; purple.
Green Gage—An old well-known variety.
Jefferson—Large, yellow. Very sweet and good.
President—Large, oblong, purple. Flesh firm and sweet. Good keeping quality.
Pond's Seedling—Very large red Plum.
Yellow Egg or Magnumbonum—Large, well-known variety.
Prune D'Agen—The standard Prune for drying.

JAPANESE PLUMS.

All these Plums are great bearers, and are noted for their small stones and early fruiting qualities. Fine subjects for training on fences or walls.

Price, 2/- Each, 18/- per Dozen.

Burbank—A vigorous grower, and an early and prolific bearer.
Kelsey—Greenish yellow, covered with red on sunny side. A good drying Plum.
October Purple—A heart-shaped Plum; flesh amber yellow. Firm but juicy.
Santa Rosa—Large, purple crimson, good quality Blood Plum. Ripens before "Burbank."
Satsuma or Blood—Tree is very hardy and vigorous; fruit large and globular; color dark red; very rich and juicy.
Wickson—A beautiful crimson, with a white bloom. A good variety.
Wright's Early—The earliest variety. Very much like Burbank.

Price, Strong Trees, 5/- Each; Best Quality Trees, 7/6 Each.

Citrus Fruits

Our Citrus are all strong, healthy, acclimatised budded plants, which, when carefully balled, transplant without risk. Available from May to September. As Citrus trees have really no dormant period, they require a little more care and attention while young than most trees.

CUMQUAT, Citrus Japonica.—

Small Mandarin-like fruit, largely used for preserving. Plants dwarf and bushy, foliage small.

GRAPE FRUIT, Citrus Grandis.—

The popular American breakfast fruit; makes a delicious jam and preserve.

Marsh's Seedless—Large and almost seedless.

Bengal—Large and round; fine for preserving.

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MANDARIN, *Citrus Deliciosa*.—

All in this group have flattened fruit, with fruit segments and skin loosely adherent. Plants bushy, with small foliage.

Emperor—Large, regular bearer.

Thorny—Small, solid, fine flavor.

Beauty of Glen Retreat—Large, fine flavor.

ORANGES, *Citrus Sinensis*.—

Blood—Medium size, flesh blood color. Dwarf.

Late Valencia—Fine round fruit, smooth skin; late ripening.

Mediterranean Sweet—Remarkable for its early bearing and late ripening. Splendid flavor.

Navelencia—Large, smooth skinned.

Oonshii—Japanese seedless Orange. Very hardy.

Parramatta—Large and hardy. Fine flavor.

Queen—Large, round; skin thin and deeply colored.

St. Michael—Medium size, deep color, thin skin.

Washington Navel—The finest and largest of all. Good cropper.

LEMON, *Citrus Limonia*.—

Eureka—In every respect like Lisbon. Best tree; almost thornless.

Lisbon—The well-known and best of all variety.

Sweet Rind—Large fruit, of even size. Good Summer-bearing variety.

Villa Franco—Strong vigorous grower, with few thorns. Fruit oblong; thin skinned.

Limes—Tahitian and West Indian.

Miscellaneous Fruits, Berries, Etc.

Asparagus, Conover's Colossal—2 and 3 year old roots	2/- per doz., 12/6 per 100
Banana Passion, <i>Tacsonia Mollissima</i>	1/6 each
Chestnut—Spanish	2/6 each
Currants—Red, White and Black varieties	7/6 per doz.
Gooseberry—Roaring Lion	7/6 per doz.
Gooseberry—Yellow Lion	7/6 per doz.
Gooseberry—Green Oak	7/6 per doz.
Gooseberry—Crown Bob	7/6 per doz.
Gooseberry—Billy Dean	7/6 per doz.
Guava, Purple— <i>Psidium Cattleianum</i>	1/6 each, 15/- per doz.
Grape Vines—Leading varieties	1/- each, 9/- per doz.
Himalayan Bramble—The finest of all Blackberries	1/- each, 10/- per doz.
Loganberry—Red	1/- each, 9/- per doz.
Loganberry—Black	1/6 each
Mulberry—White	1/6 each, 15/- per doz.
Mulberry—Black, strong plants	3/6 each
Passion Fruit, <i>Passiflora Edulus</i> —Black Passion	1/- each, 9/- per doz.
Persimmons—Several varieties	3/6 each
Pomegranate, <i>Punica Granatum</i>	1/6 each
Rhubarb—Topp's Winter Improved	1/- each, 9/- per doz.
Rhubarb—Early Albert	1/- each, 9/- per doz.
Rhubarb—Wilson's Ruby Red	1/- each, 9/- per doz.
Raspberry—Northumberland Fillbasket	2/6 per doz.
Raspberry—Thornless Fillbasket	2/6 per doz.
Strawberry—Melba	1/6 per doz., 5/- per 100
Strawberry—Sunbeam	1/6 per doz., 5/- per 100
Strawberry—Illawarra	2/6 per doz.
Strawberry—Hackett's Giant	3/6 per doz.
Tree Tomato—Strong plants in pots	1/6 each, 15/- per doz.
Walnut—Dwarf Prolific	2/- each

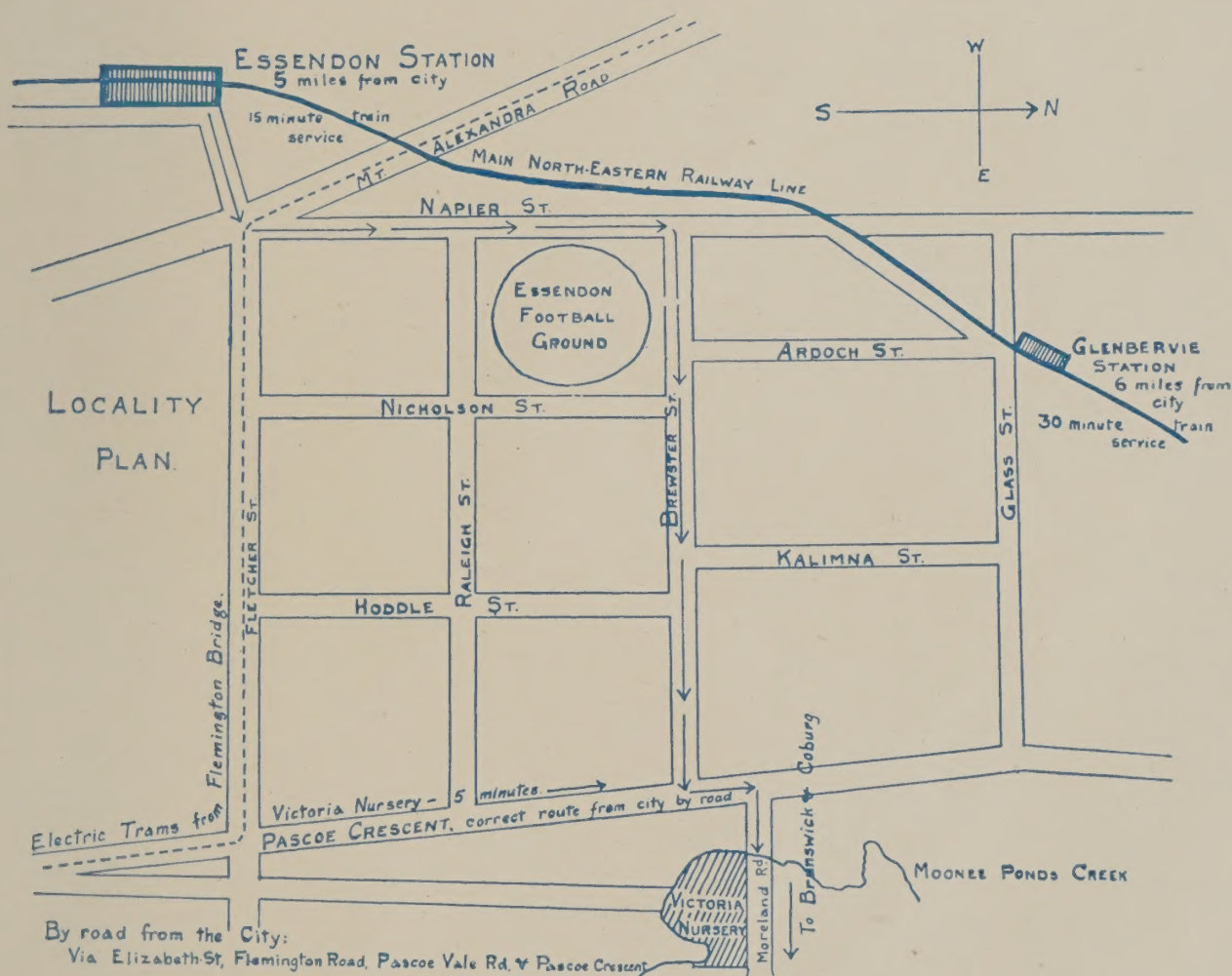
Herbs

Strong Clumps, 6d. Each, 4/6 per Dozen.

Chives	Lavender	Mint	Thyme, Common
Horseradish	Marjoram	Sage	Thyme, Lemon
Rue			Wormwood

SITUATION OF VICTORIA NURSERY

THE VICTORIA NURSERY is situated Fifteen Minutes from Essendon Railway Station:—follow arrows as shown on Plan. Five minutes from Electric Tram:—leave tram at corner of Fletcher Street and Pascoe Crescent. Dotted line denotes Electric Tram.



When you have finished with this Catalogue

may we respectfully suggest that you do not destroy it or put it on one side. If it is given or lent to a friend interested in gardening, it may still serve a dual purpose of utility in providing useful information and at the same time intimate where the very best plants are to be obtained.

